STATE OF ARIZONA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTFor the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006



Janet Napolitano GOVERNOR



PREPARED BY ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE



STATE OF ARIZONA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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STATE OF ARIZONA

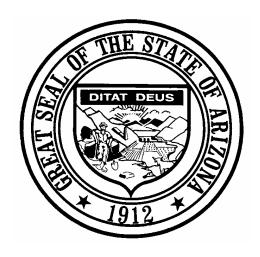
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



JANET NAPOLITANO
GOVERNOR

WILLIAM BELL
DIRECTOR

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

100 NORTH 15th AVENUE ◆ SUITE 401 PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85007 Phone: (602) 542-1500

May 25, 2007

The Honorable Janet Napolitano, Governor of the State of Arizona; Members of the Legislature; Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; and Citizens and Taxpayers of the State of Arizona

Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is our pleasure to transmit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of Arizona for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Responsibility for the accuracy of data, as well as the completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the State's management. The data presented in this report, to the best of our knowledge and belief, is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner which fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the major and non-major funds of the State. All disclosures needed for the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the State's financial activities have been included.

The report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical.

The **Introductory Section** includes this Letter of Transmittal, the State's organizational chart and a list of principal State officials.

The **Financial Section** includes the State Auditor General's Independent Auditors' Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the basic financial statements (which include the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements). The financial section also includes Required Supplementary Information (RSI), which includes budgetary comparison schedules, infrastructure condition and maintenance data, and agent retirement plans' funding progress. In addition, the financial section includes other supplemental financial data, which includes combining financial statements.

The **Statistical Section** includes five categories of information: Financial Trends, Revenue Capacity, Debt Capacity, Demographic and Economic Information, and Operating Information.

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The State's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The State is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the State are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. In the opinion of management, the State's internal controls are adequate to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

In compliance with State statute, an annual financial audit of the State Entity is completed each year by the State of Arizona, Office of the Auditor General in conjunction with other audit firms. Their audit was conducted in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Their report on the basic financial statements has been included in the financial section of this report. In addition, ARS §41-1279.03 requires at least a biennial single audit by the Office of the Auditor General. The Single Audit will be issued as a separate report at a later date.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The State of Arizona was admitted to the Union as the 48th state in 1912. Arizona is the sixth largest state, with 113,998 square miles. Arizona is known for the Grand Canyon, one of the Seven Wonders of the World, and its cacti and other desert landscape. A number of national forests, three national parks, eighteen national monuments, and Indian reservations are located in Arizona.

The State has three branches of government, Executive, Legislative, and Judicial. The Executive branch is headed by a governor elected for a four-year term. Arizona's Legislative branch is bicameral, consisting of a thirty-member Senate and a sixty-member House of Representatives. Legislators are elected for two-year terms. The Judicial branch consists of the Arizona Supreme Court, Court of Appeals (with two divisions), superior courts, justice of the peace courts and municipal courts. The superior courts, justice of the peace courts, and municipal courts are excluded from the State's reporting entity. The Supreme Court is the highest court in the State and is an appellate court comprised of five justices.

The services provided by the State are administered through various agencies, departments, boards, commissions, councils, administrations, offices and institutions of higher learning. These services include: (1) General Government, (2) Health and Welfare, (3) Inspection and Regulation, (4) Education, (5) Protection and Safety, (6) Transportation and (7) Natural Resources.

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying CAFR includes all funds of the State of Arizona (primary government), as well as its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of a government's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are shown separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. Discretely presented component units prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements. Discretely presented component units prepared in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board are presented as separate financial statements immediately following the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are prepared in accordance with accounting standards other than those promulgated by the GASB.

The criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and presentation are defined by the <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, issued by the GASB, (Section 2100). Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements explains which component units are included in the Financial Reporting Entity of the State.

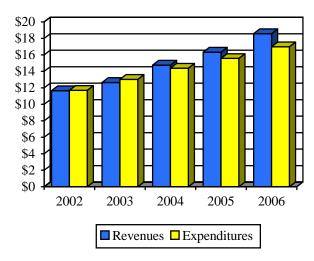
BUDGETARY CONTROLS

Budgetary control is maintained through legislative appropriation and the executive branch allotment process. The Governor is required to submit an annual budget to the Legislature. The budget is legally required to be adopted through passage of appropriation bills by the Legislature and approval by the Governor. The appropriated funds are controlled by the executive branch through an allotment process. This process generally allocates the appropriation into quarterly allotments by legal appropriation level. The State also maintains an encumbrance accounting system to further enhance budgetary control. Encumbered amounts generally lapse as of the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of capital outlay and other continuing appropriations. These appropriations and their encumbrances continue from year to year. The State's budgetary policies are explained in detail in the RSI.

GENERAL FUND BALANCE

Graph 1 details the General Fund revenues and expenditures for the last five fiscal years. This graph does not include transfer amounts relating to other fund types and other financing sources (uses), which affect the ending fund balance.

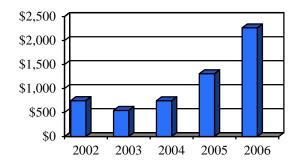
Graph 1
General Fund Revenues and Expenditures
for last 5 fiscal years
(Dollars in billions)



The General Fund ended the June 30, 2006, fiscal year with \$1.4 billion in unreserved fund balance and a \$831.332 million reserved fund balance for a total fund balance of \$2.3 billion. This compares to the previous year's total fund balance of \$1.3 billion. Included in the \$831.332 million reserved fund balance is \$651.020 million for the Budget Stabilization Fund. The Budget Stabilization Fund is a form of Rainy Day Fund established by the Legislature in 1991.

Graph 2 details the General Fund Balance for the last five fiscal years:

Graph 2
General Fund Balance for last 5 fiscal years
(Dollars in millions)



RISK MANAGEMENT

The State purchases property and liability coverage whenever available on reasonable terms. The State is insured by an approved property insurer for claims in excess of \$3.500 million, but less than \$450.000 million, and liability claims in excess of \$2.000 million for the Universities and the School for the Deaf and Blind and \$7.000 million for all other state agencies, but less than \$100.000 million. The State also maintains first dollar aircraft liability, hull, and airport liability coverage up to \$200.000 million. Other purchased coverages include fidelity, foreign liability, medical malpractice (limited to the University of Arizona's medical professional staff), nuclear property, nuclear liability, and employment practices. The State's self-insurance fund provides property and liability coverage for claims less than or in excess of this coverage, or whenever coverage, such as workers' compensation and medical malpractice for non-University of Arizona professional staff, is unavailable on reasonable terms.

The State pays self-insurance losses, defense costs, premiums and administrative costs from an appropriated fund which all of the State's agencies participate in. Total costs (excluding the cost of administering the program) have risen from approximately \$15.300 million in fiscal year 1988 to approximately \$79.900 million in fiscal year 2006. Yearly appropriations have also increased from approximately \$27.700 million in fiscal year 1988 to approximately \$85.700 million in fiscal year 2006 to meet rising losses and claims-related expenses. Annual funding is established for expected paid claims. The accrued insurance losses are not considered when determining funding for each fiscal year.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The following economic summary is excerpted from the Arizona Department of Economic Security's <u>Arizona's Workforce</u>, released on August 31, 2006.

Arizona's economy is projected to grow at a faster rate than the nation in 2006 and 2007, according to the forecast update of the Arizona Department of Economic Security, Research Administration. Nonfarm jobs in the Grand Canyon State are forecast to increase at a rate of 4.90% in 2006 and then slow to 4.00% in 2007. Over the two-year period, nonfarm job growth is projected to add nearly 228,000 jobs in Arizona. Meanwhile, according to the most recent figures by Global Insight, the U.S. economy is forecast to have a slower pace of employment expansion, growing at a rate of 1.40% in 2006 and 1.10% in 2007.

Nonfarm payroll job data for July 2006, reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, showed Arizona as the second fastest growing state (4.80%) over the previous 12 months. Additionally, this report showed Arizona was ranked fourth in terms of the number of jobs added since July 2005. Population growth is a strong contributor to the State's faster-than-national pace of expansion.

In this updated forecast, job growth is projected in ten of eleven major industry groups, with information as the only industry slipping back into continuing job losses. The top five industries with the largest projected job gains are professional and business services, construction, trade, transportation and utilities, educational and health services, and leisure and hospitality.

Among Arizona's major industries, natural resources and mining is projected to have the fastest percentage growth at 28.50% in the forecast period. Professional and business services will grow at 15.20% during the same time period and will add over 58,000 jobs. Construction is forecast to continue its expansion by growing 17.60% in 2006 and 2007. Financial activities (growing at 8.80%) and education and health services (8.20%) round out Arizona's top five expanding industries during the forecast period.

Arizona factories are projected to add 6,400 jobs for a growth rate of 3.50% over the forecast period. Recent declines in the number of orders for new manufactured goods at the national level contributed to the downward revision of manufacturing job growth in the state. For example, the slowdown in the housing market has been impacting manufacturing orders.

Construction, one of the most rapidly growing industries, is forecast to increase employment by more than 40,000 jobs. Even with a cooling housing market, nonresidential construction continues to add jobs. However, higher costs and fewer projects are expected to slow the industry to a 6.50% rate of expansion in 2007.

Natural resources and mining, unlike all other industry groups, is projected to accelerate as new Arizona based mining operations are completed and existing facilities are expanded. Industrial output across the globe, including East Asia, North America and Europe, has increased the demand for many mined nonmetallic and metallic ores including copper. The rising demand and price has provided the incentive to many Arizona mining firms to increase their capacity to extract and process copper and other metallic ores. Publicly stated employment announcements by Arizona employers in the industry account for most of the increase for this industry. For 2006, this industry is forecast to add 1,600 jobs and 1,000 jobs in 2007.

Trade, transportation and utilities is forecast to have an increase of almost 40,000 jobs. Slower growth in consumer spending, due mostly from higher energy costs and sustained higher interest rates, will dampen job growth in this industry. In addition, heightened concerns over safety and costs are expected to weaken the air transportation sector.

Information is projected to lose slightly more than 1,000 jobs. Projected job losses are the result of continuing consolidation, outsourcing and automation.

Financial activities is forecast to add almost 16,000 jobs. Due to higher interest rates on mortgages and other customer and business loan products, growth is anticipated, although at a lower rate. This industry is nevertheless forecast to grow at 5.00% in 2006 and 3.80% in 2007.

Professional and business services sectors is forecast to have strong labor demand over the next two years, growing by 8.10% in 2006 and 7.10% in 2007. Since this industry is a major resource for the rest of the economy, it will follow the overall economic trend.

Education and health services is projected to show an increase of 23,000 jobs. Arizona's population is expected to grow at more than 2.5 times the rate of population growth for the rest of the U.S. for the same period, providing strength in this industry. Faster than national population growth in Arizona is driving the expansion in this industry.

Leisure and hospitality is projected to add almost 21,000 jobs over the 2006-07 period. Growth in this industry will be sustained by a growing economy. Sustained high fuel prices and greater air travel restrictions are expected to dampen some related tourist demand. Arizona activity is expected to be supported by domestic (local and U.S.) demand as an option to consumers traveling abroad.

Other services is forecast to follow the general trend of the overall economy and add almost 8,000 jobs.

Government is forecast to maintain its previously projected rate and have a gain of almost 16,000 jobs.

Arizona's forecast update shows continued, yet slowing, growth through 2006-07. Nevertheless, Arizona's job growth is expected to outpace the nation. This update includes an expectation of a slower second half of 2006, with further slowing in 2007. Ten of eleven major industries are predicted to add jobs in both 2006 and 2007. The greatest number of jobs will be added in professional and business services, while the fastest pace of growth among industries is expected in natural resources and mining. Arizona's economy remains generally strong, but the weakness forecast in job growth for 2006-07 is expected to be most evident in sectors closely associated with consumer spending and in housing.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Governor's fiscal year 2006 Budget establishes key principles for nurturing the State's fiscal and human resources so that it is possible to compete in the 21st century economy. It recognizes that; (1) children are better able to develop and succeed if they are healthy; (2) families are strengthened when the children of working parents are in safe daytime environments; (3) Arizona must have a superior education system that offers each child the best chance to determine his or her path to growth and achievement; (4) our natural resources are not only a State treasure; they also contribute to a vibrant educational system and economy; and (5) public safety must be strengthened by recruiting and retaining the highest quality law enforcement and correctional officers.

Effectively managed and maximized through targeted initiatives, these factors will combine to produce a world-class economy in Arizona for years to come.

Strengthening Families

Department of Economic Security. The FY 2006 Budget provided \$11.200 million for the Day Care Subsidy for child care caseload growth. This amount was sufficient to fund the new priority of ensuring that there was no need to institute a waiting list for child care services for the entire fiscal year. Child care subsidies are available for low-income families, families on cash assistance, families leaving cash assistance, and families in the Child Protective Services (CPS) system.

Healthy Families. The FY 2006 Budget provided \$13.750 million for the Healthy Families Program. In order to continue the advances made by the CPS since 2003, an additional \$8.800 million is provided to fund 173.9 caseworkers for families with children in need.

Healthcare

Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS). The FY 2006 Budget included \$12.200 million to increase inpatient reimbursement rates for qualifying rural hospitals. It also shortens the redetermination period from twelve to six months for most AHCCCS clients. This change was expected to reduce the AHCCCS client rolls, as many clients will no longer qualify for the program.

Education

Full Day Kindergarten. The FY 2006 Budget provided \$17.000 million for the expansion of voluntary full day kindergarten from 136 schools to 282 schools serving approximately 24,000 students.

AIMS Intervention. High school students are required to pass the AIMS test in order to graduate beginning FY 2006. In order to best prepare these students; the FY 2006 Budget includes \$5.000 million for expanded AIMS tutoring.

Community Colleges. The FY 2006 Budget fully funded the Operating, Capital Outlay, and Equalization Aid funding formulas. Arizona's two year community colleges provide high school graduates with a variety of educational opportunities needed to allow these graduates to participate in Arizona's and the nation's new economy.

Universities.

- A top-notch university system allows each person and business in Arizona to be a world-class competitor. Recognizing this, the FY 2006 Budget provides approximately \$22.000 million to fund the FY 2006 enrollment growth at the three State universities. Additionally, Arizona State University received \$1.000 million to create the Department of Biomedical Informatics. Finally, the University of Arizona received \$6.000 million for the Phoenix Medical Campus.
- The University of Arizona and Arizona State University began staffing and renovations for the new Phoenix Medical Campus, including the new Phoenix Campus of the University of Arizona Medical School. The first students are expected in July 2007. Also, during FY 2006, ASU became the largest University in the country.

Land and Water Management

Environmental stewardship is necessary for maintaining Arizona's natural beauty and for enhancing the State's economic development.

Water. The FY 2006 Budget includes an increase of \$1.900 million to restore budget cuts made to the Department of Water Resources in previous budget years. The approved budget also provides an additional \$1.400 million for Rural Water Studies to assess local water use needs and to develop plans for sustainable future water supplies in rural areas outside the state's Active Management Areas.

Forest Fires. The drought has been a contributing factor in the forest fires that ravaged parts of the State in recent years. One response to those fires was to use crews of properly supervised inmates to help with fuel treatment and fire suppression in and around communities at risk. The FY 2005 Budget increased to 12 the number of crews, and this year's budget provides for three additional inmate fire crews consisting of 75 people. Additionally, the Budget provides an increase of \$1.200 million for fire-fighting training for the 15 inmate crews.

Trust Lands. Finally, a direct link can be drawn between the activities of the Land Department and the beneficiaries of the State Land Trust, particularly as it pertains to K-12 education. To maximize the earnings from the sale and lease of State lands, the Land Department needs sufficient resources for planning and other preparatory work. The FY 2006 Budget provides \$3.000 million for the Land Department to carry out this mission.

Economic Development

Arizona 21st Century Competitive Initiative Fund. The FY 2006 Budget established the 21st Century Competitive Initiative Fund and provided \$35.000 million from the General Fund in seed money for this program. Under the Commerce and Economic Development Commission of the Department of Commerce, the 21st Century Competitive Initiative Fund will work to build, strengthen and promote medical, scientific and engineering research programs and infrastructure in areas of greatest strategic value to Arizona's competitiveness in the global economy with an emphasis in bioscience. The funds are to be used to attract world-class researchers to Arizona and support research into new products and technologies that can be commercialized and brought to the market.

Public Safety

Department of Public Safety. Providing public safety officials with the resources necessary to serve a growing population continues to be a priority for Arizona. The FY 2006 Budget provides funding for initiatives designed to ensure that the public safety system is able to keep pace with population and traffic growth, while also directing funding to impede developing crime trends and keep our officers and citizens safe. The following initiatives helped accomplish these goals:

- An increase of \$3.900 million and 63.0 FTE positions from the General Fund for the Gang Intelligence Team Enforcement Mission.
- \$3.000 million from the General Fund for the purchase of protective safety equipment for DPS officers.
- \$3.000 million from the Highway User Reserve Fund (HURF) for sworn officer salary increases to bring DPS officer salaries closer to market level.
- \$3.500 million and 28.0 FTE from the HURF for additional highway patrol officers in an effort to keep staffing at pace with population and traffic growth.

Department of Juvenile Corrections. In response to a federal audit, 135 additional staff were added to enhance the mental health, education, and safety of juveniles.

Statewide Transportation Acceleration Needs

The Governor worked with the State Legislature to ensure that additional funding was included in the State budget to speed up transportation projects. House Bills 2863 and 2865 were signed into law to establish the Statewide Transportation Acceleration Needs and provide \$301.000 million, including \$245.000 million from the General Fund, to enable the Arizona Department of Transportation and regional authorities to accelerate highway projects across the state.

State Employees

Without question, State employees impact Arizona's citizens every hour of every day. Without their dedication and commitment, our highways would not be safe, our natural resources would be neglected, our roads would not be built and maintained, and our neediest citizens would not receive essential services and care. The FY 2006 Budget recognizes State employees' crucial role and provides adequate funding to offset increases in both retirement and health insurance costs. In addition, a \$1,650 salary adjustment and 2.50% performance adjustment were provided for each FTE effective March 11, 2006.

Initiatives such as those discussed above clearly illustrate the dynamic impact that can occur when State Government optimizes its existing resources for the benefit of the people it serves and makes the most prudent investments in its infrastructure.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Arizona for its CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2005. This was the second consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We wish to express our sincere appreciation to the many individuals whose dedicated efforts have made this report possible. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professionalism and dedication demonstrated by the financial and management personnel of each State agency, board, commission, council, administration, office, institution of higher education and all other organizations within the reporting entity.

Villiam Bell

Director

D. Clark Partridge State Comptroller

afaitile

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES

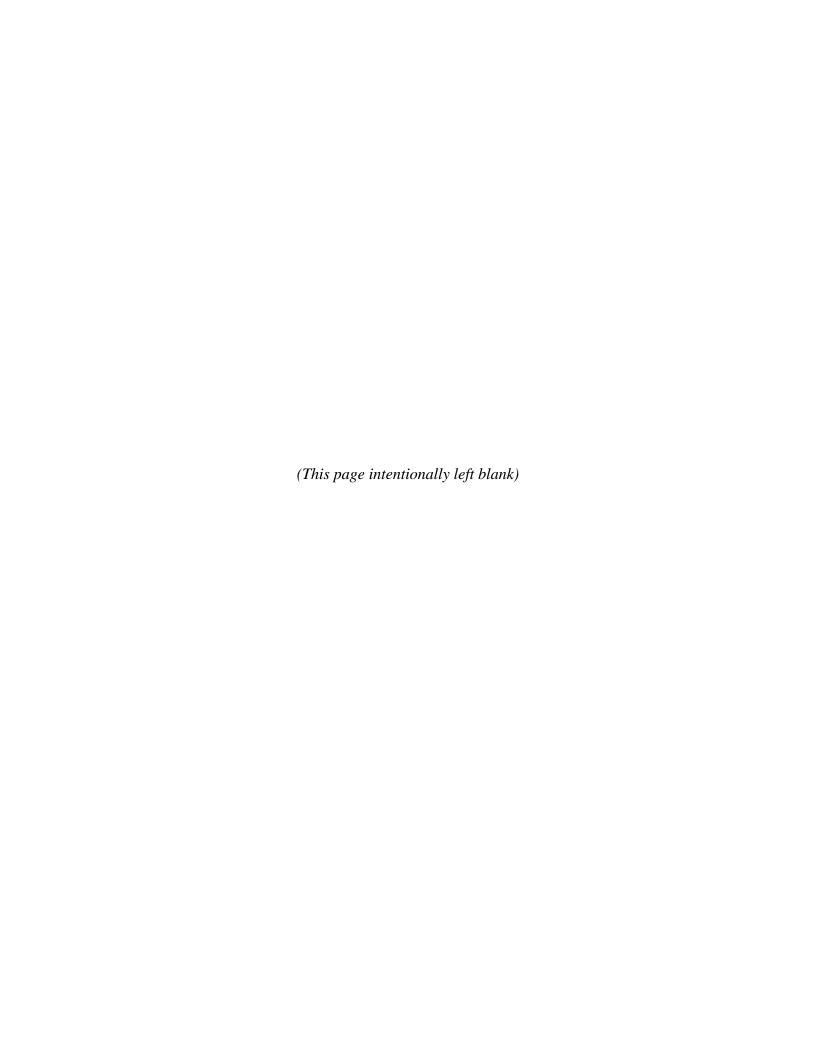
UNITED STATES

CAMADA

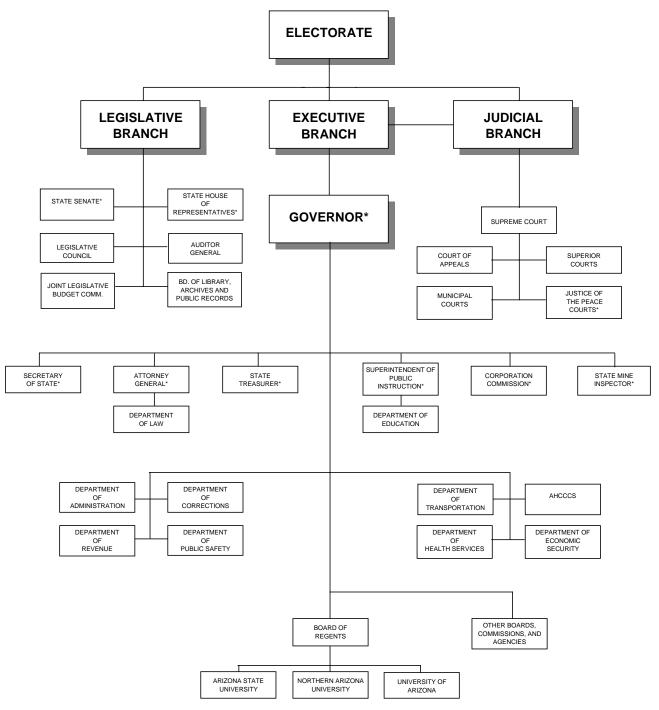
President

Executive Director

Your R. Ener



ARIZONA STATE GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION



^{*} ELECTED OFFICIALS

STATE OF ARIZONA PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2006

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Janet Napolitano, Governor Tom Horne, Superintendent of Public Instruction

Senator Tim Bee, President of the Senate Mike Gleason, Chairman - Corporation Commission

Representative James P. Weiers, Speaker of the House William A. Mundell, Commissioner - Corporation Commission

Janice K. Brewer, Secretary of State Kristin K. Mayes, Commissioner - Corporation Commission

Terry Goddard, Attorney General Jeff Hatch-Miller, Commissioner - Corporation Commission

Joe Hart, State Mine Inspector Gary Pierce, Commissioner - Corporation Commission

Dean Martin, State Treasurer

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Executive Officials	Executive Officials	Legislative Officials
---------------------	---------------------	-----------------------

William Bell, Director - Department of Administration Michael E. Braun, Executive Director - Legislative Council

Dora B. Schriro, Director - Department of Corrections Richard Stavneak, Director - Joint Legislative Budget Committee

Tracy L. Wareing, Director - Department of Economic Debra K. Davenport, CPA, Auditor General - Office of the

Security Auditor General

Gale Garriott, Director - Department of Revenue Gladys Ann Wells, Director - Board of Library, Archives and

Public Records

Roger Vanderpool, Director - Department of Public Safety <u>University Officials</u>

Susan Gerard, Director - Department of Health Services Michael M. Crow, President - Arizona State University

Anthony D. Rodgers, Director - Arizona Health Care Cost Dr. John D. Haeger, President - Northern Arizona University

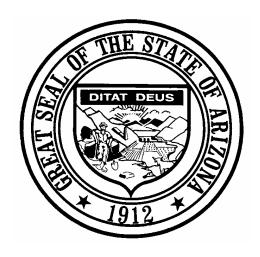
Containment System

Victor Mendez, Director - Department of Transportation

Ruth V. McGregor, Chief Justice - Supreme Court

Judicial Officials

Robert Shelton - University of Arizona



FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT





DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL WILLIAM THOMSON DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Janet Napolitano, Governor State of Arizona

The Honorable Tim Bee, President Arizona State Senate

The Honorable James P. Weiers, Speaker Arizona House of Representatives

The Honorable Ruth V. McGregor, Chief Justice Arizona Supreme Court

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of certain departments and the component units, which account for the following percentages of the assets and revenues of the opinion units affected:

Opinion Unit/Department	Assets	Revenues
Government-Wide Statements		
Governmental activities:		
Arizona Health Care Cost Containment		
System	1.99%	15.51%
Department of Transportation	62.77%	13.59%
Business-type activities:		
Lottery Department	1.31%	12.62%
Arizona Health Care Cost Containment		
System	.26%	1.37%
Department of Transportation	4.30%	.40%
Aggregate discretely presented component units:		
Component Units	100.00%	100.00%
Universities—Affiliated Component Units	100.00%	100.00%

Opinion Unit/Department	Assets	Revenues
Fund Statements		
General Fund:		
Arizona Health Care Cost Containment		
System	11.62%	17.75%
Transportation and Aviation Planning,		
Highway Maintenance and Safety Fund:		
Department of Transportation	100.00%	100.00%
Lottery Fund:		
Lottery Department	100.00%	100.00%
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information:		
Arizona Health Care Cost Containment		
System	.11%	2.78%
Department of Transportation	.73%	7.33%
Arizona State Retirement System	66.09%	43.54%
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System	13.05%	7.21%
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan	2.24%	1.55%
Elected Officials' Retirement Plan	.90%	.53%

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the discretely presented component units (except for the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority) and the fiduciary fund financial statements of the Arizona State Retirement System, Public Safety Personnel Retirement System, Corrections Officer Retirement Plan, and Elected Officials' Retirement Plan were not audited by the other auditors in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Arizona as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The financial statements of the Healthcare Group of Arizona, a nonmajor enterprise fund, are included as part of the State's business-type activities and aggregate remaining fund information. As discussed in Note 8, the Healthcare Group of Arizona has incurred operating losses and has a net fund deficit of \$3.696 million at June 30, 2006, that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue operations. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 8. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

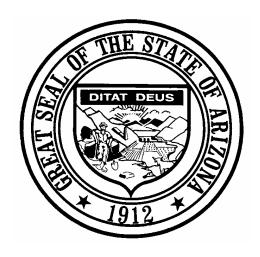
The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 23 through 34, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 129 through 150, the Infrastructure Assets information on pages 151 through 155, and the Schedule of Agent Retirement Plans' Funding Progress on page 156 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we and the other auditors did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining financial statements and schedules, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

May 25, 2007



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a discussion and analysis of the State of Arizona's (the State's) financial performance, providing an overview of the activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and with the State's financial statements, which follow this section. The completeness and fairness of the following information is the responsibility of the State's officials and management.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide:

- The assets of the State exceeded liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$20.0 billion (reported as *net assets*). Of this amount, \$985.535 million is unrestricted, \$5.0 billion is restricted for specific purposes (*restricted net assets*), and \$14.0 billion is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The State's total net assets increased in fiscal year 2006 by \$3.1 billion. Net assets of governmental activities increased by \$2.9 billion, while net assets of the business-type activities increased by \$241.135 million.

Fund Level:

- As of the close of the fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.6 billion, an increase of \$1.4 billion from the beginning of the year. Approximately 38% of the combined fund balances, or \$2.1 billion, is available to meet the State's current and future needs (*unreserved fund balance*).
- As of the close of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1.4 billion, or 8%, of total General Fund expenditures.
- The enterprise funds reported net assets at year end of \$2.8 billion, an increase of \$258.185 million during the year.
- The Land Endowments Fund reported fund balance at year end of \$2.0 billion, an increase of \$326.494 million during the year. The Land Endowments Fund is used to help finance public education within the State as required by the federal government and the State's Constitution.

Long-term Debt:

• The State's total long-term primary government debt decreased during the fiscal year to \$5.7 billion, a slight decrease of \$10.864 million (less than 1%). Changes during the year included the addition of revenue bonds and certificates of participation of \$782.880 million and \$175.027 million, respectively. Also, the State retired \$812.425 million of revenue bonds, \$38.540 million of grant anticipation notes, and \$122.887 million of certificates of participation.

More detailed information regarding the government-wide financial statements, fund level financial statements and long-term debt activity can be found beginning on page 26.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the State's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Required Supplementary Information and other supplementary information are included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements (Reporting the State as a Whole)

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad overview of the State of Arizona's finances in a manner similar to private sector business. The financial statements report information about the State, as a whole, and about its activities that should help answer this question: Is the State, as a whole, better or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following:

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Financial Position (pages 38-40) present all of the State's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets measure whether the State's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Activities (pages 42-44) present information showing how the State's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide statements report three activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the State's basic services are reported under this category. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues generally fund these services. The Legislature, the Judiciary, and the general operations of the Executive departments fall within the governmental activities.
- Business-type Activities The State charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. Lottery tickets, the State's unemployment compensation services, Industrial Commission rehabilitation services, and the State's three universities are examples of business-type activities.
- Discretely Presented Component Units Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the State are financially accountable. The University Medical Center, the Arizona Power Authority, and the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority are discretely presented component units reported by the State. Based on GASB Statement No. 39, the State has added university foundations and financing authorities whose financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as adopted by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. These organizations include the ASU Foundation, Arizona Capital Facilities Finance Corporation, the U of A Foundation, and other non-major foundations and financing authorities. Financial statements for these organizations are presented immediately following the government-wide statements to emphasize that they are prepared in accordance with accounting standards other than those promulgated by GASB, and include a statement of financial position (page 40) and a statement of activities (page 44). See pages 67-69 and 114-126 for more information on discretely presented component units.

Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the State's Major Funds)

The fund financial statements begin on **page 45** and provide detailed information about the major individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the State uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. In addition to the major funds, **page 160** begins the individual fund data for the non-major funds. The State's funds are divided into three categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – each category uses different accounting approaches.

• Governmental funds – Most of the State's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for future spending. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the State's programs. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and permanent funds. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. This report includes two schedules (pages 46 and 48-49) that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual accounting) with governmental activities (accrual accounting) reported on the appropriate government-wide statement.

Governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 45 and 47 of this report.

• Proprietary funds — When the State charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other agencies within the State, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service) utilize accrual accounting; the same method used by private sector businesses. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public — such as the State Lottery Fund and Universities. Internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the State's other programs and activities — such as the State's Risk Management Fund. Internal service fund operations primarily benefit governmental funds and are reported as governmental activities on the government-wide statements. The reconciliation between the government-wide financial statement business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements is presented at the end of the financial statements on pages 52-55.

Proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 50-59 of this report.

• Fiduciary funds – The State acts as a trustee or fiduciary for its employee pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The State's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets beginning on page 60. These funds, which include pension trust, investment trust, and agency funds are reported using accrual accounting. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the State to finance its operations.

Fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 60-61 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes can be found beginning on page 67 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Following the basic financial statements is additional Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and each major special revenue fund and a reconciliation of the schedules of statutory and U.S. GAAP expenditures for the fiscal year. This section also includes schedules of condition and maintenance data regarding certain portions of the State's infrastructure and agent retirement plans' funding progress schedules.

Required supplementary information begins on page 129 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, non-major enterprise, all internal service funds, all fiduciary funds, and non-major universities – affiliated component units. These funds are added together, by fund type, and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as are major funds on the governmental funds and proprietary funds financial statements. A budgetary expenditure comparison schedule for the non-major special revenue funds is also included.

Other supplementary information begins on page 160 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The State's overall financial position and operations for the past year for the primary government are summarized, as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

State of Arizona-Primary Government Net Assets as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 (expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Activities	Business-type Activities				Primary Government Total			
	2006 2005			2006 2005		2006		2005				
Current assets	\$	4,723,241	\$	3,503,360	\$	1,804,687	\$	1,516,254	\$	6,527,928	\$	5,019,614
Capital assets		14,989,475		14,012,830		2,884,950		2,677,802		17,874,425		16,690,632
Other non-current assets		3,555,772		2,955,282		937,469		1,063,599		4,493,241		4,018,881
Total Assets		23,268,488		20,471,472		5,627,106		5,257,655		28,895,594		25,729,127
Current liabilities		2,157,620		2,069,865		539,784		484,636		2,697,404		2,554,501
Non-current liabilities		3,887,329		4,049,808		2,341,478		2,268,310		6,228,807		6,318,118
Total Liabilities		6,044,949		6,119,673		2,881,262		2,752,946		8,926,211		8,872,619
Net assets:												
net of related debt		12,878,151		11,825,961		1,144,374		1,166,954		14,022,525		12,992,915
Restricted net assets		3,560,868		2,938,288		1,400,455		1,232,016		4,961,323		4,170,304
Unrestricted net assets		784,520		(412,450)		201,015		105,739		985,535		(306,711)
Total Net Assets	\$	17,223,539	\$	14,351,799	\$	2,745,844	\$	2,504,709	\$	19,969,383	\$	16,856,508
Total Liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted net assets Unrestricted net assets	\$	6,044,949 12,878,151 3,560,868 784,520	\$	6,119,673 11,825,961 2,938,288 (412,450)	\$	2,881,262 1,144,374 1,400,455 201,015	\$	2,752,946 1,166,954 1,232,016 105,739	\$	8,926,211 14,022,525 4,961,323 985,535	\$	8,872,6 12,992,9 4,170,36 (306,71

The largest portion of the State's net assets (70%) represents *capital assets*, *net of related debt* of \$14.0 billion. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the State's investment in its capital assets is reported net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The State's net assets also include \$5.0 billion (25%) of resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The largest restrictions are by the State's Constitution for basic education funded by the earnings of the Land Endowments Fund and by federal regulations for unemployment insurance premiums from employers for funding the Unemployment Compensation Fund. Another major restriction is unspent debt instrument proceeds primarily for the acquisition and construction of federal, state, and local highways.

The remaining balance of the State's net assets of \$985.535 million (5%) represents unrestricted net assets.

The State's net assets increased \$3.1 billion during the current fiscal year. This increase was primarily caused by governmental activities increases for sales taxes, income taxes, gains on the sale of trust land, and capital assets. Additionally, net assets were further increased by business-type activities' increases for the Universities Fund, the Unemployment Compensation Fund, and the Industrial Commission's Special Fund.

State of Arizona-Primary Government Changes in Net Assets for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 (expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Primary Government Total			
	2006		2005		2006		2005		2006		2005
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 721,759	\$	617,659	\$	1,906,465	\$	1,701,249	\$	2,628,224	\$	2,318,908
Operating grants and											
contributions	7,941,223		7,544,370		852,788		834,421		8,794,011		8,378,791
Capital grants and											
contributions	388,646		497,140		30,056		19,774		418,702		516,914
General revenues:											
Sales taxes	6,322,311		5,421,949		54,550		57,584		6,376,861		5,479,533
Income taxes	4,548,843		3,562,916		_		-		4,548,843		3,562,916
Tobacco taxes	248,122		237,430		_		_		248,122		237,430
Property taxes	43,035		46,148		_		_		43,035		46,148
Motor vehicle and fuel taxes	1,857,293		1,758,950		_		_		1,857,293		1,758,950
Other taxes	575,946		493,501		_		_		575,946		493,501
Unrestricted investment	373,740		473,301						373,740		473,301
earnings	172,311		106,362		49,050		40,311		221,361		146,673
	172,311		100,302		47,030		40,311		221,301		140,073
Unrestricted grants and contributions	12,293		11,624				5		12,293		11,629
					50.016						
Miscellaneous revenue	235,610		387,269		58,816		26,017		294,426		413,286
Gain on sale of trust land	567,364		288,483		-		-		567,364		288,483
Total Revenues	23,634,756		20,973,801		2,951,725		2,679,361		26,586,481		23,653,162
Expenses:											
General government	781,542		646,452		-		-		781,542		646,452
Health and welfare	9,057,733		8,494,206		-		-		9,057,733		8,494,206
Inspection and regulation	159,766		149,238		-		-		159,766		149,238
Education	5,304,555		4,853,458		-		-		5,304,555		4,853,458
Protection and safety	1,279,129		1,171,340		-		-		1,279,129		1,171,340
Transportation	386,777		589,966		-		-		386,777		589,966
Natural resources	187,947		184,538		-		-		187,947		184,538
Intergovernmental revenue											
sharing	2,658,636		2,335,828		-		-		2,658,636		2,335,828
Interest on long-term debt	172,439		182,852		-		=		172,439		182,852
Universities	-		-		2,759,142		2,540,193		2,759,142		2,540,193
Unemployment compensation	-		-		226,171		292,127		226,171		292,127
Industrial Commission									,		,
special fund	_		_		(18,300)		106,295		(18,300)		106,295
Lottery	-		_		377,104		317,226		377,104		317,226
Other business-type activities	_		_		136,894		120,629		136,894		120,629
Total Expenses	19,988,524		18,607,878		3,481,011		3,376,470		23,469,535		21,984,348
	12,200,02.		10,007,070		2,.01,011		2,270,170		20,.00,000		21,501,610
Excess (deficiency) before											
contributions, special items											
and transfers	3,646,232		2,365,923		(529,286)		(697,109)		3,116,946		1,668,814
Contributions to permanent	3,040,232		2,303,723		(327,200)		(0)7,10)		3,110,240		1,000,014
endowments					3,803		2,955		3,803		2,955
	-		-		3,803		2,933		3,803		2,933
Special item - intergovernmental											
transfer of Sundome Center					(7.974)				(7.07.4)		
for the Performing Arts	(774.402)		(707.507)		(7,874)		707.507		(7,874)		-
Transfers	(774,492)		(707,597)		774,492		707,597		2 112 077		1 (71 760
Change in Net Assets	2,871,740		1,658,326		241,135		13,443		3,112,875		1,671,769
Net Assets - July 1	14,351,799		12,693,473	_	2,504,709	_	2,491,266	_	16,856,508	-	15,184,739
Net Assets - June 30	\$ 17,223,539	\$	14,351,799	\$	2,745,844	\$	2,504,709	\$	19,969,383	\$	16,856,508

Change in Net Assets

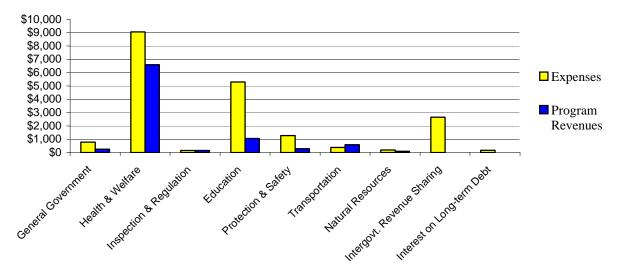
Governmental Activities – Net assets increased by \$2.9 billion, or 20%. This increase was primarily attributed to the increases in earned general tax revenues. Reported sales tax and income tax revenue increased by \$900.362 million, or 17%, and \$985.927 million, or 28%, as compared to fiscal year 2005, respectively. Several key elements have led to this increase. The State ranked fourth, nationally, in terms of the number of jobs added during fiscal year 2006, as reported by Arizona's Department of Economic Security, Research Administration. Furthermore, annual estimates of the U.S. Census Bureau show that Arizona led the nation in population growth, with a 3.5% increase, during fiscal year 2006. Additionally, during fiscal year 2006, personal income growth in Arizona, as reported by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, increased 7.8%, ranking Arizona sixth among all states in percentage change. Additionally, the State's improved efforts in tax enforcement resulted in the collection of \$530.00 million for fiscal year 2006 (an increase of \$74.436 million from the prior fiscal year). Another significant contributor to the net asset increase was record auction sales of 3,426 acres in State trust land for gross sales of \$544.330 million. In many of these auctions there was intense, competitive bidding which raised the total sales price by approximately 10.5% above the appraised value. Furthermore, net assets were increased by the capitalization of \$302.375 million of capital assets that were previously recorded as transportation expenses.

A comparison of the net cost (income) of services by function for the State's governmental activities is shown below for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. Net cost (income) is the total cost less revenues generated by the activities and shows the financial burden placed upon the State's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Governmental Activities (expressed in thousands)

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost (Income) of Service				
	2006	2005	2006	2005			
Functions/Programs:							
General government	\$ 781,542	\$ 646,452	\$ 525,480	\$ 367,749			
Health and welfare	9,057,733	8,494,206	2,454,326	2,190,654			
Inspection and regulation	159,766	149,238	(678)	1,262			
Education	5,304,555	4,853,458	4,247,978	3,881,306			
Protection and safety	1,279,129	1,171,340	985,492	924,270			
Transportation	386,777	589,966	(200,657)	(43,964)			
Natural resources	187,947	184,538	93,880	108,752			
Intergovernmental revenue sharing	2,658,636	2,335,828	2,658,636	2,335,828			
Interest on long-term debt	172,439	182,852	172,439	182,852			
Total Governmental Activities	\$19,988,524	\$18,607,878	\$ 10,936,896	\$ 9,948,709			

Expenses and Program Revenues Governmental Activities for Fiscal Year 2006 (in millions of dollars)



Business-type Activities – The net assets increased by \$241.135 million, or 10%. This increase was primarily caused by the net increase of the Unemployment Compensation Fund of \$129.536 million; a net increase in the Universities Fund of \$48.523 million; and a decrease in the Industrial Commission's Special Fund deficit of \$83.116 million. The increase in net assets from the Unemployment Compensation Fund was primarily caused by an increase in employer assessments (wages subject to unemployment tax rose 11% during the 12 months ending December 31, 2005) and a decline in the cost of sales and benefits (the amount of unemployment benefits paid decreased 23% during fiscal year 2006). The increase in net assets for the Universities Fund was primarily attributed to increases in non-operating revenues, including gains on sale of land, increased State appropriations, investment income, and gifts and donations. The Industrial Commission's Special Fund deficit decreased primarily due to a decrease in insolvent carrier liabilities. Insolvent carrier liability decreased during fiscal year 2006, because there was an insignificant number of new workers' compensation cases being assigned to the State Compensation Fund under ARS §23-966. In addition, during fiscal year 2006, \$19.000 million was transferred from the Industrial Commission's Administrative Fund to the Special Fund.

A comparison of the net cost (income) of services by function for the State's business-type activities is shown below for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. Net cost (income) is the total cost less revenues generated by the activities and shows the financial burden placed upon the State's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Business-type Activities (expressed in thousands)

	Total Cost of Services			N	let Cost (Inco	f Services		
		2006		2005		2006		2005
Functions/Programs:								
Universities	\$	2,759,142	\$	2,540,193	\$	957,929	\$	871,465
Unemployment Compensation		226,171		292,127		(132,076)		(25,969)
Industrial Commission								
Special Fund		(18,300)		106,295		(52,394)		49,248
Lottery		377,104		317,226		(91,593)		(80,335)
Other		136,894		120,629		9,836		6,617
Total Business-type Activities	\$	3,481,011	\$	3,376,470	\$	691,702	\$	821,026

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

The State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – The general government functions are contained in the general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds. The focus of the State's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the State's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At June 30, 2006, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.4 billion, while total fund balance closed the year at \$2.3 billion. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and other financing uses. Unreserved fund balance represents 8% of total expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 13% of the same amount.

The fund balance of the State's General Fund increased by \$955.736 million during the fiscal year. The primary source of the increase in fund balance is from the increase of sales tax and income tax revenues. Sales tax revenues increased \$881.221 million from fiscal year 2005, an increase of 19%. Sales taxes paid by retail stores and construction contractors increased approximately \$387.765 million and \$253.975 million, respectively, when compared to fiscal year 2005 sales tax receipts. Income tax revenues increased \$1.0 billion, an increase of 29%. Income taxes paid by individuals increased by approximately \$812.594 million, when compared to fiscal year 2005 individual income tax receipts. In addition, income taxes paid by corporations increased approximately \$194.338 million during the same period.

Health and welfare expenditures and intergovernmental revenue increased by \$568.922 million, or 7%, and \$399.100 million, or 6%, as compared to fiscal year 2005, respectively. Overall program enrollment in the State's various healthcare programs declined .2%. However, the cost of healthcare programs, including the Social Security Act Titles XIX (Medicaid) and XXI (State Children's Health Insurance Program), were major contributing factors to an increase in health and welfare expenditures during fiscal year 2006. Utilization and inflationary trends for health care costs are incorporated into a rate development process for the managed care organization capitation rates. The capitation rates were increased by a weighted average of 8% for the contract period of October 2005 to September 2006, primarily due to pharmacy, physician, and inpatient costs. The State received additional intergovernmental revenue (including federal grants and county funding) to cover a major portion of these increased costs.

Education expenditures increased \$379.944 million, or 9%, compared to fiscal year 2005. The increase can be primarily attributed to an increase of approximately \$216.000 million in State assistance for kindergarten through twelfth grade (K-12) operating expenditures largely to support an increase of 40,543 student enrollments and a 3.2% inflation adjustment. In addition, expenditures for full day kindergarten increased approximately \$22.000 million and programs supported by federal grant aid increased by approximately \$57.000 million during fiscal year 2006.

Transportation and Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance and Safety Fund

The Transportation and Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance and Safety Fund is responsible for the repair and maintenance of existing roads, paying the debt service for roads that are built from the issuance of revenue bonds, and providing technical assistance with road construction provided by contractors hired by the Arizona Department of Transportation. Total fund balance increased \$52.124 million during fiscal year 2006. Fund balance increased primarily due to a \$98.361 million increase in motor vehicle and fuel tax revenues and a \$39.365 million increase in licenses, fees, and permits due to increased population, which tends to follow job growth. Also, distributions to other State agencies were \$118.000 million less than fiscal year's 2005 distributions due to 2004 Senate Bill 1314, which required an additional \$118.000 million to be transferred from vehicle license tax revenues to the State's General Fund in fiscal year 2005. Fund balance increases were offset, in part, due to a \$103.952 million increase in distributions to Arizona counties and cities, as a result of increased motor vehicle and fuel tax collections, and a \$91.407 million decrease in intergovernmental revenues.

Land Endowments Fund

The fund was established when the federal government granted Arizona statehood. Both the State's Constitution and the federal government require that the land grants given to the State be maintained indefinitely, and the earnings from the land grants should be used for public education, primarily K-12. The Land Endowments Fund total fund balance increased \$326.494 million during fiscal year 2006. Permanent fund endowment investments increased \$311.657 million, at fiscal year end, due to record receipts from State Trust land sales and a net increase in the fair value of investments of \$71.006 million.

Proprietary funds

The business-type activities discussion for the fund level financial statements of the State's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements analysis on **page 29**.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the original budget was amended by various supplemental appropriations and appropriation revisions. Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the major governmental funds are in the Required Supplementary Information section beginning on **page 129**. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in a \$657.075 million increase in appropriations for the General Fund, before adjustments. The following comments summarize current year budgetary results:

- Some of the primary reasons for the General Fund appropriations \$657.075 million increase were 1) \$192.021 million of prior fiscal year obligations that were paid in the current fiscal year per ARS \$35-191; 2) \$191.294 million for the Department of Education's deferral of Basic State Aid and Additional State Aid payments to school districts; 3) \$16.163 million supplemental appropriation for the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System's Disproportionate Share Hospital program; 4) \$38.050 million to the Department of Education for full-day kindergarten funding; 5) \$16.564 million to the Department of Education, primarily for increases to Basic State Aid Entitlement and achievement testing; 6) \$20.000 million for the Parks Board Growing Smarter transfer to the Land Conservation Fund per ARS \$41-511.23; 7) \$39.854 million for a 2.5% performance pay adjustment and increase of \$1,650 for each full-time equivalent position beginning March 11, 2006. The original General Fund appropriation total was \$13.9 billion, before adjustments. The final General Fund appropriation total was \$13.9 billion, before adjustments.
- The difference between the final budget and actual expenditures was \$543.405 million, after adjustments. Of this amount, \$69.861 million will continue as legislative multiple fiscal year spending authority for fiscal year 2007 and beyond, depending upon the budgetary guidelines of the Legislature. The remaining \$473.544 million represents the unused portion of the State's legislatively authorized annual operating budget.

Additional budgetary information can be found on pages 149-150 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets:

The State's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006 totaled \$17.9 billion, net of accumulated depreciation. The total primary government increase in capital assets for the current period was 7%, with a 7% increase in capital assets used for governmental activities and an 8% increase for business-type activities. Depreciation charges of the governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year totaled \$279.010 million.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

• The Universities' additions to capital assets totaled approximately \$501.933 million and included increased investments in instruction and research facilities.

• The Department of Transportation started or completed roads and bridges totaling \$1.4 billion during the fiscal year.

For the government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable assets were depreciated from the acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Capital asset purchases of the governmental funds are reported in the financial statements as expenditures.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006 are presented below (expressed in thousands):

	Government	ntal Activities		I	Business-type Activities			Total			
	2006		2005		2006		2005		2006		2005
Land	\$ 2,227,782	\$	1,980,978	\$	143,587	\$	143,195	\$	2,371,369	\$	2,124,173
Buildings	1,527,996		1,515,343		3,101,431	2	2,709,694		4,629,427		4,225,037
Improvements other than											
buildings	133,624		142,563		3,601		3,600		137,225		146,163
Equipment	696,119		666,417		1,166,876	1	,108,706		1,862,995		1,775,123
Collections											
(non-depreciable)	-		-		34,159		33,130		34,159		33,130
Infrastructure	9,386,364		8,870,232		305,975		289,215		9,692,339		9,159,447
Construction in progress	2,036,194		1,785,351		163,030		284,181		2,199,224		2,069,532
Less accumulated											
depreciation	(1,018,604)		(948,054)	(2	2,033,709)	(1	,893,919)		(3,052,313)		(2,841,973)
Total	\$ 14,989,475	\$	14,012,830	\$ 2	2,884,950	\$ 2	2,677,802	\$	17,874,425	\$	16,690,632

See Note 4, capital assets, beginning on page 90 for additional capital asset data.

As provided by GASB Statement 34, the State has elected to record its infrastructure assets, that the Department of Transportation is responsible for maintaining, using the modified approach. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include 6,922 center lane miles (18,668 travel lane miles) and 4,676 bridges.

The State manages its roads using the Present Serviceability Rating (PSR), which measures the condition of the pavement and its ability to serve the traveling public. The PSR uses a five-point scale (5 excellent, 0 impassable) to characterize the condition of the roadway. The State's serviceability rating goal is 3.23 for the overall system. The most recent assessment indicated that an overall rating of 3.52 was achieved for fiscal year 2006.

The State manages its bridges using the Arizona Bridge Information and Storage System (ABISS). The State determines the condition rating based on standards developed by the Federal Highway Administration and additional internal criteria. It is the policy of the State to maintain a Condition Rating Index (CRI) of 92.5% or better. In fiscal year 2006, a CRI of 93.8% was obtained.

In addition to many smaller projects, each of the following major highway construction projects in excess of \$20.000 million were started during fiscal year 2006 (expressed in thousands):

	Contract	Contract	Current Year
Project Description	Start Date	Amount	Expenditures
Widen roadway on US 60 from Gilbert Road to Power Road within			
the City of Mesa, in Maricopa County.	09/23/05	\$ 73,705	\$ 37,153
Construction of State Route Loop 202 from Power Road to University			
Drive within the City of Mesa, in Maricopa County.	12/19/05	195,340	34,091
Construction of State Route Loop 202 from University Drive to			
Southern Avenue within the City of Mesa, in Maricopa County.	10/24/05	67,415	24,065
Reconstruct roadway to a four lane divided highway on US 93, in			
Yavapai County.	09/23/05	25,472	10,302
Reconstruction of the intersection of US 89 and I-40B within the City			
of Flagstaff, in Coconino County.	11/22/05	30,480	6,398
Reconstruction at the intersection of I-40 and North Park Drive within			
the City of Winslow, in Navajo County.	10/25/05	20,629	5,578

In addition to many smaller projects, the following major highway construction projects had expenditures in excess of \$15.000 million in fiscal year 2006 (expressed in thousands):

	Project
Project Description	Expenditures
Construction at the interchange of State Route Loop 202 and US 60, in Maricopa County.	\$ 50,944
Construction of State Route Loop 202 from Power Road to University Drive, in Maricopa County.	43,694
Construction of State Route Loop 202 from Frye Road to Power Road, in Maricopa County.	43,013
Widen roadway on US 60 from Gilbert Road to Power Road, in Maricopa County.	40,130
Construction of State Route Loop 202 from Gilbert Road to Frye Road, in Maricopa County.	36,549
Construction of State Route Loop 202 from University Drive to Southern Avenue, in Maricopa	
County.	26,088
Construction on US 93 north of Wickenburg, in Mohave County.	22,912
Construction on US 60 at 59 th Avenue and Glendale Avenue, in Maricopa County.	21,306
Construction of State Route Loop 202 from Power Road to Elliot Road, in Maricopa County.	20,162

Capital assets financed by debt instruments do not generate funds to repay the debt instruments.

More detailed information regarding capital assets are on pages 90 and 91.

Long-term debt:

The State issues no general obligation debt instruments. The Arizona Constitution, under Article 9, Section 5, provides that the State may contract debts not to exceed \$350 thousand. This provision has been interpreted to restrict the State from pledging its credit as a sole payment for debts incurred for the operation of the State government. As a result, the State pledges either dedicated revenue streams or the constructed building or equipment acquired as security for the repayment of long-term debt instruments.

Major long-term debt activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

• The Department of Transportation issued revenue bonds for \$265.650 million to (i) finance portions of the Transportation Board's Five Year Transportation Facilities Construction Program, (ii) pay the costs of issuing the bonds, (iii) pay interest on any bonds issued for highway purposes, and (iv) advance refund portions of previously issued revenue bonds with a total outstanding principal balance of \$148.750 million.

- The School Facilities Board issued \$448.760 million of revenue bonds to advance refund portions of previously issued revenue bonds with a total outstanding principal balance of \$446.680 million.
- The Universities issued revenue bonds for \$68.470 million to fund the acquisition, construction or renovation of capital facilities and infrastructure. Furthermore, proceeds were used to pay principal and/or interest payments on the University of Arizona's previously issued revenue bonds.
- The Universities issued \$175.027 million of certificates of participation to (i) fund building and infrastructure projects, (ii) current-refund previously issued certificates of participation with a total outstanding principal of \$62.100 million, (iii) refund previously issued certificates of participation with a total outstanding principal of \$9.845 million in advance of maturity, and (iv) pay principal and/or interest payments on some of the University of Arizona's previously issued certificates of participation.

State of Arizona-Primary Government Outstanding Major Long-Term Debt as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands)

	Government	ntal Activities		Business-type Activities			Total					
	2006	2005	05 2006		2005		2005		006 2005		2006	2005
Revenue bonds	\$ 2,106,700	\$ 2,170,845	\$	802,600	\$	768,000	\$ 2,909,300	\$ 2,938,845				
Grant anticipation notes	325,430	363,970		-		-	325,430	363,970				
Certificates of participation	1,020,810	1,054,677		946,766		860,759	1,967,576	1,915,436				
Total	\$ 3,452,940	\$ 3,589,492	\$	1,749,366	\$	1,628,759	\$ 5,202,306	\$ 5,218,251				

More detailed information regarding long-term debt begins on page 95.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Arizona's economy outpaced the nation in fiscal year 2006, with solid growth in labor markets, population, and personal income. As previously mentioned, the State ranked fourth, nationally, in terms of the number of jobs added during fiscal year 2006, as reported by Arizona's Department of Economic Security, Research Administration. Furthermore, annual estimates of the U.S. Census Bureau show that Arizona led the nation in population growth, with a 3.5% increase, during fiscal year 2006. Additionally, during fiscal year 2006, personal income growth in Arizona, as reported by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, increased 7.8%, ranking Arizona sixth among all states in percentage change.

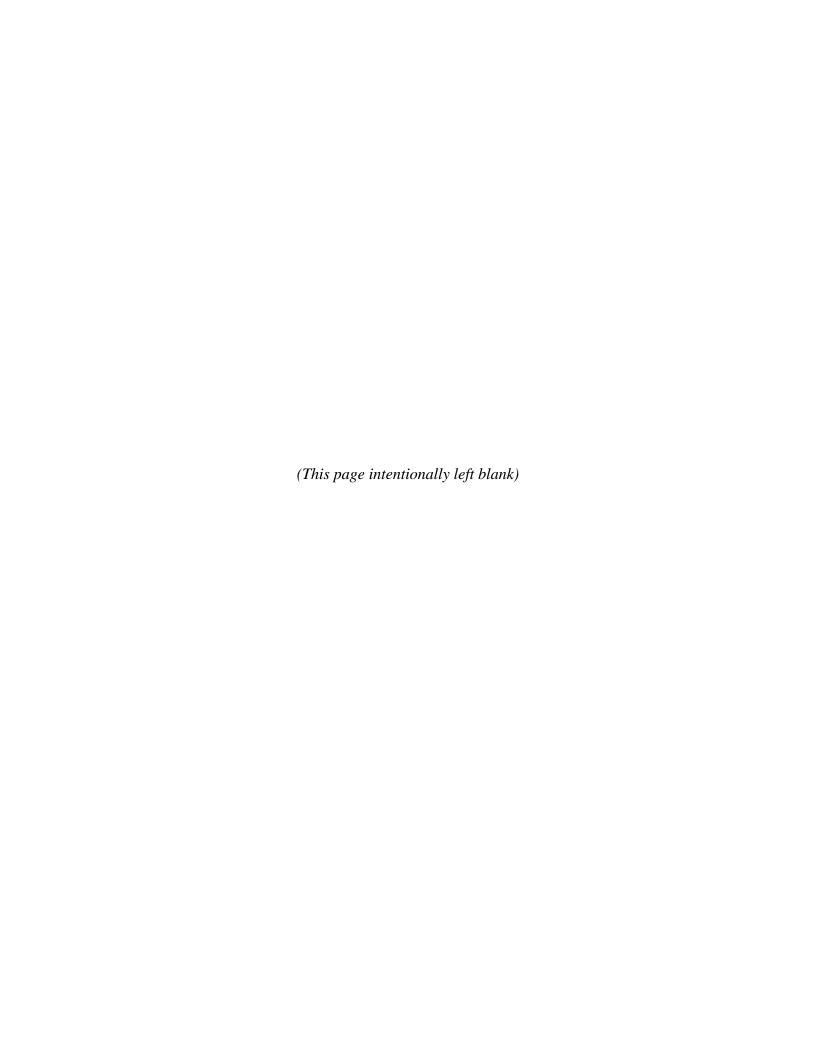
Arizona's economy is projected to see a moderation of growth in 2007. Job growth was expected to slow in the second half of 2006, with further slowing in 2007, as the housing market and growth in consumer spending slows down. Nevertheless, Arizona's economy was projected to grow at a faster rate than the nation in 2006 and 2007, according to the forecast update of the Arizona Department of Economic Security, Research Administration.

CONTACTING THE STATE COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the State's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Department of Administration, General Accounting Office, Financial Reporting Section at (602) 542-5405. You may also access and print this report at http://www.gao.state.az.us/financials/.

The State's component units issue their own separately issued audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. Contact information regarding the component units begins on **page 68**.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATE OF ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)				
		RIMARY GOVERNM	TOTAL	
		BUSINESS-TYPE	PRIMARY	COMPONENT
ASSETS	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	GOVERNMENT	UNITS
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$ 7,611	\$ 158,994	\$ 166,605	\$ 14,783
Cash with U.S. Treasury	Ψ 7,011	902,130	902,130	Ψ 14,703
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer	3,471,382	244,890	3,716,272	141,371
Restricted cash and pooled investments with	3,471,302	244,070	3,710,272	141,571
State Treasurer	_	88,486	88,486	_
Cash held by trustee	_	-	-	126,815
Collateral investment pool		77,666	77,666	120,013
Short-term investments	_	146,674	146,674	85,848
Restricted investments held by trustee	-	140,074	140,074	2,818
Receivables, net of allowances:	-	-	-	2,616
Taxes	521 006	71,945	502.051	
Interest	521,006 62,096	3,889	592,951	7 920
Loans and notes			65,985	7,820
Other	28,406	11,625	40,031	70.202
Internal balances	130,347	91,020	221,367	70,203
	91,684	(91,684)		-
Due from U.S. Government	368,014	64,217	432,231	-
Due from local governments	1,461	120	1,581	-
Due from others	1	-	1	-
Inventories, at cost	18,646	29,123	47,769	10,102
Other current assets	22,587	5,592	28,179	7,513
Total Current Assets	4,723,241	1,804,687	6,527,928	467,273
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash	2,271	20,163	22,434	-
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer	740,978	872	741,850	_
Cash held by trustee	16,089	149,931	166,020	_
Investments	2,882	32,696	35,578	_
Investments held by trustee	-	52,214	52,214	161,062
Receivables, net of allowances:		- ,	- ,	,,,,,
Loans and notes	707,962	39,531	747,493	574,935
Other	-	6,563	6,563	-
Securities held in escheat	52,742	-	52,742	_
Investments	32,712	346,969	346,969	80,896
Endowment investments	2,032,848	270,542	2,303,390	-
Other noncurrent assets	2,032,010	17,988	17,988	49,820
Capital assets:		17,700	17,500	47,020
Infrastructure, land, and other non-depreciable	13,643,731	340,776	13,984,507	36,072
Depreciable buildings, property and	13,043,731	340,770	13,704,307	30,072
equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	1 2/5 7//	2 544 174	2 880 010	86,031
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,345,744 18,545,247	2,544,174 3,822,419	3,889,918 22,367,666	988,816
	-		-	
Total Assets	\$ 23,268,488	\$ 5,627,106	\$ 28,895,594	\$ 1,456,089

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

(Continued)

STATE OF ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Thousands)

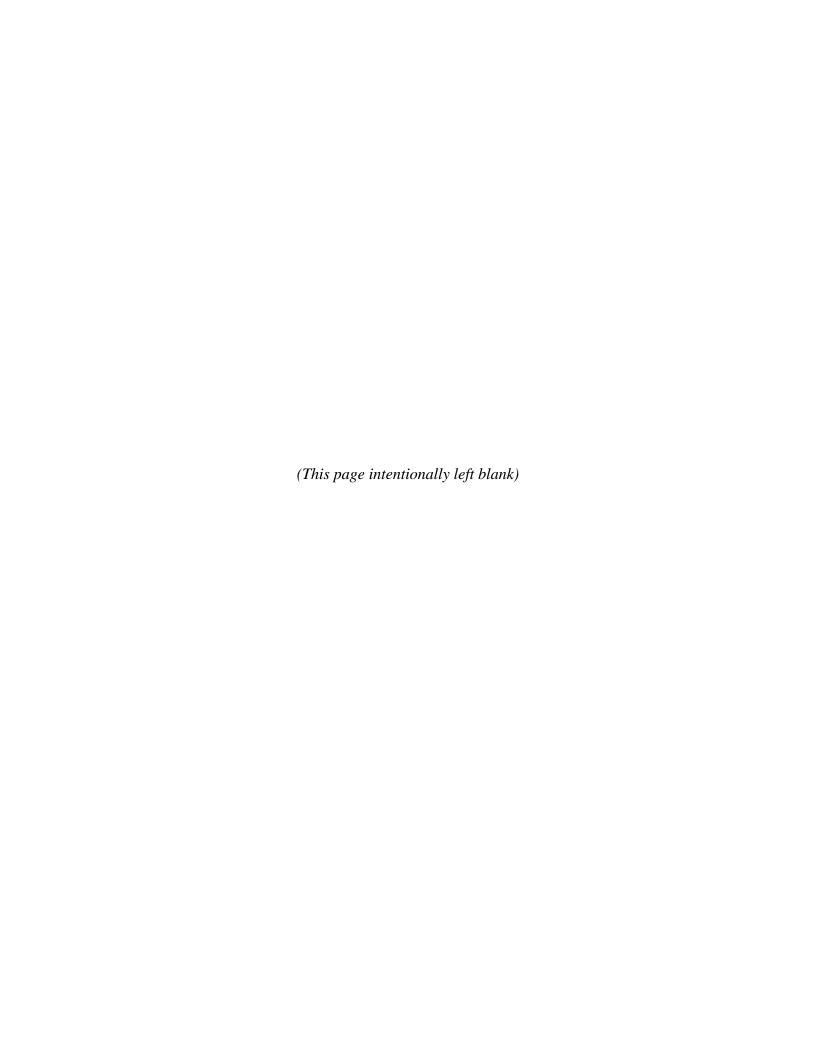
(Expressed in Thousands)	PR)			
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	COMPONENT UNITS
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 443,908	\$ 116,781	\$ 560,689	\$ 37,488
Accrued liabilities	534,117	69,378	603,495	21,617
Obligations under securities loan agreements	-	77,666	77,666	-
Tax refunds payable	417	-	417	-
Due to U.S. Government	7,990	9	7,999	-
Due to local governments	460,779	7,698	468,477	-
Due to others	102,811	71,410	174,221	-
Unearned deferred revenue	104,570	93,494	198,064	-
Current portion of accrued insurance losses	53,366	27,304	80,670	5,013
Current portion of long-term debt	230,797	65,422	296,219	31,770
Current portion of other long-term liabilities	218,865	10,622	229,487	4,878
Total Current Liabilities	2,157,620	539,784	2,697,404	100,766
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Unearned deferred revenue	6,006	34,770	40,776	2,355
Contracts payable	-	2,125	2,125	-
Accrued insurance losses	313,834	382,939	696,773	9,733
Funds held for others	-	45,095	45,095	-
Long-term debt	3,560,892	1,824,336	5,385,228	867,820
Other long-term liabilities	6,597	52,213	58,810	9,139
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,887,329	2,341,478	6,228,807	889,047
Total Liabilities	6,044,949	2,881,262	8,926,211	989,813
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,878,151	1,144,374	14,022,525	10,240
Restricted for:				
Federal grants	63,219	-	63,219	-
Capital projects	561,795	6,106	567,901	-
Unemployment Compensation	-	949,919	949,919	-
Debt service	44,846	9,198	54,044	19,489
Permanent funds and University funds:				
Expendable	19,244	189,746	208,990	-
Nonexpendable	2,785,419	178,001	2,963,420	-
Loans and other financial assistance: expendable	-	67,423	67,423	261,156
Other purposes	86,345	62	86,407	-
Unrestricted	784,520	201,015	985,535	175,391
Total Net Assets	\$ 17,223,539	\$ 2,745,844	\$ 19,969,383	\$ 466,276

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

UNIVERSITIES - AFFILIATED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalent investments	\$ 80,427
Receivables:	
Pledges receivable	128,740
Other receivables	11,194
Total receivables	139,934
Investments:	
Investments in securities	812,999
Investments held in trust for Universities	69,156
Other investments	64,847
Total investments	947,002
Net direct financing leases Property and equipment, net of	72,709
accumulated depreciation	269,644
Other assets	56,135
Total Assets	 1,565,851
Total Assets LIABILITIES	1,565,851
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	 1,565,851
LIABILITIES	1,565,851 89,821
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment	
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements	89,821
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements Bonds payable	89,821 463,967
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements Bonds payable Unearned revenue	89,821 463,967 20,770
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements Bonds payable Unearned revenue Other liabilities	89,821 463,967 20,770 42,705
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements Bonds payable Unearned revenue Other liabilities Total Liabilities	89,821 463,967 20,770 42,705
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements Bonds payable Unearned revenue Other liabilities Total Liabilities NET ASSETS	 89,821 463,967 20,770 42,705 617,263
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements Bonds payable Unearned revenue Other liabilities Total Liabilities NET ASSETS Permanently restricted	89,821 463,967 20,770 42,705 617,263
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements Bonds payable Unearned revenue Other liabilities Total Liabilities NET ASSETS Permanently restricted Temporarily restricted	\$ 89,821 463,967 20,770 42,705 617,263 596,752 279,168



(Expressed in Thousands)

EVINCETIONS INDO CD AMS		EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND ONTRIBUTIONS	-	CAPITAL GRANTS AND INTRIBUTIONS
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	781.542	\$	161.664	\$	94,398	\$	_
Health and welfare	_	9.057,733	-	79,806	_	6,523,453	-	148
Inspection and regulation		159,766		146,191		14,251		2
Education		5,304,555		33,390		1,023,187		-
Protection and safety		1,279,129		110,814		182,823		-
Transportation		386,777		134,068		65,752		387,614
Natural resources		187,947		55,826		37,359		882
Intergovernmental revenue sharing		2,658,636		<u> </u>		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		172,439		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		19,988,524		721,759		7,941,223		388,646
Business-type Activities:								
Universities		2,759,142		962,967		808,190		30,056
Unemployment Compensation		226,171		314,237		44,010		-
Industrial Commission Special Fund		(18,300)		34,094		-		-
Lottery		377,104		468,697		-		-
Other		136,894		126,470		588		-
Total Business-type Activities		3,481,011		1,906,465		852,788		30,056
Total Primary Government	\$	23,469,535	\$	2,628,224	\$	8,794,011	\$	418,702
COMPONENT UNITS:								
Water Infrastructure Finance Authority	\$	19.249	\$	18.670	\$	20.952	\$	_
University Medical Center	_	392,602	,	406,697	ŕ			_
Arizona Power Authority		26,612		26,329		-		-
Total Component Units	\$	438,463	\$	451,696	\$	20,952	\$	-

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Sales

Income

Tobacco

Property

Motor vehicle and fuel

Other

Unrestricted investment earnings

Unrestricted grants and contributions

Gain on sale of trust land

Miscellaneous

Contributions to permanent endowments

Special Item - intergovernmental transfer of

Sundome Center for the Performing Arts

Transfers

Total General Revenues, Contributions, Gains, Special Items, and Transfers Change in Net Assets

PROGRAM REVENUES

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

MET (EVDENCE)	DEVENITE	AND CHANGES IN NET	ACCETC

	(PENSE) REVENUE A RIMARY GOVERNME		1100210
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	COMPONENT UNITS
\$ (525,480) (2,454,326) 678 (4,247,978) (985,492) 200,657 (93,880) (2,658,636) (172,439) (10,936,896)		\$ (525,480) (2,454,326) 678 (4,247,978) (985,492) 200,657 (93,880) (2,658,636) (172,439) (10,936,896)	
(10,936,896)	\$ (957,929) 132,076 52,394 91,593 (9,836) (691,702) (691,702)	(957,929) 132,076 52,394 91,593 (9,836) (691,702) (11,628,598)	
			\$ 20,373 14,095 (283) 34,185
6,322,311 4,548,843 248,122 43,035 1,857,293 575,946 172,311 12,293 567,364 235,610	54,550 - - - - - 49,050 - - 58,816	6,376,861 4,548,843 248,122 43,035 1,857,293 575,946 221,361 12,293 567,364 294,426	- - - - - 19,817 - - 95
(774,492) 13,808,636 2,871,740 14,351,799 \$ 17,223,539	3,803 (7,874)	294,426 3,803 (7,874) - 14,741,473 3,112,875 16,856,508 \$ 19,969,383	95 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

UNIVERSITIES - AFFILIATED COMPONENT UNITS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

			TE	EMPORARILY	PER	MANENTLY	
	UNRE	STRICTED	R	RESTRICTED	RE	ESTRICTED	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Contributions	\$	15,165	\$	98,851	\$	83,815	\$ 197,831
Rental revenue		22,361		-		-	22,361
Sales and services		26,822		120		-	26,942
Net investment income		16,216		16,200		34,899	67,315
Net assets released from restrictions		100,935		(108,910)		7,975	-
Capital lease revenue		92		-		-	92
Other revenues		19,430		10,311		153	 29,894
Total Revenues		201,021		16,572		126,842	 344,435
EXPENSES							
Program services:							
Payments to Universities		72,724		-		-	72,724
Leasing related expenses		6,265		-		-	6,265
Payments on behalf of Universities		22,361		-		-	22,361
Other program services		16,210		-		-	16,210
Personal services, operations, and							
administrative expenses		39,471		-		-	39,471
Fundraising expenses		7,465		-		-	7,465
Interest		8,955		-		-	8,955
Other expenses		9,605		-		-	 9,605
Total Expenses		183,056				-	 183,056
Increase in Net Assets		17,965		16,572		126,842	161,379
Net Assets - Beginning, as restated		54,121		264,487		468,601	787,209
Transfers		582		(1,891)		1,309	 -
Net Assets - Ending	\$	72,668	\$	279,168	\$	596,752	\$ 948,588

STATE OF ARIZONA **BALANCE SHEET** GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TRANSPORTATION & JUNE 30, 2006 AVIATION PLANNING,

70 NE 30, 2000				JIN I LAININING,					
(Expressed in Thousands)			HI	GHWAY		LAND		OTHER	
	C	SENERAL	MAIN	TENANCE &	EN.	DOWMENTS	GOV	ERNMENTAL	
		FUND	SAF	ETY FUND		FUND		FUNDS	TOTAL
ASSETS									
Cash	\$	1,769	\$	-	\$	28	\$	5,814	\$ 7,611
Cash and pooled investments with									
State Treasurer		2,298,635		144,645		61,305		852,371	3,356,956
Receivables, net of allowances:									
Taxes		431,202		70,212		_		19,592	521,006
Interest		27,008		1,681		30,549		2,846	62,084
Loans and notes		_		9,464		726,904		_	736,368
Other		84,974		8,493		4,628		25,353	123,448
Due from U.S. Government		339,631		26,759		_		_	366,390
Due from local governments		1,461		_		_		_	1,461
Due from others		-,		_		_		1	1
Due from other Funds		263,600		20,000		392		59,665	343,657
Inventories, at cost		10,299		5,005		-		369	15,673
Restricted assets:		,		-,					-,
Cash		2,271		_		_		_	2,271
Cash and pooled investments with		_,							_,
State Treasurer		122,274		595,049		_		23,655	740,978
Cash held by trustee		12,330		5,5,0.,		_		3,759	16,089
Investments		2,882				_		5,757	2,882
Securities held in escheat		52,742		_		_			52,742
Endowment investments		32,742				2,032,848			2,032,848
Other		216		8,128		2,032,040		1	8,345
Total Assets	\$	3,651,294	\$	889,436	\$	2,856,654	\$	993,426	\$ 8,390,810
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other									
current liabilities	\$	258,799	\$,	\$	7,072	\$	33,102	\$ 387,759
Accrued liabilities		208,559		11,784		191		77,983	298,517
Tax refunds payable		417		-		-		-	417
Due to U.S. Government		7,990		-		-		-	7,990
Due to local governments		282,118		127,684		-		50,977	460,779
Due to others		102,760		-		-		51	102,811
Due to other Funds		44,784		200,990		13,107		28,941	287,822
Unavailable deferred revenue		401,733		9,464		760,574		1,389	1,173,160
Unearned deferred revenue		77,996				31,621		959	 110,576
Total Liabilities		1,385,156		438,708		812,565		193,402	 2,829,831
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for:									
Budget stabilization fund		651,020		_		_		_	651,020
Highway construction		_		405,571		_		20,444	426,015
Other construction									6,256
School facilities improvements		_		_		-		6.256	
		110.149		-		-		6,256	
Permanent funds		- 110,149 -		-		2.043.591		6,256	110,149
Permanent funds Continuing appropriations		-		- - - 79.832		2,043,591 498		-	110,149 2,043,591
Continuing appropriations		- 110,149 - 69,861		79,832		2,043,591 498		38,341	110,149 2,043,591 188,532
Continuing appropriations Debt service		69,861		-				38,341 37,792	110,149 2,043,591 188,532 37,792
Continuing appropriations		69,861		5,005				38,341	110,149 2,043,591 188,532 37,792 5,447
Continuing appropriations Debt service Other fund balance reservations Unreserved		69,861		-				38,341 37,792	110,149 2,043,591 188,532 37,792
Continuing appropriations Debt service Other fund balance reservations		69,861		5,005				38,341 37,792	110,149 2,043,591 188,532 37,792 5,447
Continuing appropriations Debt service Other fund balance reservations Unreserved Unreserved in:		69,861		5,005				38,341 37,792 140	 110,149 2,043,591 188,532 37,792 5,447 1,395,126
Continuing appropriations Debt service Other fund balance reservations Unreserved Unreserved reported in: Non-major special revenue funds	<u> </u>	69,861 - 302 1,434,806	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,005 (39,680)		498	\$	38,341 37,792 140 -	 110,149 2,043,591 188,532 37,792 5,447 1,395,126

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 5,560,979
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		14,919,764
Receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,173,160
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.		(245,684)
The allocation of internal service fund net loss results in an amount due from business-type activities, which is not reported in the funds.		34,500
Deferred issue costs are reported as current expenditures in the funds. However, deferred issue costs are amortized over the life of the bonds and are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.		7,066
Long-term debt is not due and payable from current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. These amounts consist of:		
Grant anticipation notes Certificates of participation Capital leases Installment purchase contracts	,106,700) (325,430) ,020,810) (118,678) (6,815) (219,958)	
Deferred amount on refundings	17,832	(3,780,559)
Accrued liabilities for AHCCCS programmatic costs and reimbursements are not due and payable from current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(237,071)
Other long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Compensated absences Claims and judgments	(122,000) (91,116)	(213,116)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Other long-term assets		4,500
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 17,223,539

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

TRANSPORTATION & AVIATION PLANNING,

			AVIATION	PLANNING,				
			HIGH	IWAY	LAND	OTHER		
		GENERAL	MAINTE	NANCE &	ENDOWMENTS	GOVERNMENTAL		
		FUND		Y FUND	FUND	FUNDS		TOTAL
REVENUES					·			
Taxes:								
Sales	\$	5,427,713	\$	316,491	\$ -	\$ 568,886	\$	6,313,090
Income		4,535,454		-	-	38		4,535,492
Tobacco		64,078		-	-	184,044		248,122
Property		29,117		13,686	-	232		43,035
Motor vehicle and fuel		587		1,856,682	-	24		1,857,293
Other		467,428		-	-	108,518		575,946
Intergovernmental		7,532,085		453,502	41	33,881		8,019,509
Licenses, fees, and permits		106,244		121,179	-	182,646		410,069
Earnings on investments		116,618		17,717	75,126	37,789		247,250
Sales and charges for services		89,593		1,214	13,729	57,512		162,048
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		18,087		-	-	120,267		138,354
Gaming		6,008		-	-	78,786		84,794
Tobacco settlement		86,231		-	-	-		86,231
Other		97,532		9,607	17,939	144,333		269,411
Total Revenues		18,576,775		2,790,078	106,835	1,516,956		22,990,644
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		749,992		-	28	111,353		861,373
Health and welfare		8,657,773		-	6,290	331,367		8,995,430
Inspection and regulation		53,422		_	-	103,979		157,401
Education		4,713,730		-	50,622	538,590		5,302,942
Protection and safety		1,129,320		_	5,911	112,277		1,247,508
Transportation		76		370,358	-	3,169		373,603
Natural resources		66,892		-	-	111,940		178,832
Intergovernmental revenue sharing		1,470,931		1,190,963	-	-		2,661,894
Debt service:								
Principal		17,861		-	-	243,416		261,277
Interest and other fiscal charges		39,339		2,748	-	134,846		176,933
Capital outlay		85,736		731,072	343	249,664		1,066,815
Total Expenditures		16,985,072		2,295,141	63,194	1,940,601		21,284,008
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		1,591,703		494,937	43,641	(423,645)		1,706,636
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		277,982		3,926	131	530,044		812,083
Transfers out		(917,492)		(457,857)	(1,571)	(208,834)		(1,585,754)
Proceeds from sale of trust land		-		_	284,293	-		284,293
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		11,118	-	-		11,118
Capital lease and installment purchase contracts	3	3,543		-	-	-		3,543
Refunding bonds issued		-		-	-	596,160		596,160
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		_	-	(646,689)		(646,689)
Bonds issued		-		-	-	118,250		118,250
Premium on bonds issued		-		-	-	59,711		59,711
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(635,967)		(442,813)	282,853	448,642		(347,285)
Net Change in Fund Balances		955,736	-	52,124	326,494	24,997		1,359,351
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,310,402		398,604	1,717,595	775,027	_	4,201,628
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,266,138	\$	450,728	\$ 2,044,089	\$ 800,024	\$	5,560,979

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,359,351

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital outlay	1,066,815	
Depreciation expense	(95,527)	971,288
The net loss of internal service funds that is included with governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.		(39,812)

Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not currently available at yearend and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.

Operating grants	17,036	
Sales taxes	9,221	
Income taxes	13,351	
Accrued interest on land sales contracts	26,179	
Other revenue	3,508	69,295

Trust land sales are financed with long-term mortgages. In the Statement of Activities, the gain on sale of trust land is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the collection of mortgage payments are reported. 283,071

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Kerr vs. Killian lawsuit	(15,000)	
AHCCCS accrued programmatic costs	(31,965)	
Other noncurrent expenses	(423)	(47,388)

Certain expenditures that are reported in the funds in the current year, but were incurred in prior fiscal years, are not reported in the Statement of Activities.

Ladewig vs. State of Arizona lawsuit	49,539	
Accrued contract payable	48,079	
Compensated absences	18,271	115,889

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

The estimated liability for the Ladewig vs. State of Arizona lawsuit, which was accrued at the government-wide level in fiscal year 2005, has been revised, in the State's favor, in fiscal year 2006. This accrual was not financed from current financial resources in fiscal year 2005 and, therefore, was not reported in the fund statements in fiscal year 2005.

25,250

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. In the current period, proceeds were received from:

New bonds issued	(118,250)	
Refunding bonds issued	(596,160)	
Premium on bonds issued	(59,711)	
Deferred amount on debt refunding	21,398	(752,723)

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Debt service principal	261,277	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	595,430	
Debt premium/discount amortization	37,921	
Amortization of deferred amount	(3,566)	891,062

Some capital asset additions were financed through capital leases and installment purchase contracts. Such financing arrangements are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds, however, these amounts are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

(3,543)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 2,871,740

STATE OF ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (Expressed in Thousands) INDUSTRIAL UNEMPLOYMENT COMMISSION UNIVERSITIES COMPENSATION SPECIAL FUND LOTTERY OTHER ASSETS Current Assets: \$ 115,576 \$ \$ 42,750 \$ \$ 668 Cash Cash with U.S. Treasury 902,130 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 145,863 13,345 56,589 29,093 Restricted cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 88,486 Collateral investment pool 27,916 49,750 Short-term investments 146,632 42 Receivables, net of allowances: 67,287 Taxes 4,658 1,251 Interest 2,175 463 4,139 7,486 Loans and notes Other 71,901 7,882 1,489 3,489 6,259 Due from U.S. Government 64,146 71 Due from local governments 120 Due from other Funds 131,310 Inventories, at cost 19,172 2,897 7,054 Other current assets 4,960 632 Total Current Assets 601,556 977,299 114,167 62,975 271,684 Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets: 20,163 Cash Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 872 Cash held by trustee 149,931 Investments 32,696 Investments held by trustee 52,159 55 Receivables, net of allowances: Loans and notes 29,424 10,107 Other 6,563 118,270 Investments 228,699 Endowment investments 270,542 7,316 Other long-term assets 10,672 Capital assets: Infrastructure, land, and other non-depreciable 332,348 2,996 1,110 4,322 Depreciable buildings, property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation 2,506,352 18,552 2,563 16,707 **Total Noncurrent Assets** 3,529,120 250,302 10,989 32,008 4,130,676 364,469 73,964 Total Assets 977,299 303,692

TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$ 158,994 902,130 244,890	\$ - 114,426
88,486 77,666 146,674	- - -
71,945 3,889 11,625	- 11
91,020 64,217 120 131,310	6,899 - - - 3,467
29,123 5,592 2,027,681	2,973 7,176 134,952
20,163	-
872 149,931 32,696 52,214	- - -
39,531 6,563 346,969	-
270,542 17,988 340,776	-
2,544,174 3,822,419 5,850,100	69,711 69,711 204,663

(Continued)

STATE OF ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS						
,	INDUSTRIAL						
		UNEMPLOYMENT	COMMISSION				
	UNIVERSITIES	COMPENSATION	SPECIAL FUND	LOTTERY	OTHER		
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	95,723	-	14,126	2,606	4,326		
Accrued liabilities	43,247	17,836	-	-	8,295		
Obligations under securities loan agreements	27,916	-	49,750	-	-		
Due to U.S. Government	-	9	-	-	-		
Due to local governments	-	-	-	7,698	-		
Due to others	27,642	8,777	-	34,856	135		
Due to other Funds	-	758	-	17,176	170,560		
Unearned deferred revenue	81,805	-	-	-	11,689		
Current portion of accrued insurance losses	-	-	27,304	-	-		
Current portion of long-term debt	65,422	-	-	-	-		
Current portion of other long-term liabilities	9,413	-	-	363	846		
Total Current Liabilities	351,168	27,380	91,180	62,699	195,851		
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Unearned deferred revenue	34,770	-	-	-	-		
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-	2,125		
Accrued insurance losses	-	-	382,939	-	-		
Funds held for others	45,095	-	-	-	-		
Long-term debt	1,824,296	-	-	-	40		
Other long-term liabilities	52,145	-	-	-	68		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,956,306	-	382,939	-	2,233		
Total Liabilities	2,307,474	27,380	474,119	62,699	198,084		
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,098,164	-	21,548	3,673	20,989		
Restricted for:							
Capital projects	6,106	-	-	-	-		
Unemployment compensation	-	949,919	-	-	-		
Debt service	9,198	-	-	-	-		
University funds:							
Expendable	189,746	-	-	-	-		
Nonexpendable	178,001	-	-	-	-		
Loans and other financial assistance:							
Expendable	-	-	-	-	67,423		
Other	-	-	-	-	62		
Unrestricted (deficit)	341,987		(131,198)	7,592	17,134		
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,823,202	\$ 949,919	\$ (109,650)	\$ 11,265	\$ 105,608		

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Net assets of business-type activities

	GOVERNMENTAL
TOTAL	ACTIVITIES -
ENTERPRISE	INTERNAL
FUNDS	SERVICE FUNDS
116 701	56 140
116,781	56,149 1,404
69,378 77,666	1,404
77,000	-
7,698	_
71,410	_
188,494	2,118
93,494	2,110
27,304	53,366
65,422	2,579
10,622	7,891
728,278	123,507
34,770	
2,125	-
382,939	313,834
45,095	313,034
1,824,336	8,551
52,213	4,455
2,341,478	326,840
3,069,756	450,347
1,144,374	58,581
6,106	-
949,919	-
9,198	-
189,746	-
178,001	-
67,423	_
62	_
235,515	(304,265)
\$ 2,780,344	\$ (245,684)
(24.500)	
(34,500)	
\$ 2,745,844	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES

AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006INDUSTRIAL (Expressed in Thousands) UNEMPLOYMENT COMMISSION UNIVERSITIES COMPENSATION SPECIAL FUND LOTTERY OTHER OPERATING REVENUES Sales and charges for services: Pledged student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances of \$175,898 624,923 \$ \$ Pledged auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances of \$7,496 277,332 Pledged educational department 60,712 Lottery 468,697 122,466 Other Unemployment assessments 311,687 Workers' compensation assessments 24,908 Intergovernmental 595,594 7,125 588 Nongovernmental grants and contracts 94,536 Licenses, fees, and permits 723 Earnings on investments 3,281 Fines, forfeitures, and penalties 2,550 9,186 Settlement income Other (revenues for Universities are pledged) 23,325 81 2,557 Total Operating Revenues 1.676.422 34.094 129.615 321.389 468.778 OPERATING EXPENSES 657,436 (24,433)308,572 Cost of sales and benefits 226,171 89.494 Interest on notes payable 4.040 Scholarships and fellowships 114 354 Personal services 1,718,901 5.657 26.934 Contractual services 11.303 7 356 Depreciation and amortization 166,799 1,157 215 2.322 Insurance 53 503 Other 2.548 6,244 Total Operating Expenses 2,657,490 226,171 (23,276)328,348 136,893 Operating Income (Loss) (981,068) 95,218 140,430 (7,278)NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Share of State sales tax revenues 54,550 Gifts and donations 96,441 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets (27) 86 Investment income (revenues for Universities 35,074 are pledged) 36,885 9,595 4,381 21,619 Endowment earnings on investments 29,247 597 Other non-operating revenue 2,127 796 Distributions to local governments (48,650) (70,255) Interest expense (3) (1) Other non-operating expense (14,347) (4,973)(106) Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 152,302 36,885 6,746 5,063 (47,960)Income (Loss) Before Contributions (828,766) 132,103 64,116 92,470 (2,215) and Transfers Capital grants and contributions 30,056 Contributions to permanent endowments 3.803 Special Item - intergovernmental transfer of Sundome Center for the Performing Arts (7.874)Transfers in 110 851,304 19,000 Transfers out (2,567)(92,367)(988)

Change in net assets of enterprise funds

Change in Net Assets

Total Net Assets - Beginning

Total Net Assets - Ending

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

48 523

1,774,679

1,823,202

129 536

820,383

949.919

83,116

(192,766)

(109,650)

Change in net assets of business-type activities

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

(3.093)

108,701

105,608

103

11,162

11,265

TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$ 624,923	\$ -
277,332	_
60,712	-
468,697	-
122,466	724,732
311,687	-
24,908	-
603,307 94,536	-
723	-
3,281	_
2,550	-
9,186	-
25,990	681
2,630,298	725,413
1,257,240	593,709
4,040	373,707
114,354	_
1,751,492	27,818
18,659	28,848
170,493	12,990
556	116,804
8,792	6,305
2 225 (2)	
3,325,626	786,474
3,325,626 (695,328)	
	786,474
(695,328) 54,550	786,474
(695,328) 54,550 96,441	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550	786,474
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650)	786,474 (61,061) - - - 353 188 - 139
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259)	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650)	786,474 (61,061) - - - 353 188 - 139
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426)	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036	786,474 (61,061) - - - 353 188 - 139 (356) - 324
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292)	786,474 (61,061) - - 353 188 - 139 - (356) - 324
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036	786,474 (61,061) - - - 353 188 - 139 (356) - 324
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803	786,474 (61,061) - - - 353 188 - 139 (356) - 324
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292)	786,474 (61,061) - - - 353 188 - 139 (356) - 324
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874)	786,474 (61,061) - - - 353 188 - 139 (356) - 324
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874) 870,414 (95,922)	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874) 870,414 (95,922) 258,185	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874) 870,414 (95,922) 258,185 2,522,159	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874) 870,414 (95,922) 258,185	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874) 870,414 (95,922) 258,185 2,522,159 \$ 2,780,344	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874) 870,414 (95,922) 258,185 2,522,159 \$ 2,780,344	786,474 (61,061)
(695,328) 54,550 96,441 59 85,935 21,619 32,767 (48,650) (70,259) (19,426) 153,036 (542,292) 30,056 3,803 (7,874) 870,414 (95,922) 258,185 2,522,159 \$ 2,780,344	786,474 (61,061)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS	TARY FUNDS							
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
(Expressed in Thousands)	INDUSTRIAL							
		UNEMPLOYMENT	COMMISSION					
	UNIVERSITIES	COMPENSATION	SPECIAL FUND	LOTTERY	OTHER			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,416	\$ 131,795			
Receipts from assessments	-	310,795	25,529	-	-			
Receipts from student loans collected	37,468	-	-	-	-			
Receipts from sales and services of auxiliary								
enterprises	280,497	-	-	-	-			
Receipts from sales and services of								
educational departments	64,436	-	-	-	-			
Receipts from interfund services / premiums	-	-	-	-	-			
Receipts from student tuition and fees	618,343	-	-	-	-			
Receipts from federal and local governments	685,848	7,125	-	-	621			
Receipts from settlement income	-	-	9,186	-	-			
Receipts from other Funds	-	-	-	-	19,232			
Payments to suppliers, prize winners, claimants,								
insurance companies, or beneficiaries	(625,418)	(224,126)	(14,872)	(127,639)	(92,988)			
Payments to employees	(1,689,944)	-	-	(5,555)	(27,088)			
Payments to retirees	-	-	-	-	-			
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(133,726)	-	-	-	-			
Payments for student loans issued	(38,115)	-	-	-	-			
Payments to other Funds	-	-	-	-	(35,921)			
Other receipts	19,161	2,577		13,152	687			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(781,450)	96,371	19,843	147,374	(3,662)			
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Custodial funds received	263,311							
Office rental receipts	203,311	-	2,127	-	-			
Share of State sales tax receipts	65,168		2,127	-	_			
Grants and contributions received	482,248				197			
Transfers from other Funds	857,190		19.000		3,573			
Interest paid	037,170		12,000		3,373			
Custodial funds disbursed	(240,644)		-	-	_			
Grants and contributions disbursed	(380,156)							
Distributions to local governments	(300,130)			(48,650)				
Transfers to other Funds		(2,056)		(92,187)	(988)			
Other receipts (payments)	_	(2,030)	(1,967)	(>2,107)	399			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital			(1,507)		3,,,			
Financing Activities	1,047,117	(2,056)	19,160	(140,837)	3,181			
1 maneing 1 territies	1,017,117	(2,000)	17,100	(110,037)	3,101			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	22,058	-	-	-	-			
Proceeds from capital debt, installment purchase								
contracts and capital leases	177,357	-	-	-	-			
Capital grants and contributions received	16,951	-	-	-	-			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(389,381)	-	(226)	(413)	(3,604)			
Interest paid on capital debt, installment purchase								
contracts and capital leases	(70,854)	-	(3)	-	-			
Principal paid on capital debt, installment								
purchase contracts and capital leases	(56,677)	-	(3,100)	-	(18)			
Other (payments)			(12)					

(300,546)

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other (payments)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and

Related Financing Activities

(12)

(413)

(3,622)

(3,341)

TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
TONDS	SERVICE FUNDS
\$ 399,211	\$ -
336,324	_
37,468	_
,	
280,497	-
64,436	729,431
618,343	
693,594	
9,186	
19,232	_
19,232	-
(1,085,043)	(677,637)
(1,722,587)	(27,534)
-	(9,785)
(133,726)	-
(38,115)	-
(35,921)	-
35,577	693
(521,524)	15,168
263,311	-
2,127	-
65,168	-
482,445	-
879,763	10,869
-	(356)
(240,644)	-
(380,156)	-
(48,650)	-
(95,231)	(11,700)
(1,568)	139
926,565	(1,048)
22,058	758
177,357	_
16,951	-
(393,624)	(10,040)
	(,,-
(70,857)	-
(59,795)	-
(12)	
(307,922)	(9,282)

(Continued)

STATE OF ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS									
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006									
(Expressed in Thousands)					INDUSTRIAL				
				IPLOYMENT	COMMISSION				
	UNI	VERSITIES	COM	PENSATION	SPECIAL FUNI)	LOTTERY		OTHER
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		540,236		-	149,26		-		-
Interest and dividends from investments		33,821		36,884	12,77	6	330		4,220
Change in cash collateral received from securities									
lending transactions		-		-	2,81		-		-
Purchase of investments		(536,729)		-	(147,27		-		(1)
Other (payments)		-		-	(3,26		-		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		37,328		36,884	14,30	5	330		4,219
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,449		131,199	49,96	7	6.454		116
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		429,084		770,931	55,87		50,135		119,003
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	431,533	\$	902,130	\$ 105,84	5 \$	56,589	\$	119,119
8	_	,	_	, , , , , , ,		==		Ť	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME									
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(981,068)	\$	95,218	\$ 57,37	0 \$	140,430	\$	(7,278)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to									
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		166,799		-	1,15	7	215		2,322
Loss on sale of capital assets		-		-		-	3		-
Net changes in assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net of allowances		287		(1,642)	67	1	3,366		114
Decrease in due from U.S. Government		-		-		-	-		33
Decrease in due from local governments		-		-		-	-		83
(Increase) in due from other Funds		-		-		-	-		(12,899)
(Increase) decrease in inventories, at cost		(258)		-		-	(570)		1,208
(Increase) decrease in other assets		(2,090)		-		-	(586)		13
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		22,025		-	12,00	0	(271)		2,026
Increase in accrued liabilities		13,508		2,797		-	4,787		3,295
(Decrease) in due to U.S. Government		-		(2)		-	-		-
Increase in due to others		82		-		-	-		40
Increase in due to other Funds		-		-		-	-		4,040
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		(735)		-		-	-		1,401
Increase (decrease) in accrued insurance losses		-		-	(51,35	5)	-		-
Increase in contracts payable		-		-		-	-		2,125
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities				-			-		(185)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(781,450)	\$	96,371	\$ 19,84	3 \$	147,374	\$	(3,662)
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL									
AND NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Gifts and conveyances of capital assets	\$	3,076	\$	_	\$	- \$	_	\$	_
Assets acquired under capital leases		_		_		_ `	_		_
Contribution of capital assets from other funds		_		-		-	-		_
Change in fair value of investments		(653)		_	3,18	7	31		106
Amortization of bond discount and issuance costs		(1,902)		_		-	-		-
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding and									
bond premium		1,248		_		-	-		-
Gain on disposal of capital assets, net		14,248		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental transfer of capital assets		(7,874)		-		-	-		-
Amortization of deferred rent		4,900		-		_	-		-
Refinancing of long-term debt		71,585		-		-	-		-
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Non-capital									
Financing Activities	\$	84,628	\$		\$ 3,18	7 \$	31	\$	106
								_	

TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
689,500 88,031	188
2,811 (684,007) (3,269)	- - -
93,066	5,026
1,425,031	109,400
\$ 1,615,216	\$ 114,426
¢ (505.220)	(61.051)
\$ (695,328)	\$ (61,061)
170,493 3	12,990
2,796 33	4,502
83 (12,899)	(709)
380 (2,663)	(155) (5,028)
35,780	(4,229)
24,387 (2)	987
122 4,040	1,427
666 (51,355)	65,600
2,125 (185)	- 844
\$ (521,524)	
\$ 3,076	\$ -
-	5,220 3,903
2,671	-
(1,902)	-
1,248 14,248	-
(7,874)	-
4,900 71,585	-
\$ 87,952	\$ 9,123

STATE OF ARIZONA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Thousands)	PENSION	INVESTMENT	AGENCY
	TRUSTS	TRUSTS	FUNDS
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 28,649	\$ -	\$ 41,132
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer			376,799
Prepaid benefits	120,076	-	370,799
Short-term investments	120,070	-	5,906
Receivables, net of allowances:			3,700
Accrued interest and dividends	82,343	8,775	786
Securities sold	371,018	0,773	700
Forward contract receivable	1,889,592		
Contributions	39,686	_	
Court fees	341	_	
Due from other Funds	320		_
Miscellaneous receivables	4,785	_	
Total receivables	2,388,085	8,775	786
		·	
Due from others	-	-	92,983
Investments, at fair value:			
Temporary investments	1,876,609	-	-
Temporary investments from			
securities lending	2,265,754	-	-
U.S. Government securities	4,411,362	1,081,884	-
Corporate bonds	2,713,331	873,213	-
Corporate notes	293,862	-	-
Corporate stocks	21,010,693	-	-
Real estate mortgages and contracts	245,787	-	-
Collateral investment pool	1,121,778	-	-
Repurchase agreements	-	1,264,696	-
Other investments	200,708	-	-
Money market mutual funds	-	8,703	-
Total investments	34,139,884	3,228,496	
Custodial securities in safekeeping	_	_	2,641,576
Other assets	_	_	4,072
Property and equipment, net of			1,072
accumulated depreciation	4,447	-	-
Total Assets	36,681,141	3,237,271	3,163,254
Total Assets	30,081,141	3,237,271	3,103,234
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current			
liabilities	1,916,812	-	188,274
Payable for securities purchased	895,749	-	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	8,112
Obligation under securities			
loan agreements	3,387,532	-	
Due to local governments	-	5,234	19,055
Due to others	-	-	2,947,813
Due to other Funds	320	-	
Total Liabilities	6,200,413	5,234	3,163,254
NET ASSETS			
Held in trust for:			
	20 400 720	_	_
Pension benefits	30,480,728		
Pension benefits Pool participants	30,480,728	3,232,037	

STATE OF ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(]	PENSION TRUSTS	INVESTMENT TRUSTS
ADDITIONS:	1110515	11(0515
Member contributions	\$ 728,682	\$ -
Employer contributions	770,993	-
Member purchase of service credit	136,857	-
Court fees	3,855	-
Investment income:		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of		
investments	2,050,159	(16)
Interest income	379,154	128,584
Dividends	301,489	-
Real estate	8,150	-
Other investment income	6,062	-
Securities lending income	90,333	-
Total investment income	2,835,347	128,568
Less investment expenses:		
Investment activity expenses	53,000	2,593
Security lending expenses	83,290	-
Net investment income	2,699,057	125,975
Capital share and individual account transactions:		
Shares sold	-	4,548,543
Reinvested interest income	-	117,750
Shares redeemed	-	(4,599,181)
Net capital share and individual		
account transactions		67,112
Other additions	5,790	<u> </u>
Total Additions	4,345,234	193,087
DEDUCTIONS:		
Retirement and disability benefits	2,034,736	-
Death benefits	17,125	-
Refunds to withdrawing members,		
including interest	83,286	-
Administrative expense	36,047	-
Dividends to investors	-	125,975
Other deductions	9,107	
Total Deductions	2,180,301	125,975
Change in net assets held in trust for:		
Pension benefits	2,164,933	-
Pool participants	-	67,112
Net Assets - Beginning	28,315,795	3,164,925
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 30,480,728	\$ 3,232,037

STATE OF ARIZONA **COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS** COMPONENT UNITS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)	WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE	UNIVERSITY MEDICAL	ARIZONA POWER	
	AUTHORITY	CENTER	AUTHORITY	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$ -	\$ 14,783	\$ -	\$ 14,783
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer	135,395	-	5,976	141,371
Cash held by trustee	126,815	-	-	126,815
Short-term investments	-	85,848	-	85,848
Restricted investments held by trustee	-	-	2,818	2,818
Receivables, net of allowances:				
Interest	7,671	-	149	7,820
Other	3,103	64,152	2,948	70,203
Inventories, at cost	-	10,102	-	10,102
Other current assets	-	5,630	1,883	7,513
Total Current Assets	272,984	180,515	13,774	467,273
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Investments held by trustee	-	154,515	6,547	161,062
Loans and notes receivable, net of allowances	574,935	-	-	574,935
Investments	80,896	-	-	80,896
Other noncurrent assets	3,540	3,520	42,760	49,820
Capital assets:				
Land and other nondepreciable	-	36,072	-	36,072
Depreciable buildings, property and equipment	102	271,123	1,324	272,549
Less: accumulated depreciation	(94)	(185,336)	(1,088)	(186,518)
Total Noncurrent Assets	659,379	279,894	49,543	988,816
Total Assets	932,363	460,409	63,317	1,456,089
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	-	34,010	3,478	37,488
Accrued liabilities	5,147	15,762	708	21,617
Current portion of accrued insurance losses	-	5,013	-	5,013
Current portion of long-term debt	25,110	3,835	2,825	31,770
Current portion of other long-term liabilities	59	4,751	68	4,878
Total Current Liabilities	30,316	63,371	7,079	100,766
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Unearned deferred revenue	2,355	-	_	2,355
Accrued insurance losses	-	9,733	-	9,733
Long-term debt	586,895	228,004	52,921	867,820
Other long-term liabilities	-	9,139	· <u>-</u>	9,139
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	589,250	246,876	52,921	889,047
Total Liabilities	619,566	310,247	60,000	989,813
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	8	9,996	236	10,240
Restricted for:	O	7,770	230	10,2 70
Debt service	_	19,489	_	19,489
Loans and other financial assistance	261,156	-	_	261,156
Unrestricted	51,633	120,677	3,081	175,391
Total Net Assets	\$ 312,797		\$ 3,317	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

COMPONENT UNITS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands) WATER

(Expressed in Thousands)	WAIEK			
	INFRASTRUCTURE	UNIVERSITY	ARIZONA	
	FINANCE	MEDICAL	POWER	
	AUTHORITY	CENTER	AUTHORITY	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES			_	
Sales and charges for services	\$ -	\$ 406,697	\$ 26,329	\$ 433,026
Intergovernmental	20,952	-	-	20,952
Licenses, fees, and permits	7,636	-	-	7,636
Earnings on investments	11,034			11,034
Total Operating Revenues	39,622	406,697	26,329	472,648
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Cost of sales and benefits	-	93,716	24,663	118,379
Personal services	823	188,627	-	189,450
Contractual services	553	61,001	-	61,554
Aid to local governments	121	-	-	121
Depreciation and amortization	4	18,706	40	18,750
Insurance	-	4,367	-	4,367
Other	17,748	22,647	1,514	41,909
Total Operating Expenses	19,249	389,064	26,217	434,530
Operating Income	20,373	17,633	112	38,118
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	10,021	9,046	750	19,817
Other non-operating revenue	-	-	95	95
Interest expense	-	(3,538)	(395)	(3,933)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	10,021	5,508	450	15,979
Change in Net Assets	30,394	23,141	562	54,097
Total Net Assets - Beginning	282,403	127,021	2,755	412,179
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 312,797	\$ 150,162	\$ 3,317	\$ 466,276

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

UNIVERSITIES - AFFILIATED COMPONENT UNITS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FICULITIES COMPONENT COMPONENT	(Expressed in Thousands)					
Note Property and equipment, net of financing leases Property and equipment, net of financing leases Property and equipment, net of Other sects Property and equipment net of Basets Property and equipment net of Defraction Property net of Default Property net of Defraction Property net of Defraction Property net of Defraction Property net of Default Property net of Def		A DAZONIA GELATE	I D III IED GIES I		OTHER	
POUNDATION POUNDATION CORPORATION UNITS TOTAL						
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalent investments 6.835 61,398 224 11,970 80,427 Receivables: ————————————————————————————————————						TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalent investments 6,835 6,835 61,398 224 11,970 80,427 Receivables: Pledges receivable 64,907 29,230 - 34,603 128,740 Other receivables 1,504 724 311 8,655 11,194 Total receivables 66,411 29,954 31 43,258 139,934 Investments Colspan="6">Colspan=	A COTETE	FOUNDATION	FOUNDATION	CORPORATION	UNIIS	IOTAL
Pledges receivable Other receivables 64,907 (1504) 29,230 (724) - 34,603 (724) 128,740 (724) Other receivables 1,504 (724) 311 (725) 8,655 (725) 11,194 (724) Total receivables 66,411 (729,954) 311 (728,745) 43,258 (728,745) Investments 812,999 - 5,071 (728,745) 69,156 (728,745) Other investments held in trust for Universities 64,135 (728,745) - - 5,021 (728,745) Other investments 55,371 (728,745) 8,379 (728,745) 868 (729) (728,747) 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 (728,745) - 35,000 (728,747) 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 (728,745) - 35,000 (728,747) 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 (728,745) - 35,000 (728,747) 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 (728,745) - 35,000 (728,747) 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 (728,745) - 35,000 (728,747) 947,002 Permacumulated depreciation 18,063 (728,748) 3,111 (728,74		\$ 6,835	\$ 61,398	\$ 224	\$ 11,970	\$ 80,427
Other receivables 1,504 724 311 8,655 11,194 Total receivables 66,411 29,954 311 43,258 139,934 Investments Investments in securities 345,224 303,638 76,870 87,267 812,999 Investments held in trust for Universities 64,135 - - 5,021 69,156 Other investments 55,371 8,379 868 229 64,847 Total investments 464,730 312,017 77,738 92,517 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 - 35,000 13,110 72,709 Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation 18,063 3,111 191,967 56,503 269,644 Other assets 20,664 15,321 7,649 12,501 56,135 Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,	Receivables:					
Total receivables 66,411 29,954 311 43,258 139,934	Pledges receivable	64,907	29,230	-	34,603	128,740
Investments in securities 345,224 303,638 76,870 87,267 812,999 Investments held in trust for Universities 64,135 -	Other receivables	1,504	724	311	8,655	11,194
Investments in securities 345,224 303,638 76,870 87,267 812,999	Total receivables	66,411	29,954	311	43,258	139,934
Investments held in trust for Universities	Investments:					
Other investments 55,371 8,379 868 229 64,847 Total investments 464,730 312,017 77,738 92,517 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 - 35,000 13,110 72,709 Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation 18,063 3,111 191,967 56,503 269,644 Other assets 20,664 15,321 7,649 12,501 56,135 Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Uncarned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 <	Investments in securities	345,224	303,638	76,870	87,267	812,999
Total investments 464,730 312,017 77,738 92,517 947,002 Net direct financing leases 24,599 - 35,000 13,110 72,709 Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation 18,063 3,111 191,967 56,503 269,644 Other assets 20,664 15,321 7,649 12,501 56,135 Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - <	Investments held in trust for Universities	64,135	-	-	5,021	69,156
Net direct financing leases 24,599 - 35,000 13,110 72,709 Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation 18,063 3,111 191,967 56,503 269,644 Other assets 20,664 15,321 7,649 12,501 56,135 Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,	Other investments	55,371	8,379	868	229	64,847
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation 18,063 3,111 191,967 56,503 269,644 Other assets 20,664 15,321 7,649 12,501 56,135 Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Total investments	464,730	312,017	77,738	92,517	947,002
accumulated depreciation 18,063 3,111 191,967 56,503 269,644 Other assets 20,664 15,321 7,649 12,501 56,135 Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Net direct financing leases	24,599	-	35,000	13,110	72,709
Other assets 20,664 15,321 7,649 12,501 56,135 Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Property and equipment, net of					
Total Assets 601,302 421,801 312,889 229,859 1,565,851 LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	accumulated depreciation	18,063	3,111	191,967	56,503	269,644
LIABILITIES Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Other assets	20,664	15,321	7,649	12,501	56,135
Liability under Universities' endowment trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Total Assets	601,302	421,801	312,889	229,859	1,565,851
trust agreements 64,135 20,245 - 5,441 89,821 Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	LIABILITIES					
Bonds payable 81,710 160 302,746 79,351 463,967 Unearned revenue - - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Liability under Universities' endowment					
Unearned revenue - - 603 20,167 20,770 Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	trust agreements	64,135	20,245	-	5,441	89,821
Other liabilities 11,672 5,142 18,168 7,723 42,705 Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Bonds payable	81,710	160	302,746	79,351	463,967
Total Liabilities 157,517 25,547 321,517 112,682 617,263 NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Unearned revenue	-	-	603	20,167	20,770
NET ASSETS Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Other liabilities	11,672	5,142	18,168	7,723	42,705
Permanently restricted 298,167 267,075 - 31,510 596,752 Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Total Liabilities	157,517	25,547	321,517	112,682	617,263
Temporarily restricted 112,721 116,235 - 50,212 279,168 Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	NET ASSETS					
Unrestricted 32,897 12,944 (8,628) 35,455 72,668	Permanently restricted	298,167	267,075	-	31,510	596,752
	Temporarily restricted	112,721	116,235	-	50,212	279,168
Total Net Assets \$ 443,785 \ \$ 396,254 \ \$ (8,628) \ \$ 117,177 \ \$ 948,588	Unrestricted	32,897	12,944	(8,628)	35,455	72,668
	Total Net Assets	\$ 443,785	\$ 396,254	\$ (8,628)	\$ 117,177	\$ 948,588

STATE OF ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

UNIVERSITIES - AFFILIATED COMPONENT UNITS

JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Thousands)

	ARIZ	ONA STATE	UN	IVERSITY	Al	RIZONA CAPITAL FACILITIES	(OTHER		
	UNIVERSITY			OF ARIZONA		FINANCIAL		COMPONENT		TOTAL
REVENUES	FOU	NDATION	FOU	NDATION		CORPORATION		UNITS		TOTAL
Contributions	\$	123,378	\$	53,345	\$	_	\$	21,108	\$	197,831
Rental revenue	Ψ	768	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,878	Ψ	17,715	Ψ	22,361
Sales and services		18,190		_		121		8,631		26,942
Net investment income		35,178		24,058		615		7,464		67,315
Capital lease revenue		-				-		92		92
Other revenues		7,262		10,525		4,370		7,737		29,894
Total Revenues		184,776		87,928		8,984		62,747		344,435
EXPENSES										
Program services:										
Payments to Universities		32,223		33,086		-		7,415		72,724
Leasing related expenses		-		-		-		6,265		6,265
Payments on behalf of Universities		-		14,345		-		8,016		22,361
Other program services		11,442		-		-		4,768		16,210
Personal services, operations, and										
administrative expenses		15,264		3,813		3,164		17,230		39,471
Fundraising expenses		-		4,798		-		2,667		7,465
Interest		2,375		-		3,850		2,730		8,955
Other expenses		2,709		-		4,217		2,679		9,605
Total Expenses		64,013		56,042		11,231		51,770	_	183,056
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		120,763		31,886		(2,247)		10,977		161,379
Net Assets - Beginning, as restated		323,022		364,368		(6,381)		106,200		787,209
Net Assets - Ending	\$	443,785	\$	396,254	\$	(8,628)	\$	117,177	\$	948,588

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the State of Arizona (the State) conform to U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The State is a general purpose government. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the State (the primary government) and its component units. Component Units' footnote disclosures are presented in Note 15 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Component Units.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate entities for which the State is considered to be financially accountable, or organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the State. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of a government's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units of the State, except for component units affiliated with the State's Universities, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the State. Because the component units affiliated with the Universities follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements, these financial statements have been reported on separate pages following the respective counterpart financial statements of the State. For financial reporting purposes, only the statement of financial position and the statement of activities for component units affiliated with the Universities are included in the State's financial statements as required by the GASB.

The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the State to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the State.

In addition, GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units* (GASB 39) requires that legally separate, tax-exempt entities that meet *all* of the following criteria should be discretely presented as component units: (1) The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents, (2) The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization, and (3) The economic resources received or held by an *individual organization* that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

The State reports the following blended component units:

The Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that benefits employees of the State, its political subdivisions, and public schools. The ASRS is governed by a nine-member board that is appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate to serve three-year terms.

The Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) is an agent, multi-employer, public employee retirement system that benefits fire fighters and police officers employed by the State and its political subdivisions. The PSPRS is jointly administered by the Fund Manager and 203 local boards. The Fund Manager is a five-member board appointed by the Governor. All members serve a fixed three-year term. Each eligible group participating in the system has a five-member local board. All members serve a fixed four-year term.

The Elected Officials' Retirement Plan (EORP) is a cost-sharing, multi-employer, public employee retirement plan that benefits all State and county elected officials and judges and certain elected city officials. The EORP is administered by a five-member board appointed by the Governor. All members serve a fixed three-year term.

The Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP) is an agent, multi-employer, public employee retirement plan that benefits county detention officers and certain employees of the State's Department of Corrections and Department of Juvenile Corrections. The CORP is jointly administered by the Fund Manager of the PSPRS and 20 local boards. Each employer member participating in the CORP has a five-member local board. All members serve a fixed four-year term.

The State reports the following discretely presented component units:

University Medical Center (UMC) – The UMC is the primary teaching hospital for the College of Medicine, the College of Nursing, the College of Pharmacy, the College of Public Health, and the School of Health Related Professions of the University of Arizona (U of A). The UMC was created in 1984 when the State Legislature passed a bill that allowed the Arizona Board of Regents (ABOR) to convey the UMC to a private, not-for-profit, tax-exempt corporation. Although an autonomous entity was created, the teaching missions and research alliances with the U of A and the State remained. The ABOR confirms all members of the UMC's Board of Directors, and must approve all amendments to the UMC's articles of incorporation and bylaws. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the UMC's administrative offices at 655 East River Road, Tucson, Arizona 85704, (520) 694-2700.

Arizona Power Authority (APA) – The APA purchases the State's allocation of power produced at the federally owned Boulder Canyon Project hydropower plant and resells it to Arizona entities that are eligible purchasers under federal and state laws. The APA is governed by a commission of five members appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate. The term of office of each member is six years and the members select a chairman and vice-chairman from among their membership for a term of two years. All revenue bonds issued by the APA must be approved by the State Certification Board. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the APA's administrative offices at 1810 West Adams Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85007-2697, (602) 542-4263.

Water Infrastructure Finance Authority (WIFA) – The WIFA is authorized to administer the Clean Water Revolving Fund. The Clean Water Revolving Fund was created pursuant to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, which required the State to establish the Clean Water Revolving Fund to accept federal capitalization grants for publicly owned wastewater treatment projects. The WIFA has also entered into an agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency to administer the Drinking Water Revolving Fund pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water Act. The WIFA is governed by a twelve-member board of directors. The ten Governor appointed directors serve staggered terms of five years and serve at the pleasure of the Governor. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the WIFA's administrative offices at 1100 West Washington, Suite 290, Phoenix, Arizona 85007, (602) 364-1310.

Component units of the State affiliated with the Universities are legally separate, tax-exempt organizations controlled by separate Boards of Directors that meet the criteria established in GASB 39, with the exception of the Collegiate Golf Foundation and Campus Research Corporation (CRC). The Collegiate Golf Foundation is included because it is a legally separate organization that the State believes would be misleading to exclude due to its financial relationship to the State. The CRC is included because the U of A appoints a majority of the board of directors and approves the budget; the U of A can thus impose its will on the CRC.

The following discretely presented component units affiliated with the Universities are reported as *major* component units of the State:

Arizona State University Foundation (ASU Foundation) – The ASU Foundation's resources are disbursed at the discretion of the Foundation's independent board of trustees, in accordance with donor directions and Foundation policy.

Arizona Capital Facilities Finance Corporation (ACFFC) - The ACFFC provides facilities for either the use by students of ASU or ASU itself.

University of Arizona Foundation (U of A Foundation) - The U of A Foundation supports the U of A through various fund-raising activities and contributes funds to the U of A in support of various programs.

The following discretely presented component units affiliated with the Universities are reported as *non-major* component units of the State:

Arizona State University Alumni Association, Sun Angel Foundation, and Sun Angel Endowment - These three foundations receive funds primarily through donations and dues, and contribute funds to ASU for support of various programs.

Arizona State University Research Park, Inc. (ASU Research Park) - ASU Research Park is developing a research park to promote and support research activities in coordination with ASU.

Mesa Student Housing, LLC – Mesa Student Housing, LLC provides facilities for either the use by students of ASU or ASU itself.

JUNE 30, 2006

Collegiate Golf Foundation - This foundation operates an ASU-owned golf course.

University of Arizona Alumni Association (U of A Alumni Association) - The U of A Alumni Association was established to serve the U of A and its graduates, former students, and friends by attracting, organizing, and encouraging them to advance the U of A's missions - teaching, research, and public service.

University of Arizona Law College Association (Law Association) - The Law Association was established to provide support and financial assistance to the College of Law at the U of A. The Law Association funds provide support to the College on many levels, from endowed student scholarships to named faculty professorships.

University of Arizona Campus Research Corporation (CRC) - The CRC was established to assist the U of A in the acquisition, improvement, and operation of the U of A Science and Technology Park (Park) and related properties. The CRC currently leases from the U of A the remaining 32.00% of building space of the Park not leased to the Arizona Research Park Authority. The CRC is responsible for assisting in the development of the presently undeveloped portions of the Park and for subleasing unoccupied space, newly developed space, and space now occupied by IBM or its subtenants once the current subleases expire. The U of A is responsible for payment of operational expenses associated with the space occupied by the U of A departments, offices, and programs.

Northern Arizona University Foundation, Inc. (NAU Foundation) - The NAU Foundation receives gifts and bequests, administers and invests securities and property, and disburses payments to and on behalf of the NAU for advancement of its mission.

Northern Arizona Capital Facilities Finance Corporation (NACFFC) - The NACFFC was established for the purpose of acquiring, developing, constructing, maintaining and operating student housing and other capital facilities and equipment for the use and benefit of the NAU's students.

Complete financial statements for each of the aforementioned component units, except for the U of A Foundation, may be obtained at the following addresses:

ASU Foundation, ASU Alumni Association, Sun Angel Foundation, Sun Angel Endowment, ASU Research Park, Inc., Collegiate Golf Foundation, ACFFC, and Mesa Student Housing, LLC - Arizona State University, Financial Services, P.O. Box 875812, Tempe, Arizona 85287-5812 or (480) 965-3601

The U of A Alumni Association - P.O. Box 210109, Tucson, Arizona 85721-0109

Law College Association of the U of A - P.O. Box 210176, Tucson, Arizona 85721-0176

CRC - University of Arizona Science and Technology Park, 9040 South Rita Road, Suite 1400, Tucson, Arizona 85747

NAU Foundation and NACFFC - Northern Arizona University, Comptroller's Office, P.O. Box 4069, Flagstaff, Arizona 86011

The financial statements of the U of A Foundation are not publicly available. For information regarding the U of A Foundation's financial statements, contact the U of A Comptroller at the following address: University of Arizona, Financial Services, P.O. Box 3310, Tucson, Arizona 85722-3310.

Related Organizations

Related organizations are legally separate entities for which the State is not considered to be financially accountable, and that do not meet the criteria established by GASB 39. The State's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments, nor are the economic resources accessible to the State. As a result, financial activity for the organizations described below is not included in the State's financial statements.

Arizona Health Facilities Authority (the Authority) – Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) §36-482 established the Authority to issue tax-exempt bonds and loans for the purpose of reducing health care costs and improving health care for Arizona residents by providing less expensive financing for health care institutions. Proceeds from bond issues are loaned to various qualifying nonprofit health care institutions. The health care institutions reimburse the Authority for expenses for issuance of the bonds, pay fees of the Authority, and make payments under the loans for the benefit of the holders of the bonds. The Authority is governed by a seven-

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member board of directors that is appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate. The directors serve staggered terms of seven years, and can be removed for cause or at will by the Governor with the consent of the Senate.

Arizona International Development Authority (the Authority) – ARS §41-1553.01 established the Authority to facilitate the development of international trade or commerce between Arizona and other countries. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate for five-year terms, and can be removed only for cause.

Arizona Tourism and Sports Authority (the Authority) – ARS §5-802 established the Authority to construct, finance, maintain, improve, operate, market, and promote the use of a multipurpose facility and do all things necessary to accomplish those purposes. The Authority may issue revenue bonds in such principal amounts to accomplish the above stated purposes. The Authority is governed by a nine-member board of directors of which five are appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate and two members each by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House. The directors serve terms of five years, and may be reappointed for one full subsequent term, and can be removed only for cause.

Arizona Housing Finance Authority (the Authority) – ARS §41-3902 established the Authority to issue bonds for residential dwelling units and multifamily residential rental projects in rural areas. The Authority may also establish mortgage credit certificate programs to finance residential dwelling units in rural areas. The Authority is required to notify and obtain written consent from the governing bodies of any city, town, county, tribal government, or existing corporation for any multifamily residential rental projects planned for their jurisdiction. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board of directors that is appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate. The directors serve terms of seven years, and can be removed only for cause.

State Compensation Fund (the Fund) – ARS §23-981 established the Fund to provide insurance to employers for workers' compensation, occupational disease compensation, and medical, surgical, and hospital benefits. The Fund is governed by a board of directors that consists of five members appointed by the Governor for staggered terms of five years, and can be removed only for cause. Annually, the Governor appoints a chairman from among the board members.

Joint Ventures

As described in Note 9, the U of A participates in a joint venture. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the financial activities of this joint venture are not included in the State's financial statements.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the State as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements - provide information about the primary government and its component units. The statements include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the State and between the State and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The **Statement of Net Assets** presents the State's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or voter initiative.

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Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources, which are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The **Statement of Activities** presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the State's governmental activities, and its different business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular program or function.

The State does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, privileges provided, and fines or forfeitures,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Interfund balances have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to the extent that they occur within either the governmental or business-type activities. Balances between governmental and business-type activities are presented as internal balances and are eliminated in the total column. Revenues and expenses associated with reciprocal transactions within governmental or within business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Fund financial statements - provide information about the State's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund - is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Transportation and Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance and Safety Fund - accounts for all financial transactions applicable to the general operations of the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT). The ADOT builds and maintains the State's highway system and the Grand Canyon Airport.

The Land Endowments Fund - holds lands granted to the State by the Federal government for the benefit of public schools and other public institutions. Principal is maintained intact and investment earnings and lease revenues are distributed to beneficiaries in accordance with State statute.

The State reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Universities - account for transactions of the State's three universities, which comprise the State's university system.

Unemployment Compensation - pays claims for unemployment to eligible recipients from employer contributions and reimbursements.

The Industrial Commission Special Fund – accounts for deposits not to exceed 2.50% of all premiums received by the State Compensation Fund and private insurance carriers during the preceding calendar year. These monies are used to provide additional awards as necessary to enable injured employees to accept the benefits of any law for promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry. In addition, benefits may be paid for workers' compensation claims filed by employees of non-insured

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employers. The Industrial Commission (Commission) then pursues against the non-insured employer for reimbursement of all benefits paid, including assessed penalties.

The Lottery - accounts for the activities of the Arizona State Lottery.

Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - account for insurance coverage, employee benefits, automotive maintenance and operation, highway equipment rentals, and data processing and telecommunication services provided to State agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. It is the policy of the State to classify immaterial proprietary fund activities in governmental funds. This policy helps to reduce the number of funds reported in the financial statements to the minimum amount needed. These funds allocate a fixed rate payroll processing charge among all agencies, allocate postage and mailing costs among all agencies, and arrange for the sale of the State's office equipment and motorized vehicles at public auctions.

Pension Trust Funds - account for the activities of the ASRS, the PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP, for which the State acts as a trustee. These retirement plans accumulate resources to pay pension benefits of State employees and employees of other governmental entities participating in the plans.

Investment Trust Funds - account for transactions by local governments and political subdivisions that elect to participate in the State Treasurer's investment pools. The Treasurer acts as trustee for the original deposits made into the investment pools.

Agency Funds - account for the receipt and disbursement of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the State, where the State acts as an agent for distribution to other governments and organizations.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and donations are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The State considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 31 days after year-end. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are federal reimbursements, highway user revenue tax, and state sales tax. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the State funds certain programs through a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The State's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources is made on a case-by-case basis.

The State's business-type activities and enterprise funds follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. The State has chosen the option not to follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

D. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

On the Statement of Cash Flows, the amount reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" is equal to the total of the amounts on the Statement of Net Assets "Cash", "Cash with U.S. Treasury", "Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer", "Cash held by trustee" and "Collateral investment pool" (for the Industrial Commission Special Fund). For purposes of the Statement of Cash

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Flows, the State considers only those highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents.

- Cash (not with State Treasurer) cash includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, bank accounts, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and demand deposits with banking institutions other than the State Treasurer.
- Cash with U.S. Treasury consists of unemployment compensation contributions from Arizona employers that are deposited in a trust fund maintained by the United States Treasury.
- Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer the State Treasurer maintains a centralized management of most State cash resources. From the perspective of the various State funds, the pool functions as both a cash management pool and a demand deposit account. The operations and investments of the State Treasurer's pooled investments are described in Note 2.
- Cash held by trustee consists of certificates of participation (COPs) proceeds that primarily are invested in government money market mutual funds to be used for capital projects.
- Collateral investment pool consists of cash received as collateral on securities lending transactions and investments made with that cash. The State records the collateral received as an asset. A corresponding liability is also recorded for such securities lending transactions.

2. Investment Valuation

Investments maintained by the State Treasurer are reported at fair value using Bank of New York (BONY) prices, as determined by independent, industry leading data vendors whose values are either exchange provided or matrix based on similar securities. Equities are priced utilizing the primary market close price. In the absence of a closed price, the mid, bid or ask price will be utilized. All bonds are priced using an evaluated price, the closing exchange price or the most recent exchange or quoted bid. The official price is normally the last traded price. Short-term instruments such as certificates of deposit and commercial paper are based on an internal model which uses primarily a vendor price. Equity prices are compared to Bloomberg's Index Alert. Any differences in prices are researched and generally Bloomberg's end of day price is used over BONY's price. All investments with a remaining maturity of 90 days or less, that have no price available, are priced using amortized cost (amortizing premium/accreting discount on a straight-line to maturity method).

The ASRS investments are reported at fair value determined by the custodial agents, except for real estate and commercial mortgages. The agent's determination of fair values includes, among other things, using pricing services or prices quoted by independent brokers at current exchange rates. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals or estimated value. Commercial mortgages have been valued on an amortized cost basis, which approximates fair value. No allowance for loan loss has been provided as all loans are considered by the ASRS to be fully collectible. Short-term investments are reported at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. For investments where no readily ascertainable fair value exists, the ASRS, in consultation with its investment advisors, has determined the fair values for the individual investments based on anticipated maturity dates and current interest rates commensurate with the investment's degree of risk. Security transactions and any resulting gains or losses are accounted for on a trade date basis. Net investment income includes net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, and total investment expense, which includes investment management and custodial fees and all other significant investment related costs.

For the PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP, investments are reported at fair value. Marketable securities (stocks and bonds), traded on public exchanges are priced by PSPRS's custodian Wells Fargo Bank N.A. using third party pricing services. Equity securities are valued at the last reported sales price. Fixed income securities are generally valued using the last reported sales price or thinly traded bonds are reported at fair value using estimates. Short term and alternative investments are reported at cost. Investment income is recognized as earned.

E. TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable include amounts owed by taxpayers for the 2005 and prior calendar years including assessments for underpayments, penalties, and interest. In the government-wide financial statements, a corresponding amount is recorded as revenue using the accrual basis of accounting. In the governmental fund financial statements, revenue is recorded using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The remainder is recorded as deferred revenues.

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The income tax receivable is composed of individual and corporate estimated payments, withholding payments, and payments with final returns and assessments that relate to income earned through June 30, 2006. Sales and motor vehicle and fuel tax receivables represent amounts that are earned by the State in the fiscal period ended June 30, 2006, but not collected until the following month.

F. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in all funds and merchandise intended for sale to customers in the Proprietary Funds. Inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method, weighted average, or lower of cost or market. In the Governmental Funds, inventories are accounted for using the consumption method. Under this method, inventories are recorded as expenditures as they are used.

G. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Real property taxes are levied on or before the third Monday in August and become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. A lien attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or, if donated, at the estimated fair market value at the date received. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is only capitalized in the Proprietary Funds.

Most capital assets are depreciated over their useful life. However, the State utilizes an alternative accounting treatment for most infrastructure assets in which costs to maintain and preserve these assets are expensed and no depreciation expense is recorded. This approach is discussed further in the Required Supplementary Information portion of this report. The State has adopted a general policy for capitalization thresholds, depreciation, and estimated useful lives of capital assets. In addition, the State has approved alternative policies for some State agencies.

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values at which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets being depreciated in the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Funds are as follows:

	General	State Policy	Agency Policies		
Asset Category	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life (yrs)	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life (yrs)	
Land	All capitalized	Not depreciated	All capitalized	Not depreciated	
Buildings	All capitalized	25-40	\$0-\$100,000	10-50	
Improvements other than buildings	\$5,000	15	\$5,000-\$100,000	20-50	
Equipment	\$5,000	3-15	\$0-\$5,000	3-25	
Infrastructure	All capitalized	Not depreciated	\$0-\$100,000	20-100	

The State is trustee for approximately 9.3 million acres of land acquired through U.S. Government land grants in the early 1900's. The State acquired a substantial portion of this land at no cost and its fair market value at acquisition has not been reliably estimated. Accordingly, this land is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. A portion of the land that the State is trustee for has been sold and the buyers of the land have defaulted on the loans. The value of this land has been recorded at the sales price and properly included in the financial statements.

The State has interest in and maintains significant special collections, works of art, and historical treasures. All special collections, works of art, and historical treasures which are held for financial gain are capitalized at fair market value at the date of acquisition or donation. Those special collections, works of art, and historical treasures which are held for educational, research, or public exhibition purposes are not capitalized, as they are not subject to disposal for financial gain or encumbrance. Such items are inventoried for property control purposes.

Additional disclosures related to capital assets and assets acquired through capital leases are provided in Notes 4 and 6, respectively.

I. INVESTMENT EARNINGS

Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in fair value of applicable investments.

J. SCHOLARSHIP ALLOWANCES

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues earned by the three State Universities are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets. A scholarship discount and allowance is the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided and the amount that is paid by the student or third party making payment on behalf of the student. Accordingly, some types of student financial aid such as Pell grants and scholarships awarded by the Universities are considered to be scholarship allowances. These allowances are netted against applicable revenues in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets.

K. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue consists of payments to the State for goods and services, not yet rendered, or taxes, grants, and other non-exchange transactions for which related resources are not available to pay current liabilities. In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, revenue is deferred when cash, receivables, or other assets are received prior to their being earned. In the governmental fund financial statements, revenue is deferred when that revenue is unearned or unavailable.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the State accrues liabilities for compensated absences as required by the GASB. In the governmental fund financial statements, liabilities for compensated absences are not accrued, because they are not considered due and payable.

In general, State employees accrue vested annual leave at a variable rate based on years of service. Except for University employees, an employee forfeits accumulated annual leave in excess of 240 hours at the end of a calendar year, unless the Director of the Department of Administration authorizes an exception. University employees may accumulate up to 264 hours of vacation, and any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at December 31 are forfeited. Except for University employees, an employee who separates from State service is paid for all unused and unforfeited annual leave at the employee's rate of pay at the time of separation. University employees, upon termination of employment, are paid all unused vacation benefits not exceeding 176 hours (annual accrual amount), depending on years of service and full-time equivalent employment status.

Some employees accumulate compensatory leave for time worked over 40 hours per week. An employee may accumulate up to 240 hours of compensatory leave (480 if working in a public safety activity or an emergency response activity). An employee who separates from State service is paid for all unused compensatory leave at either the employee's average base salary during the last three years of employment or final base salary, whichever is higher.

Sick leave includes any approved period of paid absence granted an employee due to illness, injury, or disability. Most State employees accrue sick leave at the rate of eight hours per month without an accumulation limit. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave is not accrued in the financial statements. However, State employees are eligible to receive payment for an accumulated sick leave balance of 500 hours or more, with a maximum of 1,500 hours, upon retirement directly from State service (See Note 10.C).

M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities. Amounts due within one year are reported as current liabilities, and amounts due thereafter are reported as non-current liabilities. Premiums and discounts on revenue bonds and COPs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt instrument using the straight-line method. Bonds and COPs are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Bond issuance costs and deferred gains or losses on debt refundings are charged to expense in the period incurred unless those costs are deemed to be material to the State's financial statements by management, in which case, they are deferred and amortized using either the straight-line method or the effective interest method.

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In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize proceeds from revenue bonds, COPs, and premiums and discounts on revenue bonds and COPs as other financing sources and uses in the current period. Long-term liabilities are more fully described in Note 6.

N. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets. A capital asset is considered impaired when its service utility has declined significantly and unexpectedly. This Statement also clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2004. The State has implemented the requirements of this standard, but they had no material effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This Statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for OPEB plans and supersedes the interim guidance included in Statement No. 26, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Healthcare Plans Administered by Defined Benefit Pension Plans. The requirements of this Statement for OPEB plan reporting are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2005. The ASRS has early implemented the requirements of this standard, but they had no material effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section – an amendment of NCGA Statement.* This Statement improves the understandability and usefulness of the information presented as supplementary information in the statistical section. The provisions of this Statement are effective for statistical sections prepared for periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The State has implemented the requirements of this standard.

GASB Statement No. 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34. This Statement enhances the usefulness and compatibility of net asset information reported by clarifying the meaning of the phrase legally enforceable as it applies to restrictions imposed on net asset use by enabling legislation and by specifying the accounting and financial reporting requirements for those restricted net assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The State has implemented the requirements of this standard, but did not have any restricted net assets that are covered by this statement.

GASB Statement No. 47, Accounting for Termination Benefits. This Statement provides guidance to governmental employers for measuring, recognizing, and reporting liabilities and expenses/expenditures related to all termination benefits, without limitation as to the period of time during which the benefits are offered, and involuntary termination benefits. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The State has implemented the requirements of this standard, but did not have any current benefits that are covered by this statement.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT POLICIES

The State's deposits and investments are primarily under the control of the State Treasurer, the Retirement Systems, the Universities, and the Commission. These entities maintain the majority of the deposits and investments of the primary government. The investment policies of these organizations are defined according to State statutes or a governing board or both and are described below.

The ARS §35-312, §35-313, and §35-314 authorize the State Treasurer to invest operating, trust, and permanent endowment fund monies. Monies deposited with the State Treasurer by State agencies are invested by the State Treasurer in a pooled fund. Any interest earned is allocated monthly into each respective fund based on average daily cash balances. There is no income from investments associated with one fund that is assigned to another fund.

The State statutes and the State Treasurer's investment policies designed to administer these statutes restrict investments to obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, obligations or other evidence of indebtedness of the State and certain local government divisions, negotiable certificates of deposit, bonds, debentures and notes issued by U.S. corporations, commercial paper issued by entities organized and doing business in the United States, bankers acceptances, collateralized repurchase agreements,

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money market mutual funds, domestic equities, and other securities. The State Treasurer is not allowed to invest in foreign investments.

The State Treasurer maintains external investment pools [the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), Local Government Investment Pool-Government, and the Central Arizona Water Conservation District]. The pools are not required to register (and are not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the 1940 Investment Advisors Act. The activity and performance of the pools are reviewed monthly by the State Board of Investment in accordance with ARS §35-311. The fair value of investments is measured on a monthly basis. Participant shares are purchased and sold based on the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the shares. The NAV is determined by dividing the fair value of the portfolio by the total shares outstanding. The State Treasurer does not contract with an outside insurer in order to guarantee the value of the portfolio or the price of shares redeemed.

State statutes authorize the retirement systems to make investments in accordance with the "Prudent Person" rule. This rule imposes the responsibility of making investments with the judgment and care that persons of ordinary prudence would exercise in the management of their own affairs when considering both the probable safety of their capital and the probable income from that capital.

The ASRS invests in U.S. government and government agency obligations, real estate, commercial mortgages, corporate bonds, and equity obligations. Per ARS §38-719, no more than 80.00% of the ASRS' total assets may be invested at any given time in corporate stocks or equity equivalents, based on cost value of the stocks or equity equivalents irrespective of capital appreciation. No more than 5.00% of the voting stock of any one corporation may be owned. No more than 20.00% of the ASRS' assets may be invested in foreign equity securities, and those investments shall be made only by investment managers with demonstrated expertise in such investments. No more than 10.00% of the ASRS' assets may be invested in bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of those multinational development banks in which the U.S. is a member nation, including the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the African Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and the Inter-American Development Bank. No more than 1.00% of ASRS' assets may be invested in economic development projects authorized as eligible for such investment by the Arizona State Department of Commerce. The ASRS Board has not formally adopted more restrictive policies for the various types of risks.

Per ARS §38-848, the PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP may not invest more than 70.00% in corporate stocks, based on cost value of such stocks irrespective of capital appreciation, and shall be restricted to stocks that, except for bank and insurance stocks, are either: 1) listed or approved on issuance for listing on an exchange registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, 2) designated or approved on notice of issuance for designation on the national market system of a national securities association registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, 3) listed or approved on issuance for listing on an exchange registered under the laws of this State or any other State, or 4) listed or approved on issuance for listing on an exchange registered of a foreign country with which the U.S. is maintaining diplomatic relations at the time of purchase, except that no more than 10.00% may be invested in foreign equity securities on these exchanges, based on the cost value of the stocks irrespective of capital appreciation. Not more than 5.00% of the voting stock of any one corporation shall be owned.

The Board of Regents governs the investment policies of the Universities. The Universities may invest operating funds and capital projects funds in collateralized certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements with commercial banks, U.S. Treasury securities and other Federal agency securities, or in the Local Government Investment Pool administered by the State Treasurer. For endowment investments, donor restrictions for these investments will be applied, if any. In addition, the Board of Regents has authorized the Universities to establish investment committees to make investment policies and investment decisions. The Board of Regents' policies guide the investment committees' decisions and constitute each University's investment policy.

Per ARS §23-1065, the Commission's investment committee is responsible for defining, developing, and implementing investment objectives, policies and restrictions and supervising the investment activities of the Commission. The Commission requires that their investment policy be responsive to the unpredictable nature of the incidence and severity of claims, the long periods over which losses may be paid, and the effect on both claims and losses of increases in treatment and rehabilitation costs. The investment committee may invest in any legal investment authorized under ARS §38-719.

B. CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the deposits or collateral securities may not be recovered from an outside party. The State Treasurer, the Retirement Systems, and the Universities' deposits with financial institutions are required by State statutes to be entirely covered by the Federal Depository Insurance

Corporation (FDIC) or, alternatively, collateralized for amounts in excess of the amount insured. The Commission's deposits are not required to be insured or collateralized. Surety collateral for the Universities, the ASRS, the PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP must be equal to at least 100.00% of the bank balance required to be collateralized (102.00% for the State Treasurer). Beyond this requirement, these organizations do not have a formal policy specifically addressing custodial credit risk on deposits, except for the State Treasurer. The State statutes require surety collateral for the State Treasurer to consist of U.S. Government obligations, State obligations, and obligations of counties and municipalities within the State. As of June 30, 2006, \$3.050 million was uncollateralized and uninsured and \$2.408 million was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department/agent, but not in the State's name.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party may not be recovered. The State does not have a formal policy in regards to custodial credit risk for investments. As of June 30, 2006, the State had \$58.442 million in securities that were uninsured, not registered in the State's name and held by a counterparty or a counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the State's name.

C. INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The State manages interest rate risk using the segmented time distribution, weighted average maturity, and duration methods.

The State Treasurer manages interest rate risk by incorporating ARS §35-323, which states that the State Treasurer will invest public monies in securities with a maximum maturity of five years and operating fund monies shall not be invested for a duration of longer than three years, into their investment policy and setting forth various thresholds or parameters in accordance with each investment pool's portfolio structure. The State Treasurer's policy provides either maturity or duration limitations for the various investment pools. The interest rate risk inherent in the portfolio is monitored monthly by measuring the weighted average maturity and/or duration.

The ASU manages interest rate risk by a policy for operating funds that limits the maximum maturity of any fixed rate issue to three years. The capital projects funds portfolio is not limited as to the overall maturity of its investments, with funds invested per the financing indentures to coincide with capital spending needs and debt service requirements, which are typically less than three years, with the additional limitation that certificates of deposit and commercial paper have maximum maturities of 360 days and 270 days, respectively.

The Commission manages interest rate risk by setting different goals of yield periods or duration of maturities for each individual investment segment within the Commission. Beyond this requirement, the Commission does not have a formal policy specifically addressing interest rate risk.

The following table presents the State Treasurer's, the ASU's, and the Commission's weighted average maturity in years by investment type (expressed in thousands):

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity (in years)
Bond mutual funds	\$ 8,453	2.70
Certificate of deposit	4,932	1.09
Commercial mortgage – backed securities	2,881	29.77
Commercial paper	2,600,877	0.03
Corporate asset backed securities	7,094	5.72
Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations	70,835	20.51
Corporate notes & bonds	1,039,428	1.94
Government bonds	16,438	11.16
Government mortgage backed securities	11,767	19.04
Index linked government bonds	4,792	6.97
Money market mutual funds	78,915	0.30
Repurchase agreements	1,745,625	0.01
U.S. Agency Securities	2,914,780	0.76
U.S. Agency Mortgage Backed Securities	654,076	19.39
U.S. Treasury Securities	660,170	1.19
Other	6,803	6.55
Total Debt Securities	\$ 9,827,866	2.03

The ASRS does not have a formal policy in regards to interest rate risk, but does manage interest rate risk using effective duration. Effective duration measures the expected change in value of a fixed income security for a given change in interest rate. This method takes into account the likely timing and amounts of variable cash flows for bonds with call options and prepayment provisions. The following table presents ASRS' effective duration by investment type (expressed in thousands):

Investment Type	Fair Value	Effective Duration	
Domestic Fixed Income Securities			
Asset backed securities	\$ 253,388	1.66	
Bond funds	36,043	8.53	
CMO's of government sponsored entities	423,889	3.86	
Commercial mortgage backed securities	390,780	3.91	
Commercial paper	157,443	0.03	
Corporate bonds	1,043,042	4.27	
Dollar denominated debt of foreign companies	55,906	6.86	
Dollar denominated debt of foreign countries	45,329	6.54	
Fixed income strips	37,434	7.88	
GNMA pools	116,187	3.45	
Government sponsored entity debt	311,866	4.21	
Indexed linked government bond funds	1,092,671	0.00	
Indexed linked treasury bonds	16,337	4.73	
Municipal bonds	1,260	14.89	
Non-government backed CMO's	168,515	2.36	
Pools of government sponsored entities	1,414,300	4.11	
Short term investments	1,697,024	0.08	
U.S. Treasury Debt	630,702	4.20	
Total Domestic Debt Securities	7,892,116	3.28	
Foreign Debt Securities			
Corporate bonds	849	6.77	
Government bonds	6,172	0.33	
Provincial bonds	3,307	6.77	
Margin accounts	1,605	0.08	
Total Foreign Debt Securities	11,933	2.54	
Total Debt Securities	\$ 7,904,049		

The PSPRS, the EORP, the CORP, and the NAU do not have a formal policy in regards to interest rate risk. The U of A's investment policy limits its operating funds to having a portfolio comprised of a significant proportion of authorized securities with maturities of one year or less, and requires that a maximum maturity of any fixed rate issue may not exceed three years and the final maturity of any floating rate issue may not exceed five years. The U of A capital projects and endowment funds have no such limitations. The following table presents the interest rate risk for the PSPRS, the EORP, the CORP, the NAU, the U of A, and other State agencies utilizing the segmented time distribution (expressed in thousands):

		Investment Maturities (in years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	More than 20
Corporate bonds	\$ 714,644	\$ 17,872	\$ 111,536	\$ 135,240	\$ 78,116	\$ 59,377	\$ 312,503
Corporate bond funds Collateralized bond obligations	1,368	-	855	384	129	-	-
(CBO's) Collateralized debt obligations	52,434	-	-	7,800	15,813	-	28,821
(CDO's)	4,120	-	-	-	-	-	4,120
Commercial paper	293,862	293,862	-	-	-	-	-
Indexed treasury bond fund	1,220	-	-	-	1,220	-	-
International fixed income fund	8,443	2,406	2,438	1,996	1,603	-	-
Money market mutual funds	140,185	140,185	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal bonds	1,679	-	149	311	1,219	-	-
Repurchase agreements	94,202	94,202	-	-	-	-	-
Securities lending pool	21,567	21,567	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. Agency Securities	635,721	143,611	32,700	187,126	135,294	47,795	89,195
U.S. Treasury Securities	459	-	83	65	311	-	-
Other investments	7,769	708	3,049	3,892	120	-	
Total Debt Securities	\$ 1,977,673	\$ 714,413	\$ 150,810	\$ 336,814	\$ 233,825	\$ 107,172	\$ 434,639

The following table presents the State's investments at fair value that are considered to be highly sensitive to interest rate changes (expressed in thousands):

	Corporate	U.S. Agency	
Interest Rate Terms	Bonds	Securities	Total
U.S. LIBOR plus/minus fixed point variable monthly to semi- annually	\$ 750,013	\$ 180,360	\$ 930,373
Mortgage backed securities - when interest rates fall, mortgages are refinanced and paid off early and the reduced stream of			
future interest payments diminish fair value. Callable step-up notes - where on certain specified dates, the issuer can call the security. If the security is not called, the interest rate is increased by a specified amount. Prevailing interest rates may go up faster than this increase in the coupon	-	673,863	673,863
interest rate.	-	127,307	127,307
Other securities with sensitivity to rate changes	-	128,200	128,200
Total	\$ 750,013	\$ 1,109,730	\$ 1,859,743

D. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment.

The State statutes and the State Treasurer's investment policy require that commercial paper must be rated P1 by Moody's Investor Service (Moody's) or A1 or better by Standard and Poor's Ratings Service (S & P). Corporate bonds, debentures, and notes must carry a minimum Baa or better rating of Moody's or a BBB or better rating of S & P. For investments not rated by Moody's, Fitch rating information is used. There is no statute or investment policy on ratings or credit quality for obligations issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies or repurchase agreements. The underlying securities for repurchase agreements must be explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

The ASRS has not adopted a formal policy with respect to credit risk.

The PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP's investment policy is specific as to permissible credit quality ranges, exposure levels within individuals' quality tiers, and the average credit quality of the overall portfolios. The fixed income portfolio must have a minimum weighted average quality rating of A3 by Moody's and A- by S & P. Fixed income investments must have a minimum quality rating of Baa3 by Moody's and BBB- by S & P at the time of purchase. Commercial paper must have a minimum quality rating of P1 by Moody's and A1 by S & P at the time of purchase. The portion of the bond portfolio in investments rated Baa3 through Baa1 by Moody's and BBB- through BBB+ by S & P must be 20.00% or less of the fair value of the fixed income portfolio.

The Universities each have a different policy regarding credit risk. The ASU's policy requires that certificates of deposit have a minimum credit rating of A1/P1, commercial paper have a minimum credit rating of A1+/P1 and money market funds have a credit rating of AAAm or better, all rated by S & P. The U of A's policy requires that for endowment funds, corporate bonds and notes should be rated Baa or higher by Moody's at the time of purchase. The NAU does not have a formal policy with respect to credit risk.

The Commission's investment policy requires that fixed income investments be rated Ba or better by Moody's or BB or better by S & P at the time of purchase. Fixed income managers hired to manage funds in a specialized manner (high yield) are exempted from this requirement. Purchases of high yield fixed income investments will consist of a diversified portfolio of holdings which will maintain in the aggregate a minimum credit rating of Ba3 by Moody's and BB by S & P.

The following table presents the State's investments which were rated by S & P and/or an equivalent national rating organization as of June 30, 2006. The ratings are presented using S & P's rating scale (expressed in thousands):

	Fair								
Investment Type	Value	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	В	A1	Not Rated
Alternative investments	\$ 200,705	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200,705
Asset backed securities	260,866	235,778	5,498	5,328	1,574	-	1,079	-	11,609
Bond funds	45,864	36,043	1,368	-	-	-	-	-	8,453
Certificates of deposit	4,932	-	4,932	-	-	-	-	-	-
CBO's	52,435	7,355	-	37,280	1,794	6,006	-	-	-
CDO's	77,823	73,703	-	-	4,120	-	-	-	-
CMO's of government sponsored entities	423,889	96,392	-	-	-	-	-	-	327,497
Commercial mortgage backed securities	393,661	351,449	1,121	277	-	-	-	-	40,814
Commercial paper	3,052,182	157,443	-	-	-	-	-	2,894,739	-
Corporate bonds	2,784,409	211,348	447,466	1,254,968	481,497	69,069	53,475	-	266,586
Dollar denominated debt of foreign									
companies	55,906	809	3,759	27,291	22,753	1,294	-	-	-
Dollar denominated debt of foreign									
countries	45,329	23,740	2,638	2,573	16,378	-	-	-	-
Fixed income strips incl US strips	37,434	37,434	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign corporate bonds	849	849	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign government bonds	6,172	5,894	-	-	278	-	-	-	-
Foreign margin accounts	1,605	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1,605
Foreign provincial bonds	3,307	-	3,307	-	-	-	-	-	-
GNMA pools	116,187	116,187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government bonds	22,175	22,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government mortgage backed securities	11,767	11,767	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Government sponsored entity debt	311,866	291,446	20,420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indexed linked government bond funds	1,092,671	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1,092,671
Indexed linked treasury bonds	17,557	17,557	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
International fixed income fund	8,443	6,713	168	768	401	234	159	_	_
Money market mutual funds	219,099	126,078	-	-	-	-	-	-	93,021
Mortgages	10,599	10,599	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal bonds	2,939	1,369	1,570	-	-	-	-	_	_
Non-government backed CMO's	168,515	164,493	-	41	-	-	-	_	3,981
Pools of government sponsored entities	1,414,300	1,414,300	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Securities lending pool	21,567	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,567
Short term money markets	1,697,024	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1,697,024
U.S. Agency Securities	3,998,267	2,827,299	25,169	-	-	-	-	1,145,710	89
Other investments	13,440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,440
Total	\$ 16,573,784	\$6,248,220	\$517,416	\$1,328,526	\$528,795	\$76,603	\$54,713	\$4,040,449	\$3,779,062

E. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The State Treasurer's, the ASRS', the U of A's, and the Commission's investment policies state that no more than 5.00% of their investments may be invested in securities issued by any one institution, agency, or corporation, other than securities issued as direct obligations of or are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government or mortgage backed securities and agency debentures issued by federal agencies. The PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP's investment policy states that no more than 5.00% of their investments may be invested in securities issued by any one institution, agency, or corporation, other than securities issued as direct obligations of or are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The ASU and the NAU have no formal policy in regards to the concentration of credit risk. At June 30, 2006, more than 5.00% of the Governmental Activities' total investments were held in the following single issuers (expressed in thousands):

Issuer Description	F	air Value	Percentage
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$	1,199,482	18.96%
Federal Home Loan Bank		862,745	13.64%
Federal National Mortgage Association		624,781	9.88%

At June 30, 2006, more than 5.00% of the Business-type Activities' total investments were held in the following single issuers (expressed in thousands):

Issuer Description	Fai	r Value	Percentage
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$	125,568	5.04%

F. FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in the foreign exchange rate will adversely impact the fair value of an investment or deposit. The State does not have a policy regarding foreign currency risk. The ASRS is the primary State agency that has foreign currency risk. Per ARS §38-719, no more than 20.00% of the ASRS assets may be invested in foreign equity securities and those investments shall be made only by investment managers with demonstrated expertise in those investments. The ASRS Board has not adopted a formal policy that is more restrictive. The following table summarizes the State's foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

	Foreign Currency Risk by Investment Type at Fair Value						
Currency	Short Term	Fixed Income	Equities	Real Estate	Total		
Australian Dollar	\$ 628	\$ -	\$ 53,308	\$ -	\$ 53,936		
British Pound Sterling	(938)	-	572,484	-	571,546		
Canadian Dollar	106	-	16,131	-	16,237		
Danish Krone	1,898	-	21,434	-	23,332		
Euro Currency	6,346	5,894	1,071,646	45	1,083,931		
Hong Kong Dollar	352	-	72,859	-	73,211		
Indonesian Rupiah	-	-	4,284	-	4,284		
Japanese Yen	17,091	-	688,921	-	706,012		
New Mexican Peso	296	278	-	-	574		
New Taiwan Dollar	-	-	21,650	-	21,650		
New Zealand Dollar	488	3,307	10,947	-	14,742		
Norwegian Krone	22	-	7,660	-	7,682		
Singapore Dollar	135	-	65,094	19	65,248		
South Korean Won	-	-	28,050	-	28,050		
Swedish Krona	577	-	30,421	-	30,998		
Swiss Franc	538	-	268,992	-	269,530		
Thailand Baht	-	-	4,293	-	4,293		
Other	3,252	9,434	52,094		64,780		
Total	\$ 30,791	\$ 18,913	\$2,990,268	\$ 64	\$3,040,036		

G. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The ARS §23-703 requires that unemployment compensation contributions from Arizona employers be deposited in an unemployment trust fund account with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States that is established and maintained pursuant to Section 1104 of the Social Security Act. The cash on deposit in the trust fund account is pooled and invested. Interest earned from investments purchased with such pooled monies is deposited in the trust fund account. The Unemployment Compensation Fund, reported as a major Enterprise Fund, has been established for this purpose.

H. SECURITIES LENDING

Cash received as collateral on securities lending transactions and investments made with that cash are reported as assets. A corresponding liability is also recorded for such securities lending transactions.

1. Industrial Commission

State statutes and the Commission's policies permit the Commission to enter into securities lending transactions with its custodial bank. There were no significant violations of legal or contractual provisions, and there were no borrower or lending agent default losses to the securities lending agent. The custodial bank, Northern Trust, manages the securities lending operations through a contractual agreement with the Commission and splits the fees received with the Commission. There was no credit risk (i.e., lender's exposure to the borrowers of its securities) related to the securities lending transactions at June 30, 2006. Northern Trust's indemnification responsibilities include performing appropriate borrower and collateral investment credit analysis, demanding adequate types and levels of collateral, and complying with applicable Department of Labor and Federal Financial Institutions Examinations Council regulations concerning securities lending. Securities are loaned for collateral that may include cash, U.S. Government securities, and irrevocable letters of credit. Domestic securities are loaned for collateral valued at 102.00% of the market value of securities loaned plus accrued interest. International securities are loaned for collateral valued at 105.00% of the market value of securities loaned plus accrued interest. The market value at June 30, 2006 for loaned securities collateralized by cash and non-cash collateral was \$48.935 million and \$5.207 million, respectively. As part of the securities lending transactions, Northern Trust received cash and non-cash collateral valued at \$49.750 million and \$5.295 million, respectively at June 30, 2006. Non-cash collateral cannot be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaults. Deposit and investment risk disclosures are only reported for collateral received on securities lent.

All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower. The average term of the loans is 80 days and cash open collateral is invested in a short-term investment pool, the Core USA Collateral Section, which had an average weighted maturity of 41 days as of June 30, 2006. Cash collateral may also be invested separately in term loans, in which case the investments match the loan term. Cash open loans can be terminated on demand by either lender or borrower and there were no dividends or coupon payments owing on securities lent. Securities lending earnings are credited to participating clients on approximately the fifteenth day of the following month. Investments made with cash collateral received are classified as an asset on the Statement of Net Assets. A corresponding liability is recorded as the Commission must return the cash collateral to the borrower upon expiration of the loan. At June 30, 2006, the Commission had \$49.750 million outstanding as payable for securities lending.

2. Arizona State Retirement System

The ASRS is permitted by ARS §38-715(D) (3), to enter into securities lending transactions. The ASRS' custodial bank enters into agreements with counterparts to loan securities and have the same securities redelivered at a later date. All securities are eligible for loan (U.S. fixed income securities, U.S. equities, and international equities) with a higher percentage of U.S. Treasuries on loan than most other security types. It is the policy of the ASRS to receive as collateral at least 102.00% of the market value of the loaned securities and maintain collateral at no less than 100.00% for the duration of the loan. At year-end, the ASRS has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amount the ASRS owes the borrowers exceeds the amount the borrowers owe the ASRS. The ASRS received as an asset and the same amount as an obligation for securities on loan. Any cash collateral received is invested in short-term investments. The maturities of the investments are closely matched to those of the security loans to avoid interest rate exposure. The ASRS receives a spread for its lending activities. Investments made with cash collateral received are classified as an asset on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. A corresponding liability is recorded as the ASRS must return the cash collateral to the borrower upon expiration of the loan. At June 30, 2006, the ASRS had \$2.3 billion outstanding as payable for securities on loan.

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3. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System, Elected Officials' Retirement Plan and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

The EORP, the PSPRS, and the CORP are permitted by ARS Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 3, 4, and 6, respectively, to enter into securities lending transactions. The PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP are parties to securities lending agreements with a bank. The bank, on behalf of the PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP, enters into agreements with brokers to loan securities and have the same securities returned at a later date. The loans are fully collateralized, primarily by cash. Collateral is marked-to-market on a daily basis. Non-cash collateral can be sold only upon borrower default. The PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP require collateral of at least 102.00% of the fair value of the loaned U.S. Government or corporate security. Securities on loan are carried at fair value. As of June 30, 2006, the fair values of securities on loan were (expressed in millions):

PSPRS	\$ 891.375
EORP	70.380
CORP	134.101

4. University of Arizona

During the fiscal year, the U of A engaged in securities lending transactions within its endowment funds, as authorized by the Board of Regents. The U of A entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo, the U of A's custodian, to carry out these transactions. The custodian enters into agreements with brokers to loan securities and have the same securities returned at a later date. It is the policy of the U of A to receive as collateral at least 102.00% of the market value of the loaned securities and accrued interest, and maintain collateral at no less than 100.00% for the duration of the loan. At year-end, the U of A had no credit risk to borrowers because the U of A was holding more collateral than the amount of loaned securities outstanding.

The U of A records the collateral received as an asset, which is offset by an obligation recorded under securities lending. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, there were no violations of legal or contractual provisions, and there were no borrower or lending agent default losses. Wells Fargo does indemnify the U of A against losses due to borrower defaults. Collateral can be received in the form of U.S. Government securities, letters of credit, or cash. As of June 30, 2006, the custodian has received only cash collateral. This collateral may be invested in U.S. Treasury and sponsored agency obligations, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, mortgage backed securities, municipal securities, and corporate bonds or in a cash collateral investment pool, which invests in similar securities. At June 30, 2006, cash collateral received from borrowers was invested in the cash collateral investment pool and corporate bonds, which had a weighted average maturity of 3 days and 377 days, respectively, and represented 78.00% and 22.00% of cash collateral investments, respectively. The relationship between the maturities of the cash collateral investment pool and the U of A's securities loans is affected by the maturities of the securities loans made by other entities that use the custodial bank's pool, which the U of A cannot determine. However, the U of A or the borrower can terminate securities loans on demand. Other cash collateral investments are made such that their maturities will match those of the related securities loans. Such matching existed at year-end. At June 30, 2006, cash collateral investments totaled \$27.916 million with a corresponding market value of securities on loan of \$27.270 million. Securities lent for cash collateral included corporate stocks, corporate bonds, agency notes, agency bonds, government notes, and government bonds. The U of A cannot sell or pledge securities received as collateral unless the borrower defaults. The U of A earns a negotiated fee for participating in securities lending activities.

I. DERIVATIVES

A derivative instrument is a financial instrument or other contract with all three of the following characteristics:

- It has (1) one or more underlyings and (2) one or more notional amounts or payment provisions or both. Those terms determine the amount of the settlement or settlements, and in some cases whether or not a settlement is required.
- It requires no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.
- Its terms require or permit net settlement, it can readily be settled net by means outside the contract, or it provides for delivery of an asset that puts the recipient in a position not substantially different from net settlement.

The principal categories of derivatives employed and their uses during the year were as follows:

Currency forward contracts

Currency forward contracts

Hedge currency risk of investments denominated in foreign currencies.

Futures contracts Reduce transaction costs; obtain market

exposure; enhance returns.

Derivatives are reported at fair value. The fair value of currency forward contracts is determined by interpolating the spot rate and the forward rates based upon number of days to maturity. The interpolated rate is used to determine the unrealized gain/loss at the valuation date. The fair value of futures contracts is determined by calculating the difference between the closing Bloomberg market price on valuation date and the original futures trade price. Futures are settled daily.

Generally, derivatives are subject to both interest rate risk and credit risk. The derivatives utilized by ASRS internal investment managers typically have no greater interest rate risk than their physical counterparts, and in many cases are offset by exposure elsewhere in the portfolio. As of June 30, 2006, the ASRS had \$1.2 billion in temporary investments held as collateral for equity and fixed income derivatives which may have a positive or negative notional value.

The ASRS believes that it is unlikely that any of the derivatives used by its internal investment managers could have a material adverse effect on the financial conditions of the System.

J. STATE TREASURER'S SEPARATELY ISSUED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The State Treasurer issues a separately published Annual Financial Report. The report provides additional information relating to the State Treasurer's total investing activities, including the Investment Trust Funds. A copy of the State Treasurer's Office Annual Financial Report can be obtained from their office location at:

State Treasurer's Office 1700 W. Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007-2812

The Treasurer's financial statements are audited by the Office of the Auditor General.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DEFERRED REVENUE

A. TAXES RECEIVABLE

The following table summarizes taxes receivable at June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

Transportation
& Aviation
Planning, Highway

Type of Tax	(General Fund	Mai	ing, Highway ntenance & Safety Fund	Unem Com	nployment pensation Fund	Com	ıstrial nission ıl Fund	Gove	-Major rnmental unds	vernment- Wide Total
Sales	\$	400,429	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	3,055	\$ 403,484
Income – individual and corporate		132,015		-		-		-		-	132,015
Motor vehicle and fuel		-		70,212		-		-		-	70,212
Luxury		8,842		-		-		-		16,537	25,379
Unemployment		-		-		67,287		-		-	67,287
Other		-		-		-		4,658		-	4,658
Gross taxes receivable		541,286		70,212		67,287		4,658		19,592	703,035
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(110,084)		-		-		-		-	(110,084)
Net Taxes Receivable	\$	431,202	\$	70,212	\$	67,287	\$	4,658	\$	19,592	\$ 592,951

B. DEFERRED REVENUE

At June 30, 2006, the components of deferred revenue, in terms of revenue unavailable and unearned, were as follows (expressed in thousands):

			Total Deferred
Current Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds:	Unavailable	Unearned	Revenue
General Fund:			
Delinquent sales tax	\$ 94,113	\$ -	\$ 94,113
Delinquent income tax	72,212 42,907	-	72,212 42,907
Tobacco settlement Child support administrative reimbursements	42,907	-	42,907
**	4,894	41.750	
Advance insurance premiums	-	41,752 291	41,752 291
Advance land lease payments Public assistance overpayments	1,601	291	1,601
Vaccine & commodity food supplement	1,001	9.272	9.272
Advanced county Medicaid payments	_	20,675	20,675
Federal grants	185.882	20,075	185,882
Tribal reimbursements	124	_	124
Transportation & Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance & Safety Fund:	12.		121
Notes receivable for real estate mortgage loans	9,464	_	9,464
Land Endowments Fund:	,,		,,
Land sales receivable	757,430	_	757,430
Land leases receivable	3,144	-	3,144
Advance land lease payments	-	31,621	31,621
Non-Major Funds:			
Public assistance overpayments	1,389	-	1,389
Advance payments for Hawaii/Arizona PMMIS Alliance	-	906	906
Other	-	53	53
Total Current Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds	1,173,160	104,570	1,277,730
Noncurrent Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds: General Fund: Advance land lease payments Total Noncurrent Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds		6,006	6,006 6,006
Total Noncultent Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds		0,000	0,000
Total Current and Noncurrent Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 1,173,160	\$ 110,576	\$ 1,283,736
Current Deferred Revenue for Proprietary Funds:		Unearned	
Universities:		\$ 31.138	
Unexpended cash advances received		\$ 31,138 5,985	
Auxiliary sales and services IBM lease related to acquisition of research park		4,900	
Student tuition and fees		34,526	
Other deferred revenue		3,759	
Deposits		1,497	
Non-Major Funds:		1,177	
Policyholders' advance premiums		8,097	
Magazine subscriptions		3,592	
Total Current Deferred Revenue for Proprietary Funds		\$ 93,494	
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Noncurrent Deferred Revenue for Proprietary Funds: Universities:			
IBM lease related to acquisition of research park		34,770	
Total Noncurrent Deferred Revenue for Proprietary Funds		\$ 34,770	

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

			Primary Governmen	11	
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments & Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 1,980,978	\$ 257,668	\$ (10,864)	\$ -	\$ 2,227,782
Construction in progress Infrastructure	1,785,351 8,863,628	654,666 516,176	(389,869) (48)	(13,954) (1)	2,036,194 9,379,755
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	12,629,957	1,428,510	(400,781)	(13,955)	13,643,731
	,,	-,,	(100,100)	(,,)	,-,-,
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	1,515,343	5,659	(434)	7,428	1,527,996
Improvements other than buildings Equipment	142,563 666,417	1,471 63,273	(12,733) (39,613)	2,323 6,042	133,624 696,119
Infrastructure	6,604	-	(39,013)	5	6,609
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	2,330,927	70,403	(52,780)	15,798	2,364,348
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	(420,573)	(38,536)	47	689	(458,373)
Improvements other than buildings	(59,556)	(4,048)	-	55	(63,549)
Equipment	(463,763)	(65,836)	36,036	1,140	(492,423)
Infrastructure	(4,162)	(97)			(4,259)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(948,054)	(108,517)	36,083	1,884	(1,018,604)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,382,873	(38,114)	(16,697)	17,682	1,345,744
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,012,830	\$ 1,390,396	\$ (417,478)	\$ 3,727	\$ 14,989,475
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments & Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities: Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 143,195	\$ 4,187	\$ (3,908)	\$ 113	\$ 143,587
Construction in progress	284,181	194,134	(112,103)	(203,182)	163,030
Collections	33,130	1,107	(78)	(203,102)	34,159
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	460,506	199,428	(116,089)	(203,069)	340,776
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	2,709,694	208,084	(12,173)	195,826	3,101,431
Improvements other than buildings	3,600	-	- (20.550)	1	3,601
Equipment	1,108,706	88,749	(30,578)	(1)	1,166,876
Infrastructure Total Depreciable Capital Assets	289,215 4,111,215	10,332 307,165	(816) (43,567)	7,244 203,070	305,975 4,577,883
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	4,111,213	307,103	(43,307)	203,070	4,577,665
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(1,035,505)	(92,120)	4,623	(44)	(1,123,046)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,092)	(170)	10	1	(2,251)
Equipment	(769,387)	(68,475)	25,768	(193)	(812,287)
Infrastructure	(86,935)	(9,728)	539	(1)	(96,125)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,893,919)	(170,493)	30,940	(237)	(2,033,709)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net					2 5 4 4 1 7 4
	2,217,296	136,672	(12,627)	202,833	2,544,174
Total Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	2,217,296 \$ 2,677,802	\$ 336,100	\$ (12,627) \$ (128,716)	\$ (236)	\$ 2,884,950

Primary Government

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows (expressed in thousands):

General government	\$ 26,762
Health and welfare	19,027
Inspection and regulation	1,575
Education	1,132
Protection and safety	37,557
Transportation	15,311
Natural resources	7,153
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 108,517

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows (expressed in thousands):

Lottery	\$ 215
Industrial Commission Special Fund	1,157
Universities	166,799
Other	2,322
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 170,493

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS

The State contributes to the four plans described below. The four plans are considered part of the State's financial reporting entity and are included in the State's financial statements as Pension Trust Funds.

A. PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

The State participates in the ASRS, the PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP. Benefits are established by State statutes and provide retirement, death, long-term disability, survivor, and health insurance premium benefits to State employees, public school employees and employees of counties, municipalities, and other State political subdivisions.

The **ASRS** is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that benefits employees of the State, its political subdivisions, and public schools. The ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of ARS Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2. In addition, the ASRS administers the Health Benefit Supplement Fund (HBS) and the Long-Term Disability Fund, which are benefit cost-sharing, multiple-employer post-employment benefit plans. Although the assets of the HBS plan are commingled with assets of the Retirement Fund, each plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the plan, in accordance with terms of the plan.

The **PSPRS** is an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that benefits public safety employees of the State or certain local governments. The PSPRS, acting as a common investment and administrative agent, is governed by a five-member board, known as the Fund Manager, and 203 local boards according to the provisions of ARS Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The **EORP** is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that benefits all elected State and county officials and judges and certain elected city officials. The EORP is governed by the Fund Manager of the PSPRS according to the provisions of ARS Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3.

The **CORP** is an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that benefits town, city, and county detention officers; and certain employees of the Arizona Department of Corrections and the Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections. The CORP is governed by the Fund Manager of the PSPRS and 20 local boards according to the provisions of ARS Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

Each plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. A report may be obtained by writing or calling the applicable plan.

Arizona State Retirement System P.O. Box 33910 Phoenix, Arizona 85067-3910 (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System, Elected Officials' Retirement Plan or the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan
3010 East Camelback Road, Suite 200
Phoenix, Arizona 85016
(602) 255-5575

The number of participating government employers as of June 30, 2006 is shown below:

Employer	<u>ASRS</u>	<u>PSPRS</u>	<u>EORP</u>	<u>CORP</u>
Cities and towns	74	130	19	-
Counties and county agencies	15	24	15	13
State	1	1	1	1
Special districts	81	48	-	-
School districts	235	-	-	-
Charter schools	180	-	-	-
Community college districts	10	-	-	-
Dispatchers	_	_	_	6

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As part of the Pension Trust Funds, the financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred and revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Contributions from employees and employers for service through June 30 are accrued. These contributions are considered to be fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible receivables is reflected in the financial statements.

Benefit and refund payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the retirement health benefit supplement and long-term disability plan.

C. FUNDING POLICY

The contribution requirements of plan members and the State are established by Title 38, Chapter 5 of the Arizona Revised Statutes. These contribution requirements may be amended by the Arizona State Legislature.

Cost-sharing plans – For the year ended June 30, 2006, active ASRS members and the State were each required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 7.40% (6.90% retirement and 0.50% long-term disability) of the members' annual payroll. The State's contributions to ASRS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$128.575, \$93.148, and \$87.657 million, respectively, for the primary government which were equal to the required contributions for these years.

In addition, active EORP members were required by statute to contribute 7.00% of the members' annual covered payroll. The State was required to contribute a designated portion of certain fees collected by the Supreme Court plus additional contributions of 20.54% of the members' annual covered payroll, as determined by actuarial valuation. The State's contributions to EORP for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$2.140 million, \$1.010 million, and \$987 thousand, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.

Agent plans – For the year ended June 30, 2006, active PSPRS members were required by statute to contribute 7.65% of the members' annual covered payroll and the participating State agencies were required to contribute at actuarially determined rates of 7.52 - 28.99%. Active CORP members were required by statute to contribute 8.50% of the members' annual covered payroll and the participating State agencies were required to contribute at actuarially determined rates of 5.51 - 5.56%.

D. ANNUAL PENSION COST

The State's annual pension cost and related actuarial data for each of the agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2006, is as follows (expressed in thousands):

	PSPRS	CORP
Contribution rates:		
State	7.52 - 28.99%	5.51 - 5.56%
Plan members	7.65%	8.50%
Annual pension cost	\$15,878	\$17,472
Contributions made	\$15,878	\$17,472
Actuarial valuation date	6/30/04	6/30/04
Actuarial cost method	entry age	entry age
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	8.75%	8.75%
Projected salary increases	6.25 - 9.25%	6.25 - 9.25%
includes inflation at	5.25%	5.25%
Cost-of-living adjustments	None	None
Amortization method Remaining amortization Asset valuation method	level percent open 20 years smoothed market value	level percent open 20 years smoothed market value

E. TREND INFORMATION

Information for each of the agent, multiple-employer defined benefit plans as of the most recent actuarial valuations is as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Contri	butions Required and Cor	ntributions Made	
	E:1 V	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Niet Deneien
	Fiscal Year		APC Contributed	Net Pension
	Ended	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
PSPRS	6/30/06	\$15,878	100%	\$ 0
	6/30/05	6,442	100%	0
	6/30/04	6,299	100%	0
CORP	6/30/06	17,472	100%	0
	6/30/05	12,754	100%	0
	6/30/04	11,900	100%	0

F. UNIVERSITIES' RETIREMENT PLANS

Faculty, academic professional, and administrative officers at the three universities (the ASU, the NAU, and the U of A) may select one of six retirement plans: the Teachers Insurance Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA/CREF), Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC), Fidelity Investments Tax-Exempt Services Company (Fidelity), Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company (Aetna), The Vanguard Group (Vanguard), or the ASRS. The ASRS is a defined benefit plan (described above) and the other five plans are defined contribution plans. The five defined contribution plans are administered by independent insurance and annuity companies approved by the ABOR. In addition, the U of A employees hired before July 1, 1972, have the option to participate in the defined contribution plan administered by the ASRS. Eligible classified staff belong to the ASRS. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings.

The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the Universities' contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2006, plan members and the three Universities were each required by statute to contribute an amount equal to 7.00% of an employee's compensation, except for an 8.13% contribution for the ASRS defined contribution plan.

Contributions to these plans for the year ended June 30, 2006, were as follows (expressed in thousands):

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	University	Employee	Total	
Plan	Contributions	Contributions	Contributions	
TIAA/CREF	\$ 27,572	\$ 27,572	\$ 55,144	
VALIC	3,169	3,169	6,338	
Fidelity	8,455	8,455	16,910	
Aetna	209	209	418	
Vanguard	1,139	1,139	2,278	
ASRS	108	93	201	

G. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described, the ASRS offers the Retiree Group Insurance Program and the Health Insurance Premium Benefit Program to eligible retired and disabled members. A retired member is defined as a member actively receiving an annuity benefit and a disabled member is defined as a member receiving a Long-Term Disability (LTD) benefit through the LTD program administered by the ASRS or through their former member employer's group LTD plan.

Pursuant to ARS §38-782, the Retiree Group Insurance Program makes available group health insurance coverage to eligible retired and disabled members and their dependents. Retired and disabled members of the ASRS, University Optional Retirement Plans, the PSPRS, the EORP, and the CORP may participate if they are no longer eligible for health insurance benefits through their former employer. More than 48,000 coverage agreements currently exist for retired and disabled members and their dependents.

Pursuant to ARS §38-783, retired and disabled members with at least five years of credited service are eligible to participate in the Health Insurance Premium Benefit (subsidy) Program. This assistance is provided to those members who elect group coverage through either the Retiree Group Insurance Program or their former member employer.

The ASRS offers a monthly subsidy to decrease the cost of group healthcare insurance offered to all retired and disabled persons of the ASRS, the PSPRS, the CORP, and the EORP that is provided by the primary government of the State. The amount of the subsidy provided to retired or disabled participants is dependent upon the number of years of credited service; whether the participant is eligible for Medicare coverage; if the participant elects group insurance coverage for spouse or dependents; and if the participant lives in an isolated or rural location of the State. The amount of the monthly subsidy paid on a member's and their dependents' behalf toward the cost of group health insurance by the ASRS ranges from \$50 to \$470. The ASRS reimbursed approximately \$80.800 million and \$89.600 million towards the cost of group health insurance coverage for the years ended June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005, respectively. Employment functions of the retired and disabled members eligible for the subsidy are teachers, State employees, and political subdivision employees.

The subsidy was enacted by the State Legislature as part of the enabling and operating laws of the ASRS (ARS §38-782 and §38-783). The actuarial calculation of the ASRS plan liabilities used to assess the annual required contribution rate to all participating employers includes an actuarial dollar amount of \$904.119 million for fiscal year 2006 (3.20% of the total actuarial liabilities) to fund the health insurance subsidy program. The total annual required contribution rate for both employers and employees during fiscal year 2006 was 6.40%. The participating ASRS employers and employees make no other contributions for funding the health insurance subsidy benefit enacted by the State Legislature.

Total actuarial liabilities of the ASRS, including funding for the healthcare insurance subsidy, are determined on a projected unit-credit basis. As the ASRS is a cost-sharing plan, the number of subsidy participants and amount contributed for the subsidy by each participating employer is not available. Total Net Assets available to pay the subsidy for all participants at June 30, 2006, is \$969.746 million.

The State Legislature in ARS §38-783 has made the payment of the healthcare subsidy to retired and disabled participants subordinate to the payment of normal retirement benefits.

During the November 1998 general election, voters added Article XXIX to the State of Arizona Constitution. Article XXIX is titled Public Retirement Systems. Article XXIX provided for the following actions:

1. Public retirement systems shall be funded with contributions and investment earnings using actuarial methods and assumptions that are consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards.

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- 2. The assets of the State's public retirement systems, including investment earnings and contributions, are separate and independent trust funds and shall be invested, administered, and distributed as determined by law solely in the interests of the members and beneficiaries of the public retirement systems.
- 3. Membership in a public retirement system is a contractual relationship that is subject to Article II, Section 25 of the State's constitution, and public retirement system benefits shall not be diminished or impaired.

Article II, Section 25 of the State's constitution indicates that no law impairing the obligation of a contract shall ever be enacted.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. REVENUE BONDS

Governmental Activities

1. Arizona Department of Transportation

The ADOT issued Senior and Subordinated Highway Revenue Bonds to provide funds for acquisition of right-of-way and construction of federal, state, and local highways. The original amount of Highway Revenue Bonds issued in prior years and outstanding at the start of the fiscal year was \$1.2 billion. During the year, Highway Revenue Bonds totaling \$265.650 million were issued to (i) finance portions of the Transportation Board's Five Year Transportation Facilities Construction Program, (ii) pay interest on any bonds issued for highway purposes, (iii) pay costs of issuing the bonds, and (iv) refund portions of the Board's outstanding Senior Series 1999 Bonds (\$13.985 million), Senior Series 2001 Bonds (\$86.170 million), and Senior Series 2002 B Bonds (\$48.595 million).

The Highway Revenue Bonds are secured by a prior lien on and a pledge of motor vehicle and related fuel fees and taxes. Arizona Revised Statutes restrict the total principal amount of Arizona Highway Revenue Bonds that may be outstanding at any time, excluding refunded bonds, from exceeding \$1.3 billion.

The Maricopa County Regional Area Road Bond Fund is used to record all payments of principal and interest for Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds issued by ADOT. The Bonds are secured by transportation excise taxes collected by the Arizona Department of Revenue on behalf of Maricopa County. The original amount of Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds issued in prior years and outstanding at the start of the fiscal year was \$80.375 million.

The bond resolution adopted by the Transportation Board on July 25, 1986 established a debt service reserve requirement equal to the maximum annual interest due in the current year or future years on any series of outstanding Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds. The Second Supplemental Transaction Excise Tax Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the Board on September 22, 1988, gives the Board the option, which it has elected, of acquiring debt service reserve insurance policies in lieu of the debt service reserve requirement. Accordingly, no debt service reserve is reported in the accompanying financial statements. The policies were issued by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company, except for the 1993 Series Subordinated Bonds policies, which were issued by MBIA Insurance Corporation, and the 1995 Series A and Series B Subordinated Bonds policies, which were issued by AMBAC Assurance Corporation. These policies are non-cancelable and insure payment, up to the policy amount, of the bond interest on their respective payment dates. The policies terminated on July 1, 2005. The premiums on these insurance policies are recorded as expenditures in the year of payment. There are no Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2006.

In prior fiscal years, the ADOT refinanced various bond issues through advance-refunding arrangements. Under the terms of the refunding bond issues, sufficient assets to pay all principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the refunded bond issues have been placed in irrevocable trust accounts at commercial banks and invested in U.S. Government securities which, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for future payment of principal and interest of the issues refunded. The assets, liabilities, and financial transactions of these trust accounts and the liability for the defeased bonds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. Refunded bonds for the ADOT at June 30, 2006 totaled \$212.880 million.

ADOT advance-refunded a portion of the Highway Revenue Bonds Series 1999 Bonds (\$13.985 million), a portion of the Highway Revenue Bonds Series 2001 Bonds (\$86.170 million), and a portion of the Highway Revenue Bonds Series 2002B Bonds (\$48.595 million) to reduce its total debt service payments by \$7.833 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present

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values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$5.848 million. The payment to the refunded bond escrow agent totaled \$161.726 million, representing principal of \$148.750 million and interest of \$12.976 million.

2. School Facilities Board

On August 18, 2005, the Arizona School Facilities Board (SFB) issued State School Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 for \$448.760 million. The 2005 Bonds include \$448.760 million of serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and maturity dates ranging from 2007 to 2021. The 2005 Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 2015, are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity without premium. The SFB realized net proceeds from the 2005 Bonds of \$484.963 million after receipt of \$37.304 million net reoffering premium and payment of \$1.101 million for issuance costs. The SFB net proceeds were used to advance-refund a portion of School Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2001, 2002, and 2003 with a total outstanding principal balance of \$446.680 million. The advance-refunding resulted in a debt service savings of \$24.494 million and a net present value benefit of \$14.907 million (difference between the present values of the old debt and new debt service payments) for the SFB. The advance-refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$21.398 million. The loss on refunding is being amortized using the straight line method as a charge to interest expense. The refunded Bonds Series 2001, 2002, and 2003 will be paid by investments held in an irrevocable trust with a fair value of \$484.963 million. As a result, the refunded debt is considered to be defeased and is not included in the State's financial statements. Refunded Bonds for the SFB at June 30, 2006 totaled \$446.680 million.

Business-Type Activities

3. Universities

a. University of Arizona

The U of A's bonded debt consists of various issues of system revenue bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds are used to pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities and infrastructure. Bond proceeds are also used for refunding obligations from previously issued bonds. Payment of principal and interest on bonds is secured by a pledge of tuition and fees, sales and services, auxiliary enterprises, and other charges.

On September 13, 2005, the U of A sold System Revenue Bonds Series 2005A (2005A Bonds) for \$35.570 million dated September 1, 2005. The 2005A Bonds include \$25.255 million of serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and maturity dates ranging from 2007 to 2025. The 2005A Bonds also include two term bonds consisting of \$4.785 million with an interest rate of 5.00% due June 1, 2028, and \$5.530 million with an interest rate of 5.00% due June 1, 2031. The 2005A Bonds with maturity on or after June 1, 2016, are subject to optional redemption without premium. The 2005A Bonds with maturity on June 1, 2028 and June 1, 2031, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption without premium pursuant to the debt documents. The 2005A Bonds sold at a premium of \$1.372 million and had accrued interest of \$119 thousand. The U of A realized net proceeds of \$36.647 million after payment of \$414 thousand for issuance costs, underwriter discounts, and bond insurance. The net proceeds were used to finance the Architecture Building Expansion Project, the Poetry Center Project, the Residence Life Building Renewal Phase II Project, the Deferred Renovation - Building Renewal and Infrastructure Project, and to pay the December 1, 2005 interest payments on the U of A's System Revenue Bonds Series 1992A, 1998, 2002, 2003, 2004A, and 2004B. The interest payments from the net proceeds provided budget relief to assist the U of A with implementing a budget stabilization plan.

On May 9, 2006, the U of A sold System Revenue Bonds Series 2006A (2006A Bonds) for \$17.645 million dated May 1, 2006. The 2006A Bonds include \$17.645 million of serial bonds with an interest rate of 5.00% and maturity dates ranging from 2016 to 2020. The 2006A Bonds with maturity on or after June 1, 2017, are subject to optional redemption without premium. The 2006A Bonds sold at a premium of \$993 thousand. The U of A realized net proceeds of \$18.477 million after payment of \$303 thousand for issuance costs, underwriter discounts, and bond insurance and a U of A Contribution of \$142 thousand. The net proceeds were used to pay the June 1, 2006 principal and interest payments on the U of A's System Revenue Bonds Series 1992A, 1998, 2002, 2003, 2004A, and 2004B. This provided budget relief to assist the U of A with implementing a budget stabilization plan.

In fiscal year 2003, the U of A refunded, in advance of maturity, a portion of outstanding System Revenue Bonds Series 2000A. At June 30, 2006, the outstanding principal balance of the refunded bonds was \$4.330 million, which will be paid by investments held in an irrevocable trust with a fair value of \$4.364 million. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for these defeased bonds are not included in the U of A's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2005, the U of A refunded, in advance of maturity, a portion of outstanding System Revenue Bonds Series 1998 and the remaining portion of System Revenue Bonds Series 2000A. At June 30, 2006, the total outstanding principal balance of the refunded bonds was \$28.285 million, which will be paid by investments held in an irrevocable trust with a total fair value of \$29.859 million. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for these defeased bonds are not included in the U of A's financial statements.

b. Northern Arizona University

On October 19, 2005, the NAU sold System Revenue Bonds Series 2005 for \$15.255 million dated November 1, 2005. The 2005 Bonds include \$6.280 million of serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 4.50% and maturity dates ranging from June 1, 2007 to June 1, 2026. The 2005 Bonds also include \$8.975 million of term bonds, with interest rates ranging from 4.60% to 5.125% and maturing on June 1, 2030, 2035, and 2040. The 2005 Bonds were sold with net original issue discount of \$11 thousand. NAU realized net proceeds of \$15.000 million after payment of \$244 thousand for issuance costs, underwriter discounts, and bond insurance. The costs associated with this issue were recorded in the current fiscal year. The net proceeds of \$15.000 million are being used to finance a new parking garage and enclosed pedestrian bridge on the NAU's Mountain Campus.

In prior years, the NAU defeased certain revenue bonds by either placing the proceeds of new bonds, or cash and investments accumulated in the sinking fund, in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the NAU's financial statements. At June 30, 2006, \$25.425 million of such bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

c. Arizona State University

At June 30, 2006, the ASU held a combination of fixed and variable rate bonds. The ASU's fixed rate bonded debt consists of various issues of system revenue bonds that are generally callable at a prescribed date with interest payable semi-annually. In prior years, certain system revenue bonds of the ASU were defeased through advance-refunding by depositing sufficient U.S. Government securities to pay all future debt service in an irrevocable trust. Accordingly, the liabilities for these defeased bonds are not included in the ASU's financial statement. The principal amount of all such bonds outstanding June 30, 2006 was \$46.900 million.

The ASU had outstanding two series of variable rate demand system revenue bonds, Series 2003A and 2003B, totaling \$103.000 million, with final maturities of July 1, 2034. Both series of bonds continue to bear interest at a weekly rate not to exceed 12.00% per annum based upon prevailing market conditions, as determined by the respective remarketing agents. The bonds are subject to conversion, at the option of the Arizona Board of Regents on behalf of the ASU, to a different or alternate adjustable rate mode, or a fixed rate pursuant to the bond indenture. The interest rate in effect at June 30, 2006 was 3.95% for the Series 2003A bonds and Series 2003B bonds.

The variable rate bonds are subject to purchase on the demand of the holder at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on seven days' notice and delivery to the remarketing agents. If the remarketing agents are unable to resell the bonds, the ASU has a Standby Purchase Agreement with Bank of America, N.A. to extend credit through the purchase of the unremarketed bonds. Assuming all of the \$51.500 million Series 2003A bonds and \$51.500 million Series 2003B bonds are not resold within 90 days, the ASU would be responsible to make annual installment principal payments of \$20.600 million over a five year period, plus interest to be calculated as established in the Standby Purchase Agreement. The ASU has agreed to pay Bank of America, N.A. an annual commitment fee of 0.18% on the outstanding principal for the Standby Purchase Agreement. The Standby Purchase Agreement is valid through October 15, 2008.

Securities and cash restricted for bond debt service held by the trustee at June 30, 2006 totaled \$26.500 million.

Summary of Revenue Bonds

The following schedule summarizes revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

Revenue Bonds Outstanding	Dates Issued	Maturity Dates	Interest Rates	Outstanding Balance at June 30, 2006
Governmental Activities:				
Department of Transportation	1992-2006	2007-2025	3.40-6.00%	\$1,223,425
School Facilities Board	2001-2006	2007-2021	.14-5.75%	883,275
Proprietary Funds:				
University Revenue Bonds	1969-2006	2007-2040	2.50-7.13%	802,600

Principal and interest debt service payments on revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

			Annua	l Debt Service		
· <u> </u>	Gov	vernmental Activities	3		Business-Type Activit	ies
Fiscal Year	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total
2007	\$ 102,860	\$ 105,615	\$ 208,475	\$ 42,435	\$ 37,731	\$ 80,166
2008	108,925	100,895	209,820	47,215	35,665	82,880
2009	114,715	95,301	210,016	44,255	33,463	77,718
2010	121,080	89,683	210,763	46,335	31,203	77,538
2011	127,520	83,171	210,691	48,425	28,869	77,294
2012-2016	683,110	314,651	997,761	213,950	111,319	325,269
2017-2021	691,865	128,726	820,591	140,810	65,254	206,064
2022-2026	156,625	14,900	171,525	95,660	38,993	134,653
2027-2031	-	-	-	74,460	18,949	93,409
2032-2036	-	-	-	45,875	4,595	50,470
2037-2040	-	-	-	3,180	417	3,597
Total	\$ 2,106,700	\$ 932,942	\$ 3,039,642	\$ 802,600	\$ 406,458	\$ 1,209,058

B. GRANT ANTICIPATION NOTES

Grant Anticipation Notes are issued by the Transportation Board and secured by revenues received from the Federal Highway Administration under a grant agreement and certain other federal-aid revenues. The original amount of Grant Anticipation Notes issued in prior years and outstanding at the start of the fiscal year was \$363.970 million.

Grant Anticipation Notes currently outstanding are as follows (expressed in thousands):

				Out	tstanding
Grant Anticipation Notes	Dates	Maturity	Interest	Ba	lance at
Outstanding	Issued	Dates	Rates	June	30, 2006
Governmental Activities:					
Department of Transportation	2000-2005	2007-2016	2.50-5.25%	\$	325,430

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Future debt service principal and interest payments on Grant Anticipation Notes issues for fiscal years ended June 30 are summarized below (expressed in thousands):

	Annual 1	Debt Service						
Governmental Activities								
	Total	Total						
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total					
2007	\$ 42,570	\$ 14,578	\$ 57,148					
2008	36,565	13,300	49,865					
2009	29,990	11,832	41,822					
2010	31,350	10,468	41,818					
2011	32,785	9,034	41,819					
2012-2016	152,170	20,075	172,245					
Total	\$ 325,430	\$ 79,287	\$ 404,717					

C. CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

Governmental Activities

1. Department of Administration

The State has issued COPs to finance construction or improvements of office buildings that are primarily leased to State agencies. The State's obligation to make lease payments and any other obligations of the State under the lease are subject to, and dependent upon, annual appropriations made by the State Legislature and annual allocations of such appropriations being made by the Department of Administration for such purpose. The Department of Administration agrees to use its best efforts to budget, obtain, allocate, and maintain sufficient appropriated monies to make lease payments. In the event any such appropriation and allocation is not made, the leases will terminate and there can be no assurance that the proceeds for the re-leasing or sale of the projects will be sufficient to pay principal and interest with respect to the then outstanding COPs. The scheduled payments of principal and interest with respect to the COPs are guaranteed under certificate insurance policies. The State's obligation to make lease payments does not constitute a debt or liability of the State within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation. Neither the full faith and credit nor the general taxing power of the State is pledged to make payments of principal or interest due with respect to the COPs. Such payments will be made solely from amounts derived under the terms of the lease, including lease payments, and amounts from time to time on deposit under the terms of the declaration of trust.

2. School Facilities Board

In prior fiscal years, the SFB refinanced various COPs through advance-refunding arrangements. Under the terms of the refundings, sufficient assets to pay all principal, redemption premiums, if any, and interest on the refunded COPs have been placed in irrevocable trust accounts at commercial banks and invested in U.S. securities which, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for future payment of principal and interest of the issues refunded. The assets, liabilities, and financial transactions of these trust accounts and the liability for the defeased COPs are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. Refunded COPs for the SFB at June 30, 2006 totaled \$311.130 million.

Business-Type Activities

3. University of Arizona

On November 16, 2005, the U of A issued Refunding COPs Series 2005D, 2005E, 2005F, 2005G, 2005H, 2005I (2005D-I) for \$6.655 million, \$3.555 million, \$14.915 million, \$2.245 million, \$770 thousand, and \$1.320 million, respectively, dated November 1, 2005 at a net premium of \$202 thousand. The 2005D-I COPs include \$29.460 million of serial certificates with interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.00% and maturity dates ranging from 2006 to 2025. The 2005D-I Certificates maturing on or after June 1, 2016, are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity without premium and there are also extraordinary redemption dates pursuant to the debt documents.

The U of A realized net proceeds from the 2005D-I COPs of \$29.147 million after payment of \$515 thousand for issuance costs, underwriters discount, and bond insurance. These net proceeds were used for the following:

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- Pay the December 1, 2005 debt service interest payments on the COPs Series 1999A, 1999B, 1999, 2000A, 2001A, 2001B, 2002A, 2002B, 2003A, 2003B, and 2004A, which provided budget relief to assist the U of A with implementing a budget stabilization plan.
- Current-refund a \$14.070 million principal portion of a variable rate COPs Series 2000A. At the time of the refunding, the effective rate of the refunded 2000A variable rate COPs was 3.05% and the maximum annual interest rate could not exceed 12.00%. Depending on what the future changes might have been in the variable rates of the refunded 2000A COPs, the difference in debt service payments resulting from changes in variable interest rates compared to the 2005F Certificates' average fixed interest rate of 4.30% over the next 19 years is (\$2.130 million) to \$15.417 million. The difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments results in a range of an economic loss of \$135 thousand to an economic gain of \$974 thousand. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$209 thousand. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction of long-term debt, is being amortized to interest expense through the year 2025 using the straight-line method.
- Refund in advance of maturity a \$6.555 million principal portion of the COPs Series 1999A and the \$3.290 million principal balance of the Series 1999. The advance-refunding generated a combined net present value economic gain of \$437 thousand (difference between the present values of the old debt and new debt service payments) for the U of A. The advance-refunding decreases the U of A's debt service by \$260 thousand in year one, \$43 thousand in year two, and by an average \$27 thousand in years three through nine when the annual debt service increase by an average of \$4 thousand from years ten through fifteen. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$654 thousand. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt, is being amortized to interest expense through the year 2020 using the straight-line method. The refunded COPs Series 1999A and 1999 will be paid by investments held in an irrevocable trust with a combined fair value of \$9.969 million. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for these defeased bonds are not included in the U of A's financial statements.

On May 9, 2006, the U of A issued Refunding COPs Series 2006A, 2006B, 2006C, 2006D, and 2006E (2006A-E) for \$35.785 million, \$12.395 million, \$6.100 million, \$1.285 million, and \$3.085 million, respectively, dated May 1, 2006, at a net premium of \$996 thousand. The 2006A-E COPs include \$58.650 million of serial certificates with interest rates ranging from 3.60% to 5.00% and maturity dates ranging from 2007 to 2025. The 2006A-E COPs maturing on or after June 1, 2017, are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity without premium, and there are also extraordinary redemption dates pursuant to the debt documents.

The U of A realized net proceeds from the 2006A-E COPs of \$58.824 million after payment of \$913 thousand for issuance costs, underwriters discount, and bond insurance and the U of A contribution of \$91 thousand. The net proceeds were used for the following:

- Pay the June 1, 2006 debt service principal and interest payments on the COPs Series 1999A, 2000A, 2001A, 2001B, 2002A, 2002B, 2003A, 2003B, and 2004A.
- Current-refund the variable rate COPs Series 1999B and the remaining portion of the variable rate COPs Series 2000A, with outstanding principal balances of \$36.500 million and \$11.530 million, respectively. At the time of the refunding, the effective rate of the refunded 1999B and 2000A variable rate COPs was 3.60% and the maximum annual interest rate could not exceed 12.00%. Depending on what the future changes might have been in the variable rates of the refunded 1999B and 2000A COPs, the difference in the combined debt service payments resulting from changes in variable interest rates compared to the 2006A Certificates' average fixed interest rate of 4.90% over the next 18 years is (\$7.290 million) to \$45.871 million. The difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments results in a range of an economic loss of \$486 thousand to an economic gain of \$3.058 million. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$629 thousand. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt, is being amortized to interest expense through the year 2025 using the straight-line method.

On June 6, 2006, the U of A issued COPs Series 2006 for \$18.240 million at a discount of \$104 thousand dated June 1, 2006. The 2006 COPs include two term certificates consisting of \$3.780 million with an interest rate of 4.50% due June 1, 2028, and \$6.320 million with an interest rate of 4.50% due June 1, 2031. The 2006 COPs with maturity on or after June 1, 2017, are subject to optional redemption without premium. The 2006 COPs with maturity on June 1, 2028 and June 1, 2031, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption without premium pursuant to the debt documents. There are also extraordinary redemption dates pursuant to the debt documents. The U of A realized net proceeds of \$17.807 million after payment of \$329 thousand for issuance costs,

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underwriter discounts, and bond insurance. The net proceeds were used to finance the Arizona Biomedical Research Collaborative Building construction project.

The U of A has outstanding at June 30, 2006, variable rate COPs, Series 2004B, totaling \$41.400 million. These certificates bear interest at a weekly rate, determined by J.P. Morgan Securities as remarketing agents, with a final maturity date of June 1, 2031. These certificates are subject to conversion, at the option of the Arizona Board of Regents, to an adjustable rate, an annual rate, or a term rate pursuant to the debt documents. If not converted, the 2004B COPs will bear interest at a weekly rate not to exceed 12.00% per annum determined under prevailing market conditions by the remarketing agent. The variable rate COPs are subject to purchase on the demand of the holder at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on seven days' notice and delivery to the remarketing agents. If the remarketing agents are unable to resell the demand certificates, the U of A has Standby Purchase Agreements with Bayerische Landesbank to extend credit through the purchase of the un-marketed certificates. Assuming all of the \$41.400 million COPs are not resold within 90 days, the U of A would be responsible to make annual installment principal payments of \$8.280 million over a five year period, plus interest to be calculated as established in the Standby Purchase Agreements. Bayerische Landesbank charges the U of A an annual Standby Purchase Agreement commitment fee on the outstanding principal for the COPs for the Series 2004B. The fee is 0.19%. The Standby Purchase Agreement is valid through November 30, 2015.

In fiscal year 2003, the U of A refunded, in advance of maturity, a portion of outstanding COPs Series 2001B. At June 30, 2006, the outstanding principal balance for the COPs Series 2001B was \$5.465 million, which will be paid by investments held in an irrevocable trust with a fair market value of \$5.437 million. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for these defeased COPs are not included in the U of A's financial statements.

In fiscal year 2005, the U of A refunded, in advance of maturity, a portion of outstanding COPs Series 1999A, 1999, and 2001A. At June 30, 2006, the total outstanding principal balance for the COPs Series 1999A, 1999, and 2001A was \$41.935 million, which will be paid by investments held in an irrevocable trust with a fair value of \$43.283 million. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for these defeased COPs are not included in the U of A's financial statements.

4. Arizona State University

During fiscal year 2006, the ASU issued \$15.810 million in certificates of participation to fund the Arizona Biomedical Research Collaborative Building in cooperation with the U of A and to provide additional funding for Biodesign Institute Building B. The 2006 COPs were issued in June 2006 at an average interest rate of 4.52%. The annual debt service for the 2004, 2005A, and 2006 COPs will be funded by state appropriations in the amount of \$14.500 million annually beginning in fiscal 2008.

Securities and cash restricted for COP debt service held by the trustee at June 30, 2006 totaled \$21.800 million.

5. Northern Arizona University

On July 27, 2005, the NAU issued COPs Series 2005 for \$40.255 million dated August 1, 2005. The Series 2005 COPs included \$31.455 million of serial certificates with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and maturity dates ranging from 2008 to 2029. The 2005 COPs also included \$8.800 million of term certificates with interest rates ranging from 4.75% to 5.00% and maturing on September 1, 2020 and September 1, 2030. The 2005 COPs were issued at a premium of \$1.158 million. NAU realized net proceeds of \$40.763 million after payment of \$650 thousand for issuance costs, underwriters discount, and bond insurance. The costs associated with this issue were recorded in the current fiscal year. The net proceeds are being used to finance the Laboratory Facility building and the North Campus Research Infrastructure project.

On June 7, 2006, the NAU issued COPs Series 2006 for \$12.445 million dated June 1, 2006. The Series 2006 COPs included \$9.390 million of serial certificates with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 4.40% and maturity dates ranging from 2008 to 2027. The 2006 COPs also included a \$3.055 million term certificate with an interest rate of 4.50% and maturing on September 1, 2030. The 2006 COPs were issued at a net discount of \$169 thousand. NAU realized net proceeds of \$12.004 million after payment of \$272 thousand for issuance costs, underwriters discount, and bond insurance. The costs associated with this issue were recorded in the current fiscal year. The net proceeds are being used to finance the Arizona Western NAU Yuma Research Facility project and the Utility Infrastructure project.

A summary of the COPs issued as of June 30, 2006, is as follows (expressed in thousands):

		Final	A	Amount			
	Issue	Maturity	Αι	uthorized	Οι	ıtstanding	Interest
Project	Date	Date	Aı	nd Issued		Balance	Rates
Governmental Activities:							
Refunding Certificates of 92A, 92C, & 1091	2001	2011	\$	57,930	\$	34,700	4.00 - 5.25
Health Lab/HRIS	2002	2023		63,270		52,655	3.50 - 5.50
Refunding Certificates of 92B	2002	2011		75,295		62,765	2.90 - 5.50
School Facilities Board 2003A	2003	2018		372,730		154,270	2.50 - 5.00
School Facilities Board 2003B	2004	2019		194,610		115,170	2.25 - 5.25
School Facilities Board 2004A	2004	2019		47,160		44,405	2.00 - 5.00
ADOA Refunding Certificates of 93B	2004	2012		16,725		13,620	3.00 - 5.00
ADOA Series 2004B	2004	2019		31,965		30,260	3.00 - 5.25
School Facilities Board 2004B	2005	2020		190,040		131,155	3.50 - 5.25
School Facilities Board 2004C	2005	2020		47,585		47,585	3.00 - 5.00
SFB Refunding Certificates of 2003A	2005	2018		201,125		201,125	2.50 - 5.00
SFB Refunding Certificates of 2003B	2005	2019		80,055		80,055	2.50 - 5.00
SFB Refunding Certificates of 2004B	2005	2020		53,045		53,045	2.50 - 5.00
Total Governmental Activities:			\$	1,431,535	\$	1,020,810	
Business-Type Activities:							
Arizona State University:							
Towers Project	1991	2011	\$	4,500	\$	1,815	6.89
Downtown Center – 1999A	1999	2025		5,620		4,935	5.75
Downtown Center – 1999B	1999	2025		5,165		4,690	8.00
2002 Certificates of Participation	2002	2027		103,800		95,460	4.75
2004 West Campus - Refunding	2004	2010		22,495		22,495	2.36
2004 Certificates of Participation	2005	2031		80,275		80,275	4.89
2005A Certificates of Participation	2005	2031		110,115		110,115	4.36
2006 Certificates of Participation	2006	2031		15,810		15,810	4.52
University of Arizona:							
Fixed Student Union A	1999	2020		21,607		3,601	5.13 - 5.30
Parking Garage/Residence Hall	1999	2009		18,635		505	4.85 - 5.00
Park Student Union/Ln Svcs/6th St Gar	2001	2025		31,695		15,165	3.88 - 5.50
Gittings Bldg. Highland Infra. Life Sci.	2001	2022		21,425		13,385	4.00 - 5.13
Student Housing, Health Bldg., UA North	2002	2022		76,965		64,400	4.13 - 5.50
Meinel Bldg & Refund COPS 1994B	2002	2023		29,845		28,845	3.00 - 5.13
Refund COPS 1997 & Portion of Series							
2001B	2003	2022		10,615		10,615	3.50 – 5.00
Med. Resh. Bldg./Biomed Sci./Tech. Infstr.	2004	2031		153,960		152,360	2.00 – 5.25
Chem.Bldg./Res.Life/Pkg.Garage/Rfnd.COPS	2004	2029		42,020		40,895	3.50 - 5.25
Chemical Building Expansion	2004	2031		41,400		41,400	Variable not to exceed 12
Refund COPS 1999A	2005	2024		12,660		12,660	4.00 - 5.00
Refund COPS 1999	2005	2024		14,825		14,825	5.00
Refund COPS 2001A	2005	2022		16,330		16,330	4.13 - 5.00
Refund COPS 1999, 1999A&B, 2000A, 2001A&B, 2002A&B, 2003A&B, 2004A Refund COPS 1999A&B, 2000A, 2001A&B,	2006	2025		29,460		29,010	3.25 - 5.00
2002A&B, 2003A&B, 2004A	2006	2025		58,650		58,650	3.60 - 5.00
Biomed Rsch Collab Bldg Project	2006	2031		18,240		18,240	4.00 - 5.00
Northern Arizona University:							
2004 Certificates of Participation	2005	2030		37,585		37,585	2.50 - 5.13
2005 Certificates of Participation	2006	2031		40,255		40,255	3.00 - 5.00
2006 Certificates of Participation	2006	2031		12,445		12,445	4.00- 4.50
Total Business-Type Activities:			\$	1,036,397	\$	946,766	
Total Certificates of Participation			\$	2,467,932	\$	1,967,576	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				, , , , -		, ,	

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Principal and interest debt service requirements on COPs outstanding at June 30, 2006, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Annual Debt Service														
	Go	overnme	ntal Activitie	es		Business-type Activities									
Fiscal Year	otal ncipal	Total Interest		Total Amount Required		Total Principal		Total Interest		Ar	otal nount quired				
2007	\$ 60,945	\$	47,664	\$	108,609	\$	16,805	\$	43,755	\$	60,560				
2008	63,215		45,202		108,417		30,160		43,139		73,299				
2009	65,805		42,417		108,222		31,155		42,043		73,198				
2010	68,580		39,425		108,005		32,120		40,715		72,835				
2011	71,680		36,120		107,800		28,255		39,623		67,878				
2012-2016	414,055		122,826		536,881		189,885		177,004		366,889				
2017-2021	272,090		21,998		294,088		251,126		123,432		374,558				
2022-2026	4,440		229		4,669		205,145		62,924		268,069				
2027-2031	 _				_		162,115		19,958		182,073				
Total	\$ 1,020,810	\$	355,881	\$	1,376,691	\$	946,766	\$	592,593	\$	1,539,359				

D. LEASES AND INSTALLMENT PURCHASES

1. Leases

The total operating lease expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, were \$32.576 million for governmental activities and \$20.422 million for business-type activities. The future minimum lease payments for long-term operating leases as of June 30, 2006, are summarized below (expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year	nmental vities	Busine: Activ	* 1	Total		
2007	\$ 24,926	\$	3,022	\$	27,948	
2008	17,468		2,343		19,811	
2009	13,462		919		14,381	
2010	7,121		462		7,583	
2011	2,051		227		2,278	
2012-2016	794		-		794	
Total Minimum						
Lease Payments	\$ 65,822	\$	6,973	\$	72,795	

Many operating leases are for buildings and land leased by State agencies. Although these leases are considered to be long-term, they are cancelable under certain circumstances.

- An agency must be able to cancel the lease if monies are not appropriated to cover the lease expenditures.
- If an agency is ordered to move into State-owned property and a 60-day notice is given, the lease can be canceled without penalty.
- In situations where the use of the leased property is dependent on the use of Federal monies, the lease must be cancelable in the event Federal monies are no longer available.

The State has entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of buildings, telephone systems, copy machines, and other equipment. Capital lease assets and liabilities are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. A lease is reported as a capital lease if one or more of the following criteria are met:

- Title to or ownership of the asset is transferred to the State at the end of the lease.
- The lease contains a bargain purchase option.

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- The lease term is equal to 75.00% or more of the useful life of the leased asset. (This criteria does not apply if the beginning lease term falls within the last 25.00% of the total useful life of the asset.)
- The present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease, excluding executory costs, equals at least 90.00% of the fair market value of the leased asset. (This criterion does not apply if the beginning lease term falls within the last 25.00% of the total useful life of the asset.)

The future minimum lease payments for long-term capital leases as of June 30, 2006 are summarized below (expressed in thousands):

	Annual Debt Service								
Fiscal Year		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities					
2007	\$	14,963	\$	9,209					
2008		15,217		9,521					
2009		15,348		9,842					
2010		14,323		8,907					
2011		12,433		8,292					
2012-2016		64,468		36,253					
2017-2021		70,638		30,656					
2022-2026		76,375		30,072					
2027-2031		20,435		30,414					
2032-2036				15,543					
Total minimum lease payments		304,200		188,709					
Less: amount representing interest		(76,254)		(75,321)					
Less: amount representing executory costs		(98,138)		-					
Obligations under capital leases	\$	129,808	\$	113,388					

2. Installment Purchases

The State has installment purchase contracts payable for acquisitions of computer and other equipment. Installment purchases assets and liabilities are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

The future minimum payments for long-term installment purchases as of June 30, 2006, are summarized below (expressed in thousands):

	Annual Debt Service									
	Governmental	Business-type								
Fiscal Year	Activities	Activities								
2007	\$ 2,530	\$ 2,637								
2008	2,270	2,255								
2009	1,625	2,034								
2010	754	1,600								
2011	-	1,600								
2012-2016	-	1,676								
2017-2021	-	135								
Total future minimum payments	7,179	11,937								
Less: amount representing interest	(364)	(1,658)								
Obligations under installment purchases	\$ 6,815	\$ 10,279								

3. Capital Assets Financed through Capital Leases and Certificates of Participation

The following table summarizes the historical costs of assets acquired under capital leases and COPs (expressed in thousands):

	Gove	rnmental	Busir	ness-type
	Ac	tivities	Ac	tivities
Land	\$	6,078	\$	-
Construction in progress		24,747		-
Buildings		302,427		1,067,487
Improvements other than buildings		3,653		-
Equipment		64,308		56
		401,213		1,067,543
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(118,486)		(72,218)
Carrying Value	\$	282,727	\$	995,325

E. LITIGATION

The amounts shown for the *Ladewig vs. Arizona Department of Revenue* and the *Kerr vs. Killian* settlements are further discussed in Note 10.B – *Litigation*. The State has typically paid for litigation from the General Fund.

F. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. The compensated absence liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. During fiscal year 2006, the State paid for compensated absences as follows: 85.00% from the General Fund, 9.00% from other funds, and 6.00% from other major funds.

G. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in Long-Term Obligations (expressed in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 2005	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2006	Due Within One Year	Due Thereafter
Governmental Activities:					,		
Long-term Debt:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 2,170,845	\$ 714,410	\$ (778,555)	\$	\$ 2,106,700	\$ 102,860	\$ 2,003,840
Grant anticipation notes	363,970	-	(38,540)		325,430	42,570	282,860
Certificates of participation	1,054,677	-	(33,867)		1,020,810	60,945	959,865
Capital leases	126,676	8,752	(5,620)		129,808	5,699	124,109
Installment purchase contracts	6,926	2,091	(2,202)		6,815	2,342	4,473
Premiums and discounts on debt	197,479	59,711	(37,232)		219,958	19,947	200,011
Deferred amounts on refundings Total Long-term Debt	3,920,573	(21,398) 763,566	3,566 (892,450)		(17,832) 3,791,689	(3,566)	(14,266) 3,560,892
Total Long-term Debt	3,920,373	/03,300	(892,430)	-	3,791,089	230,797	3,300,892
Other Long-term Liabilities:							
Compensated absences	153,235	214,909	(233,798)		134,346	127,749	6,597
Ladewig vs. Arizona Department	155,255	214,909	(233,196)		134,340	127,749	0,397
of Revenue Settlement	150,905	_	(74,789)		76,116	76,116	_
Kerr vs. Killian Settlement	-	15,000	-		15,000	15,000	-
Total Other Long-term Liabilities	304,140	229,909	(308,587)	-	225,462	218,865	6,597
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 4,224,713	\$ 993,475	\$ (1,201,037)	\$ -	\$ 4,017,151	\$ 449,662	\$ 3,567,489
Total Long-term Congations	φ +,22+,713	Ψ 773,473	φ (1,201,037)	ψ -	φ +,017,131	\$ 447,002	φ 3,307,402
Business-type Activities:							
Long-term Debt:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 768,000	\$ 68,470	\$ (33,870)	\$	\$ 802,600	\$ 42,435	\$ 760,165
Certificates of participation	860,759	175,027	(89,020)		946,766	16,805	929,961
Capital leases	120,361		(6,973)		113,388	4,057	109,331
Installment purchase contracts	7,276	4,764	(1,761)		10,279	2,180	8,099
Notes payable	30	4.524	(30)	1 207	20.221	1 622	26.600
Premiums and discounts on debt Deferred amounts on refundings	36,133 (20,821)	4,534 (1,492)	(3,723) 2.094	1,387 (1,387)	38,331 (21,606)	1,633 (1,688)	36,698 (19,918)
č			,	(1,387)	. , ,	` ' '	
Total Long-term Debt	1,771,738	251,303	(133,283)	-	1,889,758	65,422	1,824,336
Other Long-term Liabilities:							
Compensated absences	55,819	72,134	(65,118)		62,835	10,622	52,213
Total Other Long-term Liabilities	55,819	72,134	(65,118)	_	62,835	10,622	52,213
- Jane Jane Zong term Zatemities	22,017	, 2,101	(00,110)		02,000	10,022	52,215
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 1,827,557	\$ 323,437	\$ (198,401)	\$ -	\$ 1,952,593	\$ 76,044	\$ 1,876,549

The above long-term obligations relating to governmental activities include Internal Service Funds. Amounts for capital leases and compensated absences differ from those in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets because \$11.130 million of capital leases and \$12.346 million of compensated absences are attributable to Internal Service Funds. These amounts are included in the reconciliation as part of Internal Service Fund net assets.

NOTE 7. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund balances as of June 30, 2006 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

		Due To												
			Transportation &											
			Aviation Planning,		Land	No	on-Major	N	Non-Major		nternal			
	Genera	ıl F	Highway Maintenance	End	owments	Gov	ernmental]	Enterprise	5	Service		Total	
Due From	Fund		& Safety Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		Funds		Due To	
General Fund	\$	-	\$ -	\$	392	\$	42,695	\$	3	\$	1,694	\$	44,784	
Transportation & Aviation Planning,														
Highway Maintenance & Safety Fund	66,82	22	-		-		2,861		131,307		-		200,990	
Land Endowments Fund	2,24	17	-		-		10,859		-		1		13,107	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	26,80)9	-		-		1,451		-		681		28,941	
Unemployment Compensation Fund		3	-		-		755		-		-		758	
Lottery Fund	16,13	35	-		-		1,041		-		-		17,176	
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	150,55	59	20,000		-		-		-		1		170,560	
Internal Service Funds	1,02	25	-		-		3		-		1,090		2,118	
Total Due From	\$ 263,60	00	\$ 20,000	\$	392	\$	59,665	\$	131,310	\$	3,467	\$	478,434	

Interfund balances represent (1) amounts due to and from the Internal Service Funds for goods and services rendered, and (2) cash transferred between funds for various interfund activities subsequent to the balance sheet date. The cash is recorded in the fund which initiated the transfer, and a corresponding liability is recorded. The receiving fund records an interfund receivable.

The following interfund balances are not expected to be repaid within one year (expressed in thousands):

		Due To											
		Transportation &											
		Avia	tion Planning,	I	and	N	Non-Major	N	on-Major	Int	ernal		
	General	Highwa	ay Maintenance	Endo	wments	Go	overnmental	E	Enterprise	Sei	rvice		Total
Due From	 Fund	& 5	Safety Fund	F	und		Funds		Funds	Fι	ınds		Due To
Transportation & Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance & Safety Fund	\$ 64,518	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	98,900	\$	-	\$	163,418
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	 150,494		-		-		-		-		-		150,494
Total Due From	\$ 215,012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	98,900	\$	-	\$	313,912

Interfund Transfers

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

		Transferred To												
		Transportation &								Non-				
			ation Planning,	Land]	Non-Major			In	ndustrial	N	A ajor		
	General	_	vay Maintenance	Endowments	G	overnmental	Un	iversities		mmission				Total
Transferred From	Fund	&	Safety Fund	Fund		Funds		Fund	Spe	ecial Fund	F	unds	Tra	nsfers Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$	859	\$ 131	\$	65,198	\$	851,304	\$	-	\$	-	\$	917,492
Transportation & Aviation Planning,														
Highway Maintenance & Safety Fund	32,383		-	-		425,474		-		-		-		457,857
Land Endowments Fund	1,524		-	-		47		-		-		-		1,571
Non-Major Governmental Funds	177,086		3,067	-		9,571		-		19,000		110		208,834
Unemployment Compensation Fund	17		-	-		2,550		-		-		-		2,567
Lottery Fund	65,193		-	-		27,174		-		-		-		92,367
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	988		-	-		-		-		-		-		988
Internal Service Funds	791		-			30		-		-		-		821
Total Transfers In	\$ 277,982	\$	3,926	\$ 131	\$	530,044	\$	851,304	\$	19,000	\$	110	\$	1,682,497

Interfund transfers represent legally authorized non-exchange transfers of funds. These transfers include: (1) Legislative appropriations from the General Fund, (2) other legislative transfers, (3) statutorily required transfers, (4) transfers related to the elimination of funds, and (5) transfers for debt service.

NOTE 8. FUND DEFICIT

A. INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION SPECIAL FUND

The Industrial Commission Special Fund deficit decreased in the amount of \$83.116 million from \$192.766 million to \$109.650 million during fiscal year 2006. The main contributor to the Special Fund deficit continues to be the insolvent carrier liability, which was \$263.212 million at June 30, 2006. The Special Fund is responsible for paying all current and future Arizona workers' compensation claims of insolvent insurance carriers and self-insured plans. Some of the claims expense will be recovered over a period of years as the Special Fund receives liquidation distributions from the insolvent companies. The 2006 calendar year assessments percentage for the State Compensation Fund and privately owned insurance companies that provide workers' compensation insurance is 2.50%, the largest amount currently authorized in Arizona law. In 2005, ARS \$23-1081(B) was amended to permit surplus in the Industrial Commission Administrative Fund to be transferred to the Special Fund when the Special Fund is not actuarially sound. During fiscal year 2006, \$19.000 million was transferred from the Administrative Fund to the Special Fund.

B. HEALTHCARE GROUP

The Healthcare Group (HCG) incurred an operating loss of \$6.137 million in 2006 and \$4.844 million in 2005 and at June 30, 2006 had a fund deficit of \$3.696 million. Additionally, current liabilities exceeded current assets by \$1.723 million at June 30, 2006.

Three factors were the primary contributors to the decrease in net assets in fiscal year 2006. The most significant were the \$8.629 million stop-loss coverage reconciliation costs for the HMO model insurance contractors that are \$4.000 million in excess of the premium revenue set aside for the HMO benefit plans' stabilization reserve. The second was PPO model benefit claims that have been incurred but not yet received or paid in excess of the premium based reserves collected for the purpose of paying medical claims. The third factor contributing to the decrease in net assets was a continuation from fiscal year 2005 of the startup costs associated with the introduction of the new PPO product.

In response to the decreases in net assets and liquidity concerns described above, HCG has started the following intensive initiatives:

- HCG will conduct an organization-wide review of operating expenditures and will implement a plan which could include elimination of personnel and reengineering of job assignments and duties.
- Premium increases were implemented in July, 2006 for new HMO members and in September, 2006 for renewing members. Analysis of fiscal year 2006 claims experience indicates that groups with 1 employee consume disproportionately more healthcare services than the larger groups. Therefore, HCG's pricing strategy includes the implementation of actuarially determined premium rates for groups with 1 employee which are designed to cover the costs of their disproportionate consumption of services. HCG began implementing this strategy for PPO "groups of 1" in Maricopa County in July, 2006. A second increase will be implemented in January, 2007 at which time the "group of 1" rate will be implemented across the State in both the HMO and the PPO.
- Beginning in January, 2007, co-payments associated with primary care, ambulatory care, and hospitalization will be increased.
- Amend the contracted health plan contracts, effective July 1, 2006 to include PPO and HCG HMO program
 administrative costs and PPO claim costs as authorized allocations from the HMO stabilization reserve monies on an as
 needed basis.
- In March, 2007, HCG will introduce a Point-of-Service plan and begin tiering its hospital network. When a member requires inpatient or outpatient care from a hospital provider, their co-insurance payment will be dependent upon the level or "tier" of the hospital they choose. Hospitals will be classified into tiers based on the discounts that they offer to HCG. Members will incur less out of pocket costs if they choose a Tier 1 hospital vs. a Tier 2 or Tier 3 hospital.

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The HCG management represents that successful implementation of these operating improvements will provide sufficient cash to fund operating expenses. However, there can be no assurance that these operating improvements will occur or will provide sufficient cash to fund operating expenses. Additionally, if enrollment growth and across-the-board premium increases are not sufficient to fund the reserves for past losses and future stop-loss and claims experience costs, then the HCG will be required to scale back administrative expenditures to the level supported by actual enrollment and/or require a subsidy from the State General Fund to cover these operating costs. There can be no assurances that the Legislature will approve such a subsidy from the State General Fund. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the HCG will continue as a going concern. The matters discussed above raise substantial doubt about the HCG's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might result should the HCG be unable to continue as a going concern.

C. RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

Risk Management Fund (RMF) - The RMF deficit of \$330.819 million is primarily due to the RMF receiving annual funding only for expected paid claims (self-insured and excess insurance expenditures, legal and other claim related expenditures, and administrative expenditures), and not being funded for non-current accrued insurance losses. Accrued insurance losses of the RMF are not considered when determining funding for each fiscal year.

D. RETIREE ACCUMULATED SICK LEAVE FUND

The Retiree Accumulated Sick Leave pays retirees their accumulated sick leave upon retirement from State service when they meet certain criteria. When a retiree submits an application to receive their sick leave benefits, the entire liability is recorded in the fund. The retirees receiving benefits are paid in three equal annual installments; however, State agencies pay for only one year based on a .40% charge on gross payroll. The \$3.263 million fund deficit is primarily due to the above funding mechanism.

NOTE 9. JOINT VENTURE

The U of A is a participant in the Large Binocular Telescope Corporation (LBT). The LBT was formally incorporated as a nonprofit corporation in August 1992, pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding, as amended, executed on February 24, 1989, between the U of A and the Arcetri Astrophysical Observatory in Florence, Italy (Arcetri). The purpose of the joint venture is to design, develop, construct, own, operate, and maintain a binocular telescope currently being constructed in Arizona. The current members of the LBT are the U of A, Arcetri Research Corporation, Ohio State University and the LBT Beteiligungsgesellschaft.

The U of A has committed resources equivalent to 25.00% of the project's construction costs and the LBT's annual operating costs. As of June 30, 2006, the U of A has made cash contributions of \$18.159 million toward the project's construction costs. The U of A's financial interest represents its future viewing/observation rights. Upon completion of construction, these rights will be divided among the participants in proportion to their contributions. According to the audited financial statements of the LBT for the year ended December 31, 2005, assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses totaled \$109.000 million, \$2.000 million, \$10.000 million, and \$3.000 million, respectively.

The LBT's separate audited financial statements can be obtained from LBT Project Office, Steward Observatory, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ 85721-0065.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMPLIANCE

A. RISK MANAGEMENT INSURANCE LOSSES

The Department of Administration – Risk Management Section manages the State's property, environmental, liability, and workers' compensation losses. The State has determined that the management of these losses can be performed effectively and efficiently through the Risk Management Section. Consequently, all agencies and the State's three universities are required to participate in this program. The State's Risk Management Section evaluates the proper mix of purchased commercial insurance and self-insurance annually.

The Industrial Commission Special Fund provides payment of workers' compensation losses which are not covered by the State Compensation Fund, the Department of Administration – Risk Management Section, private insurance carriers, or self-insured employers. The workers' compensation claims paid by the Commission encompass losses against uninsured or underinsured employers and insolvent insurance carriers and would include payments for vocational rehabilitation, medical conditions incurred

prior to 1973, apportionment claims for pre-existing industrial and non-industrial related physical impairments, and compensation for loss of earnings associated with the disability. The Commission is totally self-insured.

The State records claims liability when the reported loss is probable and reasonably estimated. On an annual basis, independent actuarial firms are engaged to estimate the State's total year-end outstanding claims liability, which takes into account recorded claims and related allocated claims adjustment expenditures, loss development factors, and an estimate for incurred but not reported claims.

The management and payment of these losses is accomplished through the funding mechanism of the Risk Management Fund (Internal Service Fund) and the Industrial Commission Special Fund (Enterprise Fund). As discussed in the above paragraph, an independent annual actuarial analysis is performed to evaluate the needed funding. The Risk Management Section will assess each agency an annual portion of the necessary funding for the Risk Management Fund based on their exposures and prior loss experience. Interest and dividend earnings of investments and assessments on gross premium revenues currently fund the Commission Special Fund. To provide funding for workers' compensation claims, the Commission may direct payment to the State Treasurer an amount not to exceed one and one-half percent of all premiums received by the State Compensation Fund, private carriers and self-insured plans during the immediately preceding calendar year. Beginning in calendar year 2004, a 1.50% assessment was levied under ARS §23-1065(A) because of a deficit net assets balance resulting from an increase in accrued insurance losses due to defunct insurance carriers.

The major reason for the decrease in insolvent carrier liabilities from July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 was the additional 12 months of workers' compensation case development without a significant number of new cases being assigned to the State Compensation Fund under ARS §23-966(A). The total of all three assessments for the Industrial Commission Special fund in 2006 is 2.50%. This includes the 1.50% assessment under ARS §23-1065(A), .50% assessment under ARS §23-966(D), based on the insolvent carrier losses, and .50% assessment under ARS §23-1065(F) based on the total apportionment liability. The Commission has filed pending proof of claim requests with ancillary receivers, liquidators holding deposits and surety bonds of several insolvent companies. Since the actual amount that will ultimately be received cannot be determined, the Commission will continue to recognize receipt of insolvent carrier deposits (no insurance settlement income) as revenue at the time received rather than recording a receivable.

Occasionally, the Risk Management Section agrees with claimants to purchase an annuity contract to settle specific claims when it is determined that it is in the best interest of the State to do so. In these instances, the State requires the claimant to sign an agreement releasing the State from any further obligation. As a result of these requirements, the likelihood that the State will be required to make future payments on these claims is remote.

There have been no significant reductions in the current fiscal year insurance coverage. There have been no settlements that have exceeded insurance premium coverage in the last three years.

The following table presents the changes in claims liabilities balances (short- and long-term combined) during fiscal years ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year		eginning Balance	Cl Cł	rrent Year aims and nanges in stimates	Claims syments	Ending Balance
Risk Management Fund: 2005	\$	243,128	\$	127,775	\$ 69,303	\$ 301,600
2006	•	301,600	·	135,364	69,764	367,200
Industrial Commission Special Fund: 2005 2006		384,936 461,598		101,395 (36,513)	24,733 14,842	461,598 410,243

B. LITIGATION

In Ladewig vs. Arizona Department of Revenue, Ladewig is a class action tax refund case. The class members are seeking refunds for Arizona income tax paid on dividends received from corporations doing less than 50.00% of their business in Arizona during the years 1986 through 1989. The trial court held that such taxes violated the Commerce clause of the U.S. Constitution and certified the class. The class certification was upheld by the Arizona Supreme Court in 2001. The Tax Court approved a settlement in December 2002. The remaining issues concern the administration of the settlement. The Department moved to correct claim errors that were caused by computer and clerical mistakes and resulted in millions of dollars in overpayments on the first installment to approximately 3,250 class members. The Tax Court ruled in November 2005 that the Department could not recover amounts previously paid to class members, but could offset the overpayments against the amounts due for the remaining two installments. Accordingly, the State has recorded a liability in its financial statements in the amount of \$76.116 million.

In *Kerr vs. Killian*, federal employees claimed an income tax refund on taxes paid on federal employee contributions. Prior to 1990, the Arizona statutes allowed state employees to deduct mandatory employee pension contributions, but did not provide a similar deduction for federal employees. After 1990, Arizona amended the statutes to just adopt federal adjusted gross income. Contributions that are deductible at the federal level are also deductible for Arizona tax purposes. The Arizona Supreme Court held that Arizona's tax statutes after 1990 did not discriminate against federal employees based on the source of income. The United States Supreme Court denied review. The Arizona Court of Appeals remanded the case for the earlier years to take a fresh look at the class certification issue. The parties then entered into a settlement agreement which the tax court has approved. Accordingly, the State has recorded a liability in its financial statements in the amount of \$15.000 million.

In Roosevelt Elementary School District No. 66 vs. State of Arizona, the plaintiffs allege the State failed to fully fund the Building Renewal Fund established by the Students FIRST legislation. On October 13, 2000, the court held that the State did not violate the statutory provisions regarding funding of the Building Renewal Fund for fiscal year 1998-99. However, the court held that neither party was entitled to summary judgment regarding funding for fiscal year 1999-00, and that in order to prevail on that claim, the plaintiffs would have to demonstrate that they were injured by the alleged under funding. On February 21, 2002, the court granted the plaintiffs' motion to file an amended complaint, which included similar allegations regarding funding for fiscal year 2001-02. The parties both moved for summary judgment once again regarding the remaining claims in the case (fiscal years 1999-2000 and 2001-02), and on May 7, 2002, the trial court granted the plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment as to both years. The State timely appealed the decision to the Arizona Court of Appeals. On August 14, 2003, the Court of Appeals reversed the decision of the trial court and remanded the matter back to the trial court. Plaintiffs filed a petition for review in the Arizona Supreme Court, which was denied. The matter was remanded to the Superior Court. In 2006, the parties completed discovery and the State filed a Motion for Summary Judgment in mid-2006. One of the grounds for the Motion for Summary Judgment was the plaintiff school districts' failure to apply for funding under the Emergency Deficiencies Correction Fund (ARS §15-2022). The matter was set for trial in late October, 2006, but the Superior Court granted summary judgment in favor of the State based on the failure of the plaintiff districts to apply for emergency deficiency monies. However, because one of the plaintiffs had applied for emergency funding for some of its projects in July, 2006, and because another of the three plaintiffs submitted a request for emergency funding after the summary judgment ruling, the Superior Court has stayed the case pending the outcome of the emergency requests, and has indicated that the claims may be reinstated if the emergency requests are denied and the plaintiffs have used all their available state funding. The potential outcome is uncertain at this time. If this case were to have an unfavorable outcome, it is possible that the State could incur losses of approximately \$88.000 million. However, at this time, the plaintiffs have suggested that they are only seeking a declaration that the Students FIRST legislation is unconstitutional as applied.

In the *Somerton Elementary School District No. 66 vs. State of Arizona*, the plaintiffs' claim is identical to that alleged in the *Roosevelt Elementary School District* case discussed above, except that it involves the level of State funding for the Building Renewal Fund for the fiscal year 2002-03. Because the issues raised in this case are identical to those raised in the *Roosevelt Elementary School District* case, it was assigned to the same trial court judge. The potential outcome is uncertain at this time. If this case were to have an unfavorable outcome, it is possible that the State could incur losses of approximately \$90.000 million. However, at this time, the plaintiffs have suggested that they are only seeking a declaration that the Students FIRST legislation is unconstitutional as applied.

In *Smith vs. Winkelman* the plaintiffs have filed an action in Maricopa County Superior Court seeking an accounting, declaratory relief, and damages for breach of trust. Damages are for the value of land disposed of by the State Land Department between 1929 and 1967 for approximately 900 rights of way that were issued to governmental entities without appraisal or auction, and without the payment of any compensation. In January 2007, the court granted motions to dismiss on the ground that the

plaintiffs' claims were barred by laches. Plaintiffs have announced their intention to appeal. One claim by the State against one grantee (the Flood Control District of Maricopa County) was settled in September 2006, and a separate action seeking approval of that settlement is pending. The lands at issue in that settlement comprise approximately one third of the total lands affected by the challenged right of way. Approval of the settlement is expected to significantly reduce the State's exposure to risk of damages. The State previously moved to dismiss on statute of limitations and for lack of standing and justiciability, but that motion was denied and the Court of Appeals declined to review the statute of limitations issue on a petition for special action. The State joined in the motions leading to the dismissal order. The State will probably defend that appeal and cross-appeal the denial of the previous motions to dismiss. The potential outcome is uncertain at this time. If this case were to have an unfavorable outcome, it is possible that the State would have to pay the Land Endowments Fund between \$500.000 million and \$1.0 billion.

In Liquid Titan vs. Arizona Department of Weights and Measures, et al., the plaintiff alleges defamation against the Arizona Department of Weights and Measures (ADWM), the former director, and the current director. The complaint arises from a press release issued by the ADWM relating to fuel quality and record violations. The complaint has been served with discovery. The State is preparing its answer and has met with the ADWM to address answering the complaint and responding to discovery. The State's anticipated response is to admit the press release and deny allegations of wrongful intent and lack of basis for assertions in the press release. The potential outcome is uncertain at this time. If this case were to have an unfavorable outcome, the State could incur losses ranging from \$9.200 million to \$15.000 million.

The State has a variety of claims pending against it that arose during the normal course of its activities. Management believes, based on advice of legal counsel, losses, if any, resulting from settlement of these claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the State. All losses for any unsettled litigation or contingencies involving workers' compensation, medical malpractice, construction and design, highway operations, employment practices, criminal justice, fidelity and surety, environmental property damage, general liability, environmental liability, building and contracts, auto liability, or auto physical damage are determined on an actuarial basis and included in the Accrued Insurance Losses of the Internal Service Funds and the Industrial Commission Special Fund.

C. ACCUMULATED SICK LEAVE

State employees are eligible to receive payment for an accumulated sick leave balance of 500 hours or more with a maximum of 1,500 hours upon retirement directly from State service. The benefit value is calculated by taking the State employee's hourly rate of pay at the retirement date, multiplied by the number of sick hours at the retirement date times the eligibility percentage. The eligibility percentage varies based upon the number of accumulated sick hours from 25.00% for 500 hours to a maximum of 50.00% for 1,500 hours. The maximum benefit value is \$30 thousand. The benefit is paid out in annual installments over three years. The Retiree Accumulated Sick Leave Fund is accounted for on the financial statements as an Internal Service Fund and accounts for the retiree accumulated sick leave.

D. UNCLAIMED PROPERTY

The State of Arizona's Uniform Unclaimed Property Act requires deposit of certain unclaimed assets into a managed Agency Fund. ARS §44-313 requires a separate trust fund of not less than \$100 thousand to be retained for prompt payment of claims. The excess amount, above that which is required to be retained, is required to be deposited to the General Fund where it is included as other revenue. Under ARS §46-731, unclaimed utility deposits are deposited in the Utility Assistance Fund to help low income people make utility deposits and repairs. Fifty-five and twenty percent of the remaining net cash collected, after refunds, is transferred to the Department of Commerce Housing Fund to be used for low-cost housing and the State Treasurer for distribution as provided for in ARS §5-113, respectively. The balance is to be deposited in the General Fund. Also, per Senate Bill 1524, 47th Legislature, 1st Regular Session, notwithstanding ARS §44-313, the Department of Revenue shall deposit any unclaimed property for fiscal year 2006 that is associated with the case of Ladewig v. State of Arizona in the General Fund. Ladewig unclaimed property in the amount of \$3.705 million was deposited into the General Fund during fiscal year 2006. In addition, for fiscal year 2006, \$856 thousand was deposited in the Utility Assistance Fund, \$26.005 million was deposited in the Housing Fund, \$9.456 million was deposited in the Racing Fund and \$10.256 million was deposited in the General Fund. A total of approximately \$417.074 million has been remitted since inception of the fund. The State is also holding securities valued at \$47.951 million, and mutual funds of \$4.791 million. The remittances to the General Fund and the holdings by the State represent contingencies, as claims for refunds can be made by the owners of the property. The GASB requires that a liability be reported to the extent that it is probable that escheat property will be reclaimed and paid to claimants. This liability is also reported as a reduction of revenue. This liability is reported in the General Fund because it is the fund to which the property

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ultimately escheats in Arizona. At June 30, 2006, this amount, reported as Due to Others in the General Fund, is \$102.208 million.

E. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The ADOT had outstanding commitments under construction contracts of approximately \$692.381 million at June 30, 2006.

F. ARIZONA STATE LOTTERY

Annuities are purchased for all prizes over \$400 thousand for which winners will receive the jackpot in annual installments for The Pick on-line game. These annuities are purchased from qualifying insurance companies which have the highest ratings from among A.M. Best Company, Standard & Poor's, Moody, Duff & Phelps, or Weiss. The Lottery remains contingently liable on all annuities. Aggregate future payments to prize winners on existing annuities totaled approximately \$159.038 million at June 30, 2006. Approximately \$118.072 million of the total aggregate future payments at June 30, 2006 relate to annuities purchased from five separate insurance companies, of which approximately \$45.942 million relates to a single insurance company.

NOTE 11. TOBACCO SETTLEMENT

The State is one of many states participating in the settlement of litigation with the tobacco industry over the reimbursement of healthcare costs. The settlement money is intended to compensate the State for costs it has incurred in providing health and other services to its citizens that were necessitated by the use of tobacco products. The State expects to receive settlement payments through 2025.

The State recorded tobacco settlement revenue of \$86.231 million and \$84.333 million in the fund statements and the government-wide statements in fiscal year 2006, respectively. Future settlement payments are subject to several adjustments, but the amounts are not presently determinable. These adjustments include a volume adjustment, which could reflect any decreasing cigarette production under a formula that also takes into account increased operating income from sales. Other factors that might affect the amounts of future payments include ongoing and future litigation against the tobacco industry and the future financial health of the tobacco manufacturers. Because the net realizable value of the future settlement payments is not measurable and there is no obligation for the tobacco companies to make settlement payments until cigarettes are shipped, the State did not record a receivable for the future payments related to cigarette sales after June 30, 2006.

NOTE 12. PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

The State has entered into a partnership agreement with Accenture. The purpose of this partnership is to fund the Department of Revenue's technology needs. This agreement stipulates that Accenture will be paid 85.00% of the new revenue generated from the system enhancements, even if this amount is insufficient to cover the total contract cost. Accordingly, Accenture has created a system that increases the State's efficiency in collecting tax revenues. As of June 30, 2006, the State has paid Accenture \$106.525 million towards the \$136.673 million contract cost. Included in the \$136.673 million contract cost is capitalized interest charges of \$7.000 million and application support charges of \$30.138 million.

NOTE 13. CONDUIT DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Greater Arizona Development Authority (GADA) issued \$64.100 million Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B for public infrastructure projects in the communities of the Town of Queen Creek, the City of Williams, the Drexel Heights Fire District, the City of Lake Havasu, and the Town of Superior. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the GADA issued \$52.060 million Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A for public infrastructure projects in the communities of the Town of Queen Creek, the Town of Buckeye, the City of Stafford, and the Town of Sahuarita. The GADA's bond structure provides lower borrowing costs for Arizona's communities by diversifying the risk to investors and by sharing financing costs among several borrowers. The GADA Fund is leveraged when GADA issues its bonds, which maximizes loan capacity for communities. An intercept mechanism for intercepting state-shared revenues for loans to political subdivisions enhances the security of the GADA bonds even further.

In previous years, the State appropriated a total of \$20.000 million to the GADA for the express purpose of securing bonds issued by the GADA. As of June 30, 2006, the remaining balance in the appropriations account was \$17.302 million. The Series 2005B

and 2006A bonds were issued by the GADA to make loans to the participants listed above and constitute special and limited obligations of the GADA. The principal of and interest on the bonds are payable solely from the funds which are held in Trust by the Trustee (the Trust Estate). The Trust Estate includes debt service payments required to be made by the respective participants in the Series 2005B and 2006A bond issues. The principal of and interest premium, if any, on the Series 2005B and 2006A bonds shall not constitute or give rise to a pecuniary liability on the part of the directors and officers of the GADA. The Series 2005B and 2006A bonds do not constitute a legal debt of the State and are not enforceable against the State. At June 30, 2006, the total outstanding face value of all bonds issued by the GADA was \$233.785 million.

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 21, 2006, House Bill 2206 became effective and eliminated the restriction that limited the principal amount of Highway Revenue Bonds for the ADOT that could be outstanding at one time to \$1.3 billion. On September 26, 2006, the ADOT issued \$325.000 million in Highway Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 to (i) finance portions of the ADOT's Five-Year Capital Program and (ii) pay costs of issuing the Series 2006 Bonds. The 2006 Bonds are due July 1, 2012 through July 1, 2026. Net proceeds totaled \$350.727 million (after receipt of \$26.201 million reoffering premium and payment of \$967 thousand in underwriting fees and costs of issuance). Also on September 26, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services upgraded the rating on the ADOT's outstanding subordinate lien Highway Revenue Bonds from AA+ to AAA.

In November 2006, the GADA issued the infrastructure Revenue Bond Series 2006B. The principal amount of original issue was \$36.520 million with interest rates of 4.00% to 5.00%. Maturity dates are from February 1, 2017 through February 1, 2037. Interest payment dates are February 1 and August 1 of each year. The GADA's contribution to the bond issuance costs are \$200 thousand. In addition, the GADA will reclassify from unrestricted net assets to its restricted net assets the amount of \$8.055 million for the pledged collateral reserve fund. The participants in this bond issue are the cities of Show Low and Somerton, Maricopa Fire District, Drexel Heights Fire District, the Town of Quartzite, and the Apache Fire Department in the amounts of \$8.370 million, \$6.885 million, \$3.200 million, \$1.350 million, \$7.215 million, and \$9.500 million, respectively.

NOTE 15. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – COMPONENT UNITS

The accounting policies of the State's component units conform to U.S. GAAP applicable to governmental units adopted by the GASB, except for those component units affiliated with the State's Universities. Because the component units affiliated with the Universities are not governmental entities, they follow FASB statements for not-for-profit organizations for financial reporting purposes. Each component unit has a June 30 year-end with the exception of the Law College Association, which has a May 31 year-end.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING POLICIES

1. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The State's component units and component units affiliated with the Universities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The State's component units follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. The State has chosen the option not to follow FASB Statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except for UMC, which has elected to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the FASB, including those issued after November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements.

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2. Net Assets

Component units affiliated with the Universities classify net assets, revenues, expenses, gains and losses based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of the component units affiliated with the Universities and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- Unrestricted net assets include assets and contributions that are not restricted by donors or for which such restrictions
 have expired.
- Temporarily restricted net assets include contributions for which donor imposed restrictions have not been met (either by the passage of time or by actions of the Foundations), charitable remainder unitrusts, pooled income funds, gift annuities, and pledges receivable for which the ultimate purpose of the proceeds is not permanently restricted. Donor-restricted contributions are classified as temporarily restricted if the restrictions are satisfied in the same reporting period in which the contributions are received, except for the Foundations associated with ASU, which classify such contributions as unrestricted.
- Permanently restricted net assets include contributions, charitable remainder unitrusts, pooled income funds, gift annuities, and pledges receivable which require by donor restriction that the corpus be invested in perpetuity and only the board-approved payout be made available for program operations in accordance with donor restrictions.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes monies held in certificates of deposit, overnight money market accounts, and money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

4. Investments

Investments are recorded in accordance with Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 124, Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations. Under SFAS No. 124, entities are required to report investments in equity securities that have readily determinable fair values, and all investments in debt securities at fair value. Equities, fixed income, and mutual funds are stated at fair market value based on quoted market prices. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) is included in the excess of revenues over expenses in the Statement of Activities.

5. Income Taxes

The Foundations qualify as tax-exempt organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, there is no provision for income taxes in the accompanying financial statements, except for the Collegiate Golf Foundation and the ACFFC. In addition, they qualify for the charitable contribution deduction and have been classified as organizations that are not private foundations. Any income determined to be unrelated business taxable income would be taxable. The ACFFC and NACFFC are exempt from taxes under the provisions of Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. The ACFFC does not qualify for the charitable contribution deduction.

6. Annuities Payable and Other Trust Liabilities

Annuities payable and other trust liabilities for the U of A Foundation are stated at the actuarially computed present value of future payments to the annuitants. The excess of the fair values of assets received (classified according to their nature in the Statement of Financial Position) pursuant to annuity agreements over the actuarially computed annuities payable (using market rates in effect on the contribution date) is recorded as contributions in the year received.

7. Contributions

Contributions are recorded in accordance with SFAS No. 116, Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support depending on the

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existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. All donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restriction.

8. Net Assets Released from Restriction

Expenses are not incurred in the temporarily restricted or permanently restricted net asset categories. As the restrictions on these net assets are met, the assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets. The total assets reclassified are reported as net assets released from restriction in the accompanying Statement of Activities.

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Universities-affiliated component units' financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Component Units

A. Deposits and Investment Policies

The investments of the WIFA are stated at fair value, except guaranteed investment contracts, which are stated at cost since they are non-participating contracts. The investments of the UMC are stated at fair value.

B. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the deposits or collateral securities may not be recovered from the outside party. The UMC holds deposits in excess of FDIC limits. At June 30, 2006, uninsured, uncollateralized deposits included in cash and cash equivalents were approximately \$14.296 million.

C. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The WIFA does not have a formal policy regarding interest rate risk. The following table presents the interest rate risk for the WIFA utilizing the segmented time distribution method as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

		Investment Maturities (in yea										
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10							
Commercial paper	\$ 49,206	\$ 49,206	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Corporate asset backed securities	384	-	384	-	-							
Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations	2,868	-	-	-	2,868							
Corporate notes	14,934	14,934	-	-	-							
Guaranteed investment contracts	80,896	-	13,577	67,319	-							
Money market mutual funds	126,700	126,700	-	-	-							
U.S. Agency Securities	57,104	57,104	-	-	-							
U.S. Agency Mortgage Backed Securities	8,020	-	-	-	8,020							
U.S. Treasury Securities	1,016	1,016	-	-								
Total	\$ 341,128	\$ 248,960	\$ 13,961	\$ 67,319	\$ 10,888							

The UMC's investment policy limits the portfolio duration related to debt securities to the Lehman Brothers Intermediate Government/Credit Index. This is an index based on all publicly issued intermediate government and corporate debt securities with average maturities of four to five years. The following table presents the estimated maturities of the UMC's investments, utilizing the segmented time distribution method as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

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		I	nvestment Matu	rities (in years)			
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10		
Commercial paper	\$ 15,521	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,521		
Corporate bonds	5,900	-	5,900	-	-		
Corporate fixed income	25,315	25,315	-	-	-		
Guaranteed investment contracts	4,243	-	-	-	4,243		
Managed futures	3,558	3,558	-	-	-		
Money market mutual funds	14,582	14,582	-	-	-		
U.S. Treasury Securities	127,987	7,663	120,324	-	-		
Other	19,924	-	19,638	286			
Total	\$ 217,030	\$ 51,118	\$ 145,862	\$ 286	\$ 19,764		

D. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. The WIFA does not have a formal policy regarding credit risk. The following table presents the WIFA's investments which were rated by S & P's and/or an equivalent national rating organization. The ratings are presented using S & P's rating scale as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

		Fair						Not
Investment Type	,	Value	AAA	AA	A	BB	A1	Rated
Commercial paper	\$	49,206	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,206	\$ -
Corporate securities		18,186	5,045	2,811	8,622	1,708	-	-
Guaranteed investment contracts		80,896	80,896	-	-	-	-	-
Money market mutual funds		126,700	-	-	-	-	-	126,700
U.S. Agency Securities		65,124	49,738	-	-	-	15,386	-
Total	\$	340,112	\$ 135,679	\$ 2,811	\$ 8,622	\$ 1,708	\$ 64,592	\$ 126,700

The UMC's investment policy establishes ranges which limit the level of investments held in domestic and international equities, fixed income securities, and alternative investment strategies. Investment in fixed income securities is limited to investment grade securities with a credit rating of BBB, or equivalent, or better. The portfolio must maintain an average rating of A or better at all times. The following table presents the UMC's investments which were rated by S & P's and/or an equivalent national rating organization. The ratings are presented using S & P's rating scale as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

						Not				
Security Description	Value		AAA		AA		A		Rated	
Commercial paper	\$ 15,521	\$	15,521	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Corporate bonds	5,900		-		-		-		5,900	
Corporate fixed income	25,316		19,354		23		39		5,900	
Federal agencies	43		43		-		-		-	
Managed futures	3,558		-		-		-		3,558	
Other	 19,924		-		-		-		19,924	
Totals	\$ 70,262	\$	34,918	\$	23	\$	39	\$	35,282	

E. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The WIFA's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2006, an investment in Bayerische Landesbank (fair value of \$40.586 million) was approximately 11.90% of the WIFA's total investments

and an investment in AIG Matched Funding Corp. (fair value of \$25.153 million) was approximately 7.37% of the WIFA's total investments.

F. Foreign Currency Risk

The UMC's investment policy permits it to invest a portion of its holdings in international equities and both international alternative and managed future investments. The UMC's current holdings in international securities totaled approximately \$12.000 million or 4.99% of total investments. There is no one foreign currency that comprises a material amount of these holdings. The following table summarizes the UMC's foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk by Investment Type at Fair Value (Expressed in Thousands)

G.		<u></u>	•	···	~/	T . 1		
Currency	Fixed	Income	E	quities		Total		
A	¢		¢	154	¢	154		
Argentina Peso	\$	-	\$	154	\$	154		
Australian Dollar		2		295		297		
Brazil Real		8		2,993		3,001		
British Pound Sterling		95		466		561		
Canadian Dollar		81		2,867		2,948		
Chilean Peso		1		109		110		
Chinese Yuan		-		395		395		
Czech Koruna		-		51		51		
Euro		215		486		701		
Hong Kong Dollar		-		327		327		
Indonesia Rupiah		1		84		85		
Israel Shekel		1		99		100		
Japanese Yen		84		230		314		
Mexican Peso		3		479		482		
Norwegian Krone		17		234		251		
Peruvian Nuevo Sol		-		161		161		
Russian Ruble		6		75		81		
South African Rand		4		893		897		
South Korean Won		-		279		279		
Thailand Baht		1		654		655		
Other		64		86		150		
Total	\$	583	\$	11,417	\$	12,000		

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2. Universities-Affiliated Component Units

A. Investment Summary

Investments of the Universities-affiliated component units are comprised of the following amounts at June 30, 2006. All investments are stated at fair value (expressed in thousands):

	Α	SU		U of A	NAU
	<u>Foundation</u>			Foundation	Foundation
Money market funds and cash equivalents	\$	21,781	\$ 75,038	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Government/Agency Obligations and Mutual Funds		-	-	69,428	12,732
Domestic/international equity securities and mutual funds		275,332	-	137,966	30,756
Fixed income		109,078	-	9,992	-
Corporate bonds		-	-	-	5,523
REIT fund, real estate and timber partnerships		-	-	14,818	-
Absolute return limited partnerships		-	-	64,628	-
Other investments		58,539	2,700	6,806	525
Total Investments	\$	464,730	\$ 77,738	\$ 303,638	\$ 49,536

B. Endowment Trust Agreement

In March 2003, the ASU Foundation and the ASU entered into a trust agreement, appointing the ASU Foundation the trustee of selected ASU endowments. In accordance with the trust agreement, the ASU Foundation receives a management fee for providing these services. Unrealized and realized gains and losses, and interest and dividends, if any, are added to or subtracted from the recorded value of the invested trust assets managed by the ASU Foundation. The invested trust assets are separate from ASU Foundation investments, and a corresponding liability is presented for the fair value of the invested trust assets managed for the ASU.

C. PROGRAM LOANS

The WIFA has made loans to local governments and others in Arizona to finance various projects pursuant to the requirements of the Clean Water and Safe Drinking Water Acts. The loans are generally payable in semi-annual installments due January 1 and July 1 of each year, including interest. However, several loans are payable monthly or quarterly. Changes in the program loans during fiscal year 2006 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Clean Water Fund	\$ 349,094	\$ 89,222	\$ (22,728)	\$ 415,588
Drinking Water Fund	139,978	27,950	(8,581)	159,347
Total	\$ 489,072	\$ 117,172	\$ (31,309)	\$ 574,935

Repayment of these loans will be made from pledged property taxes, net revenues from the systems, transaction privilege taxes, or from special assessments. Most loans have a .30 to 4.00% annual administrative fee.

Some program loans require a monthly or quarterly payment into a debt service reserve to assure payments of the loans. The debt service reserve is a liability of the WIFA to the borrowers and interest on the reserve accrues to the borrowers.

D. PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

Unconditional promises to give are included in the accompanying financial statements as pledges receivable and revenue of the appropriate net asset category. Unconditional promises to give are recorded at their net realizable value using various yields as determined by the university foundations. The following summarizes unconditional promises as of June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

E. DIRECT FINANCING LEASE AGREEMENT

1. ASU Foundation

ASU Foundation leases a portion of the Fulton Center building (ASU Foundation's headquarters) to ASU under a direct financing lease. At the end of the lease, ASU Foundation and Affiliates will gift their portion of the building to ASU and ASU will receive title to the building.

The entire amount of the minimum Fulton Center lease payments receivable balance of \$54.200 million will be used by ASU Foundation and Affiliates to service the principal and interest payments required for the Series 2003 Bonds. Accordingly, unearned interest will be amortized to lease revenue by the interest method using interest rates which correspond to the stated interest rates of the Series 2003 Bonds. Unearned interest at June 30, 2006 was \$29.600 million. ASU Foundation's net investment in this direct financing lease is \$24.600 million and is presented in the Component Unit's Statement of Financial Position.

2. ACFFC

Pursuant to a Sub-Lease Agreement, Nanotechnology Research, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of ACFFC, leases its interest in the Research Park to ASU, which will pay rent at times and in amounts sufficient to pay all principal and interest (after utilization of amounts held in the Capitalized Interest Accounts) on the Series 2004 Bonds, as well as all fees and expenses related to the Series 2004 Bonds. The Sublease Agreement is a net lease, and Nanotechnology is entitled to receive the rents and all other sums payable pursuant to the Sublease Agreement free from all taxes, charges, fees, and expenses, all of which will be paid by ASU.

The Sublease Agreement commenced on April 7, 2004, and continued until June 30, 2005, with successive automatic annual renewals for the period July 1 through June 30 of each year without action on the part of Nanotechnology or ASU, through the period ending March 31, 2034. The Sublease Agreement is subject to early termination by Nanotechnology or ASU upon payment in full of the Series 2004 Bonds.

Upon termination of or expiration of the Sublease Agreement, Nanotechnology's interest in the premises, including all buildings and improvements on the leased premises, transfers to ASU without further consideration. Therefore, the lease is classified as a direct financing capital lease.

Lease payments are based on a variable interest rate currently determined on a weekly basis. The average interest rate approximates 4.66% at June 30, 2006. Lease payments commence once the Capitalized Interest Accounts are fully utilized, which at present interest rates is expected to be in 2007. ACFFC's net investment in this direct financing lease is \$35.000 million.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the UMC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows (expressed in thousands):

	University Medical Center								
	Beginning Balance	Additions Retirements		Adjustments & Reclassifications	Ending Balance				
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land	\$ 6,001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,001				
Construction in progress Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	7,235 13,236	23,771 23,771	(160)	(775) (775)	30,071 36,072				
Depreciable capital assets:			440.0						
Buildings	149,885	550	(186)	470	150,719				
Improvements other than buildings	881	11 200	(56.152)	(91)	790				
Equipment	163,981	11,390	(56,153)	396	119,614				
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	314,747	11,940	(56,339)	775	271,123				
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings	(90,943)	(6,638)	161	(1)	(97,421)				
Improvements other than buildings	(364)	-	13	-	(351)				
Equipment	(131,521)	(11,938)	55,894	1	(87,564)				
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(222,828)	(18,576)	56,068	-	(185,336)				
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	91,919	(6,636)	(271)	775	85,787				
Total UMC Capital Assets, Net	\$ 105,155	\$ 17,135	\$ (431)	<u> </u>	\$ 121,859				

The capital asset summary for the Universities-affiliated component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows (expressed in thousands):

	ASU Foundation	ACFFC	CRC	NACFFC
Buildings and improvements	\$ 17,183	\$ 73,664	\$ 12,571	\$ -
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2,127	36,199	627	-
Construction in progress	-	91,384	-	17,201
Other property and equipment	-	509	-	-
Total cost or donated value	19,310	201,756	13,198	17,201
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,247)	(9,789)	(1,820)	
Property and Equipment, Net	\$ 18,063	\$ 191,967	\$ 11,378	\$ 17,201

G. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

1. Component Units

A. Arizona Power Authority

In prior years, the APA defeased various issues of bonds by purchasing U.S. Government securities which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide future debt service until the call dates. As a result, those bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the Hoover Uprating Fund. Accordingly, these trust account assets and related liabilities are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

B. University Medical Center

In November 2005, the UMC issued \$140.000 million of Hospital Revenue Bonds (the "Series 2005 Bonds"). The Series 2005 Bonds were issued at a discount to yield an effective interest rate of 5.01% and are to be used for the construction of a new six-story bed tower, expansion of the emergency department, construction of a clinical decision unit, and to finance other capital needs of the UMC.

The UMC is subject to certain financial covenants under the Master Trust Indenture (the Indenture), with which the UMC is in compliance as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006. In addition, the Indenture places certain restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness and the sale or acquisition of property.

The UMC has established and maintains separate funds as a bond reserve fund on outstanding bonds payable. These funds totaled \$19.706 million at June 30, 2006 which are held by the trustee and are reflected as restricted investments held by trustee in the accompanying financial statements.

The bonds or other obligations of the UMC do not constitute general obligations of the Arizona Board of Regents, the U of A, the State, or any political subdivision thereof.

C. Water Infrastructure Finance Authority

The WIFA's bonds are callable and interest is payable semiannually. The bonds are special obligations of the WIFA payable solely from and secured by the WIFA's assets. The bonds are not obligations, general, specific, or otherwise, of the State or any other political subdivision thereof other than the WIFA.

In fiscal year 2006, the WIFA issued Water Quality Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A for \$205.400 million, with interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 5.00% and maturity dates ranging from 2007 to 2026. The WIFA realized net proceeds of \$215.156 million, after receipt of a reoffering premium of \$11.094 million, and payment of underwriters' discount and issuance costs totaling \$1.338 million. The net proceeds will be used to fund certain loans made by the WIFA to finance water quality projects.

In prior fiscal years, the WIFA refinanced various bond issues through advance-refunding arrangements. Under the terms of the refunding bond issues, sufficient assets to pay all principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the refunded bond issues have been placed in irrevocable trust accounts at commercial banks and invested in U.S. Government securities which, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for future payment of principal and interest of the issues refunded. The assets, liabilities, and financial transactions of these trust accounts and the liability for the defeased bonds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The amount outstanding on the refunded bonds for the WIFA at June 30, 2006 totaled \$106.210 million.

The \$8.034 million deferred amount on retirement of bonds is being amortized over the lives of the defeased bonds on a straight-line basis. Annual amortization is \$401 thousand and \$173 thousand for Clean Water Revolving and Drinking Water Revolving Funds, respectively. Amortization has been offset against interest expense.

Bond premiums are being amortized over the life of the bonds. The amortization for the year ended June 30, 2006, is \$1.819 million. Further, bond issuance costs are amortized over the life of the bond and offset to interest expense. The amortization for the ended June 30, 2006, is \$190 thousand.

Summary of Revenue Bonds

The following schedule summarizes revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006 (expressed in thousands):

Revenue Bonds Outstanding	Dates Issued	Maturity Dates	Interest Rates	Outstanding Balance at June 30, 2006
Component Units:				
Arizona Power Authority	2001-2004	2007-2018	5.00-5.25%	\$ 54,960
University Medical Center	1993-2006	2007-2036	4.82-5.53%	232,965
Water Infrastructure Finance				
Authority	1992-2006	2007-2027	2.00-6.10%	582,560

Principal and interest debt service payments on revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

					Annual Debt Service						
	Annı	ual Debt Service		_	University Medical Center						
	Arizona Power Authority		Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total					
Fiscal Year	Principal	cipal Interest Total		Principal Interest Total		2007	\$ 3,835	\$ 11,689	\$ 15,524		
2007	\$ 2,825	\$ 2,760	\$ 5,585	2008	4,040	11,491	15,531				
2008	3,120	2,611	5,731	2009	4,145	11,289	15,434				
2009	3,450	2,447	5,897	2010	4,295	11,082	15,377				
2010	3,815	2,265	6,080	2011	4,515	10,863	15,378				
2011	4,220	2,064	6,284	2012-2016	26,280	50,617	76,897				
2012-2016	25,405	6,647	32,052	2017-2021	33,630	43,265	76,895				
2017-2021	12,125	645	12,770	2022-2026	42,915	33,974	76,889				
Total	\$ 54,960	\$ 19,439	\$ 74,399	2027-2031	54,780	22,116	76,896				
				2032-2035	54,530	6,983	61,513				
				Total	\$ 232,965	\$ 213,369	\$ 446,334				

	Water Infrastructure Finance Authority											
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total									
2007	\$ 25,110	\$ 27,251	\$ 52,361									
2008	25,900	26,172	52,072									
2009	27,420	25,007	52,427									
2010	26,845	23,820	50,665									
2011	28,020	22,579	50,599									
2012-2016	157,895	90,454	248,349									
2017-2021	155,520	51,694	207,214									
2022-2026	119,100	16,274	135,374									
2027-2031	16,750	367	17,117									
Total	\$ 582,560	\$ 283,618	\$ 866,178									

D. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the component units (expressed in thousands):

		ance 1, 2005	Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2006		Due Within One Year		Due	Thereafter
Arizona Power Authority:												
Long-term Debt:												
Revenue bonds	\$	57,520	\$	-	\$	(2,560)	\$	54,960	\$	2,825	\$	52,135
Revenue bond premium and discounts		2,853		-		(379)		2,474		-		2,474
Deferred amounts, Net		(1,946)		-		258		(1,688)		-		(1,688)
Total Long-term Debt		58,427				(2,681)		55,746		2,825		52,921
Other Long-term Liabilities:												
Compensated absences		64		68		(64)		68		68		_
Total Other Long-term Liabilities		64		68		(64)		68		68		-
Total Long-term Obligations	\$	58,491	\$	68	\$	(2,745)	\$	55,814	\$	2,893	\$	52,921
University Medical Center:												
Long-term Debt:												
Revenue bonds	\$	97,245	\$	140,000	\$	(4,280)	\$	232,965	\$	3,835	\$,
Revenue bond premium and discounts		(807)		(197)		(122)		(1,126)				(1,126)
Total Long-term Debt	-	96,438		139,803		(4,402)		231,839		3,835		228,004
Other Long-term Liabilities:												
Compensated absences		9,463		3,251		(1,838)		10,876		4,751		6,125
Other		4,423		-		(1,409)		3,014		· -		3,014
Total Other Long-term Liabilities		13,886		3,251		(3,247)		13,890		4,751		9,139
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 1	110,324	\$	143,054	\$	(7,649)	\$	245,729	\$	8,586	\$	237,143
Water Infrastructure Finance Authority:												
Long-term Debt:												
Revenue bonds		05,675	\$	205,400	\$ ((28,515)	\$ 5	582,560	\$ 23	5,110		57,450
Revenue bond premium		28,206		11,093		(1,820)		37,479		-		37,479
Deferred amounts, Net		(8,608)		<u> </u>		574		(8,034)				(8,034)
Total Long-term Debt	4	25,273		216,493		(29,761)	6	512,005	2:	5,110	5	86,895
Other Long-term Liabilities:												
Compensated absences		26		48		(15)		59		59		-
Total Other Long-term Liabilities	-	26		48		(15)		59		59		-
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 4	125,299	\$	216,541	\$	(29,776)	\$ 6	512,064	\$ 2:	5,169	\$ 5	86,895

2. Universities-Affiliated Component Units

In August 2005, McAllister Academic Village, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of ACFFC issued Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A and 2005B in the aggregate original principal amount of \$96.700 million, and \$48.300 million, respectively, dated August 3, 2005, due at various intervals through July 2045. The interest is payable initially in monthly installments. The principal is payable in annual installments commencing July 1, 2008 and July 1, 2009 for the Series 2005A and 2005B Variable Bonds, respectively. Variable interest rate for the Series 2005A and 2005B Bonds was 3.97% and 3.95%, respectively at June 30, 2006. These bonds are secured by leasehold deeds of trust, assignment of leases and rents, security agreements, and fixture fillings.

Bonds payable as of June 30, 2006 are summarized as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Final	
	<u>Maturity</u>	Amount
ASU Foundation:		
Series 2003 Lease Revenue Term Bonds	2023	\$ 20,400
Series 2003 Lease Revenue Term Bonds	2028	10,575
Series 2003 Lease Revenue Term Bonds	2034	16,625
Series 2004A Variable Rate Revenue Bonds	2034	22,420
Series 2004B Variable Rate Revenue Bonds	2022	11,690
ACFFC:		
Series 2005A Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds	2045	96,700
Series 2005B Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds	2045	48,345
Series 2005 Tax – Exempt Bonds	2035	16,005
Series 2004 Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds	2030	51,605
Series 2004A Variable Rate Demand Lease Revenue Bonds	2034	20,175
Series 2004B Variable Rate Demand Lease Revenue Bonds	2034	14,825
Series 2003 Serial and Term Bonds	2035	13,395
Series 2002 Bonds	2018	29,805
Series 2000 Serial and Term Bonds	2032	10,615
Unamortized bond premium		1,276
NACFFC:		
Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	2033	35,805

Scheduled future maturities of Universities-affiliated component units' bonds payable are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Fiscal	I	ASU			
<u>Year</u>	Fou	ndation	<u>ACFFC</u>	2	NACFFC
2007	\$	415	\$ 1,830	\$	460
2008		1,020	1,945	5	355
2009		1,070	3,060)	400
2010		1,120	5,410)	455
2011		1,170	6,025	5	510
Thereafter		76,915	284,476	5	33,625
Total	\$	81,710	\$ 302,746	5 \$	35,805

H. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The UMC and the U of A both provide and receive services from each other under various contracts. Payments to the U of A by the UMC include program support, resident and intern salaries, utilities, ground maintenance, mailroom operations, and various administrative functions. Amounts paid to the U of A for these services were approximately \$21.618 million for the year ended June 30, 2006.

The UMC has entered into contractual agreements with the U of A to provide support for the academic mission of the U of A. Charges to the U of A for such services and facilities provided by the UMC were approximately \$9.700 million for the year ended June 30, 2006. These amounts are included in other operating revenue in the accompanying combined financial statements.

University Physicians Healthcare (UPH) is a not-for-profit corporation whose members are physicians employed by the U of A and who practice at the UMC. The UMC has agreements with the UPH whereby the UPH provides physician, medical directorship, and other services to the UMC. The UMC and the UPH share certain services and facilities within the hospital. Examples include information systems, medical records, and patient scheduling. The UPH reimburses the UMC for these services pursuant to written agreements between the parties at amounts that approximate actual costs. Charges to the UPH for the above services provided by the UMC were approximately \$2.900 million for the year ended June 30, 2006. These amounts are included in other operating revenue in the accompanying combined financial statements.

The UMC also has an agreement to provide healthcare services to members of an AHCCCS health plan owned by the UPH called University Familicare (UFC). The UFC, an AHCCCS funded HMO, manages approximately 15,000 members. The UMC provides healthcare services to the UFC members in the normal course of business. The UMC operates under a contract with the UFC at rates that are substantially the same as rates received from other unaffiliated AHCCCS HMOs. Such rates are generally at or below the maximum rates established by the AHCCCS. Net patient service revenue includes \$8.636 million in 2006 from this payor, based on negotiated rates.

Effective July 1, 2003, the UMC became the region's sole Level I Trauma Center and entered into an arrangement with the UPH to pay trauma physician call pay. Funding for the physician call pay was derived primarily from funds designated by the State to cover trauma readiness costs. During 2006, amounts incurred for these services totaled \$3.631 million. As of June 30, 2006, accrued expenses include approximately \$300 thousand payable to the UPH for these services.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
		(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
GENERAL FUND				
General Accounting Office	ф	0.57.500 ф	0.57.500 #	0.57.500
Capital Outlay - Cochise	\$	965,600 \$	965,600 \$	965,600
Capital Outlay - Coconino		383,000	383,000	383,000
Capital Outlay - Gila		61,100	61,100	61,100
Capital Outlay - Graham		535,700	535,700	535,700
Capital Outlay - Maricopa		10,977,900	10,977,900	10,977,900
Capital Outlay - Mohave		491,000	491,000	491,000
Capital Outlay - Navajo		576,900	576,900	576,900
Capital Outlay - Pima		3,268,000	3,268,000	3,268,000
Capital Outlay - Pinal		768,200	768,200	768,200
Capital Outlay - Yavapai		686,900	686,900	686,900
Capital Outlay - Yuma/La Paz		865,400	865,400	865,400
Equalization Aid - Cochise		3,441,800	3,441,800	3,441,800
Equalization Aid - Graham		10,417,100	10,417,100	10,417,100
Equalization Aid - Navajo		2,735,700	2,735,700	2,735,700
Equalization Aid - Yuma/La Paz		848,800	848,800	848,800
General Relief		0	309,383	309,383
Nursing Education Demonstration Project		0	4,000,000	4,000,000
Operating State Aid - Cochise		7,828,500	7,828,500	7,828,500
Operating State Aid - Coconino		3,147,700	3,147,700	3,147,700
Operating State Aid - Gila		274,600	274,600	274,600
Operating State Aid - Graham		5,370,400	5,370,400	5,370,400
Operating State Aid - Maricopa		54,863,300	54,863,300	54,863,300
Operating State Aid - Mohave		3,710,000	3,710,000	3,710,000
Operating State Aid - Navajo		4,412,300	4,412,300	4,412,300
Operating State Aid - Pima		19,593,500	19,593,500	19,593,500
Operating State Aid - Pinal		5,915,800	5,915,800	5,915,800
Operating State Aid - Yavapai		4,738,700	4,738,700	4,738,700
Operating State Aid - Yuma/La Paz		5,447,800	5,447,800	5,447,800
Salary Adjustment		0	500,900	0
Transfer To Tourism Fund		0	13,203,475	13,203,475
Woolsey Flood District		0	66,975	66,975
Department of Administration				
Administrative Adjustments		0	219,132	219,132
Administrative Adjustments		0	135,459	135,459
Administrative Adjustments		0	2,649	2,649
Administrative Adjustments		0	118,818	118,818
Annual Reversion per ARS 41-764C		0	328,486	328,486
Arizona Financial Information System		939,800	939,800	890,519
Building Renewal FY00 - 01		38,044	35,200	25,014
Building Renewal FY01 - 02		2,154	0	0
Building Renewal FY02 - 03		8,303	4,971	4,971
Building Renewal FY03 - 04		716,190	716,519	715,597
Building Renewal FY04 - 05		1,563,458	1,112,198	954,031
Building Renewal FY05 - 06		3,400,000	3,109,077	1,092,406
Building Renewal FY97 - 98		2,103	0	0
Building Renewal FY98 - 99		2,345	2,345	2,345
Classification Pilot Program		122,454	122,454	0
ENSCO		5,310,300	5,310,300	5,310,300
General Fund HITF Transfer		0	10,000,000	10,000,000
HB1464 Personnel Reform		273,045	273,045	0
The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integra	ral part of t	his schedule.		(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
(Expressed in Bollars)	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
HRIS Certificate of Participation	2,838,600	2,838,600	2,838,600
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	18,319,400	18,782,700	18,178,987
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	12,054,500	12,346,600	12,095,270
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,150,155	1,172,155	1,046,433
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	394,245	403,045	63,145
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	852,736	852,736	36,707
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	5,191,800	5,287,200	4,773,316
PLTO 1 Backfill Agency Relocations FY01 - 02	4	4	0
PLTO 1 Backfill Agency Relocations FY02 - 03	244,766	244,766	1,313
PLTO 1 Backfill Space Renovations	106,402	106,402	0
PLTO 1 Backfill Space Renovations FY01 - 02	847	847	0
PLTO 1 Backfill Space Renovations FY02 - 03	348,161	348,161	0
PLTO 1 Project Management FY01 - 02	1	1	0
PLTO 1 Project Management FY02 - 03	55,659	55,659	0
PLTO 1 Project Management FY03 - 04	144,694	144,694	0
Relocation FY00 - 01	60,000	60,000	0
Relocation FY01 - 02	59,866	59,866	0
Relocation FY02 - 03	59,775	59,775	0
Relocation FY03 - 04	25,133	25,133	372
Relocation FY04 - 05	60,000	60,000	0
Relocation FY05 - 06	60,000	60,000	0
Relocation FY99 - 00	46,526	46,526	0
State Boards Lump Sum Appropriation	176,000	179,100	155,779
State Surplus Property Sales Proceeds	3,000,000	3,000,000	1,552,647
Utilities FY04 - 05	459,572	459,572	85,029
Utilities FY05 - 06	5,733,800	5,733,800	5,687,895
Zuni Indian Tribe Water Right Settlement	800,000	800,000	800,000
Radiation Regulatory Agency	000,000	000,000	000,000
Administrative Adjustments	0	3,534	3,534
Off-Site Nuclear Emergency Response Plan	0	509,974	509,974
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,131,100	1,174,400	1,140,392
Office of Equal Opportunity	1,151,100	1,171,100	1,110,02
Administrative Adjustments	0	6	6
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	224,600	230,800	227,426
Attorney General	,		.,
Administrative Adjustments	0	17,459	17,459
Administrative Adjustments	0	17,540	17,540
Crane Elementary School Case	33,422	33,422	3,774
Military Installation/Planning FY04 - 05	28,694	28,694	28,694
Military Installation/Planning FY05 - 06	0	100,000	64,825
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	23,837,700	25,085,200	24,985,418
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	10,691,100	11,430,400	11,188,547
Property Tax Supplemental	301	301	0
State Grand Jury	160,100	160,100	159,511
Department of Agriculture	200,200	,	,
Administrative Adjustments	0	46,176	46,176
Agricultural Employment Relations Board	23,300	23,300	20,801
Animal Damage Control	65,000	65,000	65,000
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	10,327,600	10,613,600	10,606,037
Red Imported Fire Ant	23,200	23,200	23,200
Arizona State University	25,250	20,200	25,200
East Campus - Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	15,040,900	15,811,700	15,811,700
The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral	part of this schedule.		(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)	BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
(Expressed in Donars)	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Main Campus - Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	293,631,300	306,911,900	306,911,900
Phoenix Medical Campus	0	1,000,000	1,000,000
West Campus - Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	43,279,800	44,844,300	44,844,300
Auditor General	15,275,600	11,011,000	,,
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY00 - 01	365,493	365,493	365,493
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY01 - 02	233,944	233,944	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY02 - 03	293,330	293,330	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY03 - 04	375,664	375,664	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	405,887	405,887	60
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	12,781,700	13,135,600	12,551,042
Department of Financial Institutions			
Administrative Adjustments	0	2,699	2,699
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,219,800	3,316,000	3,309,490
State Board of Nursing			
CNA Fingerprinting	162,100	163,500	163,449
Fingerprinting Nursing Assistants	90,198	90,198	0
Arizona Board of Regents			
Administrative Adjustments	0	1,249,140	1,249,140
Arizona Teachers Incentive Program	90,000	90,000	90,000
AZ Transfer Articulation Support System	213,700	213,700	213,700
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,165,900	2,224,300	0
Student Financial Assistance	2,161,200	2,161,200	2,161,200
Western Interstate Commission Office	103,000	108,000	108,000
WICHE Student Subsidies	2,908,100	2,903,100	2,895,599
Corporation Commission		4.501	4.501
Administrative Adjustments	0	4,501	4,501
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	5,071,700	5,216,200	5,212,920
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	43,500	45,000	43,982
Railroad Warning Systems Court of Appeals Division I	47,510	47,510	0
Administrative Adjustments	0	4,306	4,306
Division I - Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	8,236,900	8,411,300	8,364,217
State Board for Charter Schools	6,230,700	0,411,500	0,504,217
Administrative Adjustments	0	4,527	4,527
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	726,000	743,600	707,996
Court of Appeals Division II	720,000	, 15,000	701,570
Division II - Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,755,700	3,817,800	3,817,211
Department of Corrections	-,,		-,,
Administrative Adjustments	0	2,000,000	2,000,000
Administrative Adjustments	0	4,284,120	4,284,120
Administrative Adjustments	0	184,475	184,475
All Other Operating Expenditures	351,400	351,400	70,196
All Other Operating Expenditures	95,500	95,500	52,378
Employee Related Expenditures	250,400	253,800	251,790
Employee Related Expenditures	133,073,800	121,127,000	120,455,040
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	150,966,500	185,846,700	180,344,162
Overtime Compensatory Time	18,136,900	40,655,500	40,605,657
Personal Services	335,007,700	344,905,400	343,367,021
Personal Services	1,159,900	1,196,400	1,080,360
Private Prison Per Diem	45,444,100	24,044,100	22,943,541
Department of Economic Security			
ADM Attorney General Legal Services	320,700	402,600	402,600
The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral	part of this schedule.		(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)	BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
ADM Attorney General Legal Services	147,600	152,100	91,652
ADM Attorney General Legal Services	15,400	15,700	15,591
ADM Finger Imaging	452,300	454,700	454,700
ADM Finger Imaging	272,800	123,900	50,033
ADM High Performance Bonus	27,859	27,859	3,583
ADM Lease Purchase Equipment	1,138,000	1,138,000	1,138,000
ADM Lease Purchase Equipment	661,000	661,000	380,141
ADM Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	27,808,900	29,703,400	29,703,400
ADM Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	4,597,700	4,644,800	4,644,256
ADM Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,087,200	1,096,900	1,043,070
ADM Public Assistance Collections	235,500	240,300	135,515
ADM Statewide Cost Allocation Plan	1,000,000	1,000,000	0
ADM Triagency Disaster Recovery	271,500	271,500	0
ADM Workforce Investment Act Operating Lump Sum	0	300,000	0
Administrative Adjustments	0	6,359,587	6,359,587
Administrative Adjustments	0	6,559,318	6,559,318
Administrative Adjustments	0	26,924,753	26,924,753
Administrative Adjustments	0	361,216	361,216
Administrative Adjustments	0	445,072	444,929
Administrative Adjustments	0	9,589,821	9,589,821
Central Payment Processing	444,700	374,700	374,700
Coolidge Environmental Impact Study	4,948	4,948	0
DACS Adult Services	11,599,300	11,599,300	10,940,279
DACS Community and Emergency Services	5,424,900	5,424,900	4,078,423
DACS Coordinated Homeless Program	1,155,400	1,155,400	1,136,214
DACS Coordinated Homeless Program	1,649,500	1,649,500	1,401,471
DACS Coordinated Hunger Program	1,286,600	1,286,600	1,235,794
DACS Coordinated Hunger Program DACS Domestic Violence Prevention	500,000	500,000	413,066
	2,507,900	2,507,900	2,229,144
DACS Domestic Violence Prevention	6,620,700 22,097	6,620,700	5,278,976 0
DACS Hopi Senior Center - Kykotsmovi DACS Marriage & Communication Skills	1,200,000	22,097 1,200,000	1,200,000
DACS Marriage & Communication Skills	30,473	30,473	9,490
DACS Marriage Handbook	725	725	176
DACS Marriage Handbook DACS Marriage Skills Training	10,248	10,248	947
DACS Navajo Senior Center Services	25,000	25,000	25,000
DACS Navajo Senior Center Services DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Birdsprings	65,000	65,000	25,000
DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Britisprings DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Chilchenbento	45,000	45,000	0
DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Chinle DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Chinle	10,000	10,000	10,000
DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Cilinic DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Dilcon	30,000	30,000	0,000
DACS Navajo Senior Centers - Fort Defiance	9,007	9,007	9,007
DACS Navajo Senior Centers - St Michael's	1,961	1,961	0,007
DACS Navajo Senior Centers - White Cone	30,000	30,000	0
DACS Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	5,012,100	5,028,900	5,028,900
DACS TANF Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	220,100	226,400	159,016
DACS TANF Short-Term Crisis Services FY00 - 01	47,817	47,817	47,817
DACS TANF Short-Term Crisis Services F 100 - 01 DACS TANF Short-Term Crisis Services F 999 - 00	2	47,817	47,817
DACS Tribal Senior Centers - Navajo	0	0	135,997
DBME General Assistance FY05 - 06	4,260,800	3,060,800	2,816,023
DBME Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	22,829,700	26,965,400	26,961,300
DBME Operating Lump Sum Appropriation DBME Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	9,037,300	12,467,900	9,317,900
DBME TANF Cash Benefits	56,308,200	47,308,200	47,288,363

(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)	BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
DBME TANF Cash Benefits	96,550,900	92,050,900	91,959,007
DBME TANF FLSA Supplemental	508,900	508,900	441,578
DBME Tribal Pass-Thru Funding	4,288,700	4,288,700	4,288,700
DBME Tuberculosis Control	32,200	32,200	30,665
DCSE Attorney General Legal Services	492,100	683,600	683,600
DCSE Attorney General Legal Services	7,898,100	8,664,800	7,245,700
DCSE Central Payment Processing	3,275,700	2,805,700	1,983,701
DCSE County Participation	6,845,200	6,845,200	5,285,804
DCSE Genetic Testing	72,400	42,400	42,400
DCSE Genetic Testing	723,600	393,600	221,983
DCSE Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	4,233,700	4,404,700	4,404,700
DCSE Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	37,807,900	39,643,300	34,236,843
DCYF Adoption Services	23,560,700	24,660,700	24,660,700
DCYF Adoption Services	10,686,100	10,686,100	10,686,100
DCYF Adoption Services - Family Preservation Projects	1,000,000	1,000,000	0
DCYF Attorney General Legal Services	8,518,000	8,746,900	8,746,900
DCYF Attorney General Legal Services	47,100	48,400	48,400
DCYF Children Support Services	29,316,600	34,916,600	34,916,600
DCYF Children Support Services	6,757,400	8,257,400	6,588,218
DCYF Children Support Services - SSBG	5,371,700	5,371,700	5,371,700
DCYF Comprehensive Medical and Dental Program	2,057,000	2,057,000	2,057,000
DCYF CPS Appeals	650,800	669,500	669,500
DCYF CPS Substance Abuse Treatment	224,500	224,500	224,500
DCYF Emergency Placement	3,685,800	5,085,800	5,085,800
DCYF Emergency Placement	1,872,700	472,700	357,057
DCYF Emergency Placement - SSBG	2,333,700	2,333,700	2,333,700
DCYF Family Builders Program	5,200,000	5,200,000	4,208,126
DCYF Foster Care Placement	6,004,400	8,304,400	8,304,400
DCYF Foster Care Placement	1,148,700	848,700	750,527
DCYF Foster Care Placement - SSBG	5,074,400	5,074,400	4,664,594
DCYF Healthy Families	8,715,800	5,715,800	5,715,800
DCYF Healthy Families	5,034,200	5,034,200	5,034,000
DCYF Homeless Youth Intervention	400,000	400,000	379,700
DCYF Intensive Family Services	1,985,600	1,985,600	1,985,600
DCYF Joint Substance Abuse Treatment	3,000,000	3,400,000	3,057,694
DCYF Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	47,403,900	43,872,800	43,872,800
DCYF Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	26,998,800	31,686,700	27,620,936
DCYF Permanent Guardianship Subsidy	3,337,200	4,337,200	3,684,803
DCYF Permanent Guardianship Subsidy	859,300	859,300	859,300
DCYF Residential Drug Treatment	0	75,000	0
DCYF Residential Drug Treatment	250,000	0	0
DCYF Residential Placement	7,788,000	10,088,000	10,088,000
DCYF Residential Placement	4,133,300	1,833,300	1,509,273
DCYF Residential Placement - SSBG	9,833,300	9,833,300	9,305,584
DCYF TANF Deposit to Joint Substance Abuse Treatment Fund	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,699,707
DDD Arizona Training Program At Coolidge	3,101,600	1,755,300	640,435
DDD Case Management	3,995,700	4,315,900	4,315,900
DDD Home and Community Based Services	33,148,400	33,219,000	29,068,410
DDD Home and Community Based Services	848,100	848,100	25,000,410
DDD Institutional Services	294,900	294,900	117,588
DDD Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,694,300	3,796,500	3,796,500
DDD State Funded Long Term Care Services	21,038,200	21,041,300	19,169,597
	21,030,200	21,011,000	17,107,071
The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of	f this schedule.		(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
, 1	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
DDD State Funded LTC Services	762,900	762,900	739,662
DDD Training Program at Coolidge	2,515,700	0	0
DERS Child Care Sliding Fee Scales	1,076,118	1,076,118	0
DERS Day Care Subsidy	73,066,900	69,066,900	63,019,497
DERS Day Care Subsidy	8,020,300	8,020,300	5,384,069
DERS Daycare Subsidy	67,632,900	67,632,900	66,982,660
DERS Independent Living Rehabilitation Services	784,200	784,200	638,386
DERS Job Search Stipends	1,823,500	1,823,500	1,823,500
DERS Jobs	2,000,000	2,000,000	826,096
DERS Jobs	17,618,800	17,618,800	17,618,756
DERS Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	7,982,200	8,084,000	8,084,000
DERS Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	5,140,300	5,310,100	5,309,268
DERS Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	8,979,900	9,264,300	9,264,300
DERS Transitional Child Care	32,911,900	36,911,900	33,534,708
DERS Vocational Rehabilitation Services	3,285,100	3,285,100	3,285,100
DERS Workforce Investment Act Discretionary	3,614,000	3,614,000	2,711,773
DERS Workforce Investment Act Operating Lump Sum	2,029,500	2,081,500	0
DERS Workforce Investment Act Programs	48,040,600	47,740,600	36,458,548
DES Property Conveyance	0	150,000	0
LTC Arizona Training Program at Coolidge	3,926,000	5,279,900	5,279,900
LTC Arizona Training Program at Coolidge	11,967,700	16,228,200	13,975,809
LTC Case Management	10,305,000	10,382,100	10,268,600
LTC Case Management	31,143,300	30,879,800	26,367,932
LTC Home and Community Based Services	152,268,500	152,300,100	152,300,100
LTC Home and Community Based Services	461,024,800	461,167,600	386,341,646
LTC Institutional Services LTC Institutional Services	5,411,700	5,434,800	5,434,800
LTC Medical Services	16,477,000 28,213,100	14,585,200 28,226,600	12,464,273 28,226,600
LTC Medical Services	87,725,500	91,087,700	84,402,059
LTC Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	9,385,800	9,500,200	9,500,200
LTC Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	28,524,500	28,971,300	27,158,719
Statewide Building Renewal FY04 - 05	20,324,300	84,000	64,000
Statewide Building Renewal FY05 - 06	0	112,000	112,000
Statewide Building Renewal FY92 - 93	20	20	0
Summer Youth Program FY00 - 01	32,446	32,446	0
Department of Juvenile Corrections	2-,	2_,	•
Administrative Adjustments	0	338,431	338,431
Ams Health Facility Upgrades	0	0	(13,041)
Building Renewal FY91 - 92	39	39	0
Building Renewal FY94 - 95	3,794	3,794	0
DOA Building Renewal - Restore Fire Pump FY04 - 05	34,763	34,763	407
DOA Building Renewal - Restore Fire Pump FY05 - 06	0	32,175	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	68,330,100	70,925,200	70,562,322
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,265,900	2,301,500	2,301,500
Department of Transportation			
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	73,800	76,400	76,400
Department of Education			
Accountability Measures FY00 - 01	50	50	0
Achievement Testing FY04 - 05	5,301,295	5,301,295	0
Achievement Testing FY05 - 06	4,827,600	6,231,800	6,231,800
Additional State Aid To Schools	297,213,200	294,126,200	294,126,200
Administrative Adjustments	0	18,727,811	18,727,811

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

GENERAL FUND	ORIGINAL	EINAI	ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006		FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)	BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
A11571 2 A 12	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Adult Education Assistance	4,447,900	4,454,786	4,454,786
Aims Intervention; Dropout Prevention	5,550,000	5,550,000	5,358,844
Arizona Teacher Evaluation	202,800	205,706	203,122
Assistance to Schools - Child of State Employee Basic Aid and Additional State Aid Entitlement	99,500 0	99,500 191,293,800	87,445 191,293,800
Basic State Aid Entitlement	2,714,552,500	2,731,970,600	2,726,699,133
Certificates of Educational Convenience	269,900	852,000	533,465
Chemical Abuse	803,700	809,146	790,289
English Learner FTE FY02 - 03	2,389	2,389	0
English Learner FTE FY03 - 04	2,634	2,634	0
English Learner FTE FY04 - 05	262,971	262,971	156,732
English Learner Instruction FY02 - 03	272,587	272,587	(10,953)
English Learner Instruction FY03 - 04	4,146	4,146	(4,122)
English Learner Instruction FY04 - 05	1,043,785	1,043,785	56,145
English Learner Materials & Supplies FY02 - 03	0	0	(70)
English Learner Materials & Supplies FY03 - 04	108,925	108,925	(108,884)
English Learner Materials & Supplies FY04 - 05	394,641	394,641	165,295
English Learner Monitoring	328,000	337,415	336,967
English Learner Pilot FY03 - 04	0	0	(342)
English Learner Pilot FY04 - 05	13,510	13,510	1,997
English Learner Teacher FY02 - 03	4,500,000	4,500,000	3,395,844
English Learner Teacher FY03 - 04	4,499,709	4,499,709	0
English Learner Teacher FY04 - 05	4,500,291	4,500,291	253,593
Extended School Year	500,000	500,000	500,000
Family Literacy Program FY05 - 06	1,004,300	1,005,782	1,005,782
Family Literacy Program FY98 - 99	1,373	1,373	20.050.000
Full-Day Kindergarten	1 206 500	38,050,000	38,050,000
Gifted Support	1,306,500	1,311,075	1,283,841
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	619,200 8,272,600	632,619 8,482,990	546,473 8,472,091
Optional Performance Incentive Programs	120,000	0,482,990	0,472,091
Parental Choice For Reading Success	1,000,000	1,000,000	965,050
Residential Placement	10,000	10,000	2,640
School Report Cards	446,700	449,400	438,757
School Safety Program	6,707,700	6,712,429	5,060,532
School Safety Program FY00 - 01	2,044	2,044	0
School Safety Program FY01 - 02	2,810	2,810	2,810
School Safety Program FY02 - 03	67,484	67,484	0
School Safety Program FY03 - 04	85,167	85,167	85,167
School Safety Program FY04 - 05	2,288,436	2,288,436	2,242,983
Small Pass-Through Programs	581,600	581,600	581,600
Special Education Audit	296,800	301,354	248,490
Special Education Fund	33,129,700	33,130,500	33,130,500
State Block Grant For Early Childhood Education	19,420,500	19,428,873	19,428,873
State Block Grant For Vocational Education	11,232,200	11,287,266	11,287,263
Teacher Certification	1,422,500	1,458,159	1,429,724
Vocational Education Extended Year	600,000	600,000	356,148
Department of Commerce			
Administrative Adjustments	0	43,190	43,190
Agriculture Preservation District	32,514	32,514	5,767
Apprenticeship Services Office	162,500	167,400	135,390
International Trade Offices	347,300	357,500	335,719
The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral	part of this schedule.		(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
DUDGET	DUDGEE	
BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
1111		AMOUNTS
	, ,	4,825,000
		0
		68,828
		248,790
		0
		0
		2,663,538
		108,697
300,500	308,300	281,887
		0
577,300	591,700	574,574
		913
		51,542
,		771,259
		10,277,933
		3,090,097
2,445,100	2,445,100	2,445,100
807,100	827,000	825,132
2,578,600	2,636,300	2,393,965
	•	•••
		388
		0
		0
		0
		0
		0
		2,096,543
	_	0
		30,496
		115,359
		3,121
		61,626
6,218,200	6,360,600	6,101,561
		36,384,222
		41,634,198
		31,107,921
		339,200
		426,816
		0
		127,166
		0
		0
		419,489,644
		1,200,366,124
		8,877,956
18,246,900	18,937,500	18,833,560
559,300	561,340	561,266
	(Appropriations) 0 24,830 0 304,100 37,777 19,874 2,820,800 129,700 300,500 0 577,300 0 761,900 9,989,800 12,013,600 2,445,100 807,100 2,578,600 0 5,200 34,705 65,374 504 7,783 2,051,800 1 33,017 196,358 101,011 86,206 6,218,200 0 0 0 0 209,700 565,100 73 167,200 52,730 745,860 433,284,800 1,200,554,600 8,035,700	0 4,825,000 24,830 24,830 0 75,000 304,100 313,600 37,777 37,777 19,874 19,874 2,820,800 2,894,100 129,700 132,600 300,500 308,300 0 323,200 577,300 591,700 0 913 0 51,542 761,900 778,600 9,989,800 10,286,600 12,013,600 12,213,200 2,445,100 2,445,100 807,100 827,000 2,578,600 2,636,300 0 388 5,200 5,200 34,705 34,705 65,374 50,4 7,783 7,783 2,051,800 2,103,900 1 1 33,017 33,017 196,358 196,358 101,011 101,011 86,206 6,206 6,218,2

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

GENERAL FUND

GENERAL FUND			
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)	BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Critical Access Hospitals	1,140,700	1,140,700	1,138,509
DES Eligibility	22,091,600	26,563,700	26,007,217
DES Eligibility	24,655,300	25,973,500	23,198,917
DES Title XIX Pass Through	137,200	139,900	124,353
DES Title XIX Pass Through	182,100	185,900	146,455
Disproportionate Share Payments	40,347,600	45,684,623	37,050,652
Disproportionate Share Payments	81,843,900	92,669,778	75,156,048
DOA Data Center Charges	1,724,700	2,623,300	2,328,561
DOA Data Center Charges	3,992,800	5,110,800	4,675,908
Fee For Service	89,975,500	88,843,000	84,046,184
Fee For Service	346,364,900	346,364,900	319,379,128
Graduate Medical Education	7,179,300	7,204,964	7,204,964
Graduate Medical Education	14,640,700	14,615,036	14,615,036
Indian Advisory Council	104,800	107,600	80,082
Indian Advisory Council	104,500	107,300	70,851
Kidscare Administration	1,880,600	2,008,100	1,973,233
Medicare Clawback Payments	0	13,013,377	13,013,377
Medicare Premiums	20,512,700	22,883,784	22,879,098
Medicare Premiums	50,037,200	56,557,110	56,551,225
Mental Health - Adults FY91 - 92	45,368	45,368	0
Office of Administrative Hearings	199,500	246,400	220,946
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	25,249,900	27,951,500	27,795,641
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	107,156,600	106,238,036	106,238,036
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	37,132,700	37,437,000	35,928,575
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	892,290,800	887,701,100	818,592,584
Proposition 204 - Administration	5,029,000	5,906,700	5,691,378
Proposition 204 - Capitation	170,347,100	139,920,696	138,163,726
Proposition 204 - Capitation	29,872,800	29,872,800	29,872,800
Proposition 204 - Capitation	683,316,300	635,866,600	635,866,600
Proposition 204 - Capitation	89,553,200	89,553,200	86,364,790
Proposition 204 - Fee-for-Service	2,000,000	7,867,700	465,714
Proposition 204 - Fee-for-Service	28,765,200	28,765,200	28,711,689
Proposition 204 - Fee-for-Service	108,394,900	124,394,900	101,639,032
Proposition 204 - Medicare Premiums	15,972,200	16,097,200	15,961,866
Proposition 204 - Pass Through Administration	14,046,300	14,887,100	12,458,000
Proposition 204 - Pass-Through Administration	2,395,400	2,395,400	0
Proposition 204 - Reinsurance	26,198,300	39,393,846	26,054,236
Proposition 204 - Reinsurance	54,156,000	69,866,000	53,103,163
Proposition 204 AHCCCS Administration	5,088,900	4,438,100	4,405,425
Proposition 204 Pass Through Administration	17,486,200	14,388,200	14,388,200
Reinsurance	30,685,700	37,740,668	27,934,490
Reinsurance	62,573,700	68,089,476	57,065,654
Rural Hospital Reimbursement	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Rural Hospital Reimbursement	8,158,100	8,158,100	8,158,100
Ticket To Work	1,670,700	1,688,600	1,687,857
Ticket to Work	3,405,200	3,620,200	3,453,468
Office of Administrative Hearings			
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,124,000	1,151,800	1,151,800
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	0	100	100
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Historical Society	14,000	14,100	14,100
Administrative Adjustments	0	643	643
Field Services and Grants	80,000	80,000	80,000
	00,000	00,000	30,000

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(Continued)

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

GENERAL FUND

GENERAL FUND			
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)	BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,046,450	2,111,550	2,111,550
Papago Park Museum	1,902,950	1,923,050	1,923,050
Papago Park Museum	193,700	193,700	193,700
House of Representatives			
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY00 - 01	853,257	853,257	(184
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY01 - 02	425,012	425,012	(301
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY02 - 03	841,747	841,747	(307
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY03 - 04	593,397	593,397	(279
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	1,038,121	1,038,121	25,535
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	12,262,100	12,592,400	10,690,094
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY99 - 00	360,028	360,028	360,028
Department of Health Services			
Abstinence Funding	1,000,000	1,000,000	638,026
ADM Assurance and Licensure	742,600	760,900	727,227
Administrative Adjustments	0	3,224,416	3,224,416
Administrative Adjustments	0	50,289	50,289
Administrative Adjustments	0	44,364	44,364
Administrative Adjustments	0	371,317	371,317
Adult Cystic Fibrosis	105,200	105,200	105,200
Adult Sickle Cell Anemia	33,000	33,000	33,000
AHCCCS Children's Rehabilitative Services	17,745,900	17,745,900	17,745,900
AHCCCS Children's Rehabilitative Services	36,189,000	36,189,000	(
Aids Reporting and Surveillance	1,125,000	1,125,000	1,061,804
Alzheimer Disease Research	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Arizona State Hospital Accreditation	3,140	3,140	(
Arnold v. Sarn	27,500,000	27,500,000	27,500,000
Arnold v. Sarn	10,196,400	10,196,400	(
ASH Condensate Receiver	4,700	4,700	(
Assurance and Licensure	7,636,700	7,884,259	7,802,578
Assurance and Licensure	299,000	307,800	152,083
Assurance and Licensure	636,900	655,954	(
Attorney General Legal Services	362,800	394,900	394,900
AZ Statewide Immunization Information System	467,600	478,247	472,453
Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening	1,090,600	1,092,644	909,873
Building Renewal - Tucson FY00 - 01	6,109	6,109	(
Building Renewal - Tucson FY98 - 99	2,221	2,221	(
Building Renewal - Tucson FY99 - 00	37,168	37,168	(
Building Renewal FY91 - 92	3,548	3,548	(
Building Renewal FY96 - 97	30	30	(
Children's Behavioral Health - Tobacco Settlement Account	260,641	260,641	101,002
Children's Behavioral Health Services	9,351,800	9,351,800	9,351,800
Children's Behavioral State Match for Title XIX	87,498,400	87,498,400	87,498,400
Children's Behavioral Health State Match for Title XIX	178,433,800	178,433,800	(
Children's Rehabilitative Services	3,587,000	3,587,000	3,587,000
Cholla - Sexual Predator	11,655	11,655	(
Community Health Centers	10,420,800	10,433,316	10,243,350
Community Placement Treatment	5,574,100	5,574,100	5,574,100
Community Placement Treatment	1,130,700	1,130,700	1,130,700
Corrective Action Plan FY04 - 05	398,060	398,060	(
Corrective Action Plan FY05 - 06	3,564,600	3,564,600	651,176
County Nutrition Services	330,300	330,300	316,566
County Prenatal Services Grant	1,148,500	1,148,500	938,807

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
(Expressed in Donars)	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
County Public Health	200,000	200,000	200,000
County Tuberculosis Provider Care & Control	1,010,500	1,010,500	816,400
Court Monitoring	197,500	338,767	338,767
Diabetes Prevention and Control	100,000	100,000	80,073
Direct Grants	460,300	460,300	460,300
Environmental Assess Phoenix FY91 - 92	8,849	8,849	0
Health Start	226,600	226,600	226,467
Hearing and Speech Professionals Regulation	62,243	62,243	0
Hepatitis C Surveillance	366,900	375,556	303,854
High Risk Prenatal Services	3,180,600	3,180,600	2,685,739
Indirect Cost Fund	7,250,900	7,379,200	6,635,401
Indirect Costs AHCCCS - Children's Rehabilitative Services	350,000	350,000	244,502
Kidney Program	50,500	50,500	50,500
Laboratory Services	3,097,600	3,206,530	3,054,811
Laboratory Services Operating	0	175,000	18,228
Medicaid Special Exemption Payments	387,200	387,200	387,200
Medicaid Special Exemption Payments	789,700	789,700	0
Medicaid Special Exemption Payments Behavioral Health	5,215,200	5,215,200	5,215,200
Medicaid Special Exemption Payments	10,635,100	10,635,100	0
Medicare Clawback Payments	0	3,715,200	2,812,910
Mental Health and Substance Abuse State Match Title XIX	26,598,200	26,598,200	26,598,200
Mental Health and Substance Abuse State Match Title XIX	54,241,100	54,241,100	0
Mental Health Non-Title XIX	2,447,300	2,447,300	2,374,020
Nonrenal Disease Management Program	14,000,100	50,000	14 240 746
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	14,090,100	14,472,844	14,249,746
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	37,832,600	38,839,533	38,277,639
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	4,232,900 4,555,600	4,190,064 4,636,483	4,167,215 0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,357,700	3,496,953	3,207,277
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,966,300	2,009,788	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	5,030,900	5,228,010	5,174,770
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	6,469,300	6,469,300	5,844,657
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	41,807	41,807	41,796
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	1,576,100	1,576,100	1,406,232
Poison Control Center Funding	0	175,000	175,000
Proposition 204 Administration	2,012,700	2,054,994	2,054,994
Proposition 204 - Administration Title XIX Match	4,161,700	4,235,775	0
Proposition 204 Children's Behavioral Health Services	1,035,400	706,375	706,375
Proposition 204 - CBH Title XIX Match	2,111,500	2,111,500	0
Proposition 204 MH/SA Title XIX	24,871,900	24,082,240	24,082,240
Proposition 204 - MH/SA Title XIX Match	50,720,600	50,720,600	0
Proposition 204 Seriously Mentally Ill Services	52,252,900	53,371,585	53,371,585
Proposition 204 - SMI Title XIX Match	106,558,600	106,558,600	0
Reimbursement To Counties	67,900	67,900	67,900
Renal & Non-Renal Disease Management	468,000	468,000	429,493
Rural Modular Dental Buildings	0	200,000	200,000
Scorpion Antivenom	150,000	150,000	111,835
Seriously Emotionally Handicapped Child	500,000	500,000	0
Seriously Mentally Ill Non-Title XIX	30,691,900	30,691,900	30,326,765
Seriously Mentally Ill State Match for Title XIX	53,013,200	53,013,200	53,013,200
Seriously Mentally Ill State Match for Title XIX	108,108,800	108,108,800	0
Sexually Violent Persons	10,178,500	10,365,483	9,919,242
The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part	of this schedule.		(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

GENERAL FUND			
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)	BUDGET	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
(Zhipitessee in 2 shars)	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Standard Control Subventions	26,300	26,300	24,936
Substance Abuse Non-Title XIX	12,135,400	12,135,400	12,135,400
TANF Prenatal Services FY99 - 00	46,969	46,969	(301)
Telemedicine	260,000	260,000	221,479
Title XIX Behavioral Health Support	200,000	2,500,000	0
Title XIX Behavioral Health Support	7,600,000	7,600,000	0
U of A Poison Center Funding	7,000,000	175,000	175,000
Vaccines	3,784,300	3,784,300	3,782,911
Vital Records		25,526	1,741
Arizona Commission on the Arts	25,526	23,320	1,741
	2,000,000	2 000 000	2,000,000
Arts Endowment Fund	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Community Service Projects	1,263,100	1,263,100	1,263,100
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Arizona Commission of Indian Affairs	565,900	584,600	584,600
	0	1,620	1.620
Administrative Adjustments	207.600	1,630	1,630
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	207,600	212,900	204,065
Occupational Safety & Health Review Board	75	75	0
Employee Related Expenditures FY91 - 92	75	75	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY00 - 01	1,000	1,000	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY01 - 02	6,947	6,947	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY02 - 03	4,800	4,800	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY03 - 04	4,800	4,800	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	4,800	4,800	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY98 - 99	6,023	6,023	2,669
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY99 - 00	1,000	1,000	0
Personal Services FY91 - 92	53	53	0
Department of Insurance	525 (00)	522 900	£22 000
Managed Care and Dental Plan Oversight	525,600	533,800	533,800
NCOIL Participation	25,000	25,000	25,000
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	5,948,400	6,130,100	6,101,534
Arizona Criminal Justice Commission	0	162 722	162 722
Administrative Adjustments	004.200	162,722 994,200	162,722
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	994,200		810,187
Rural State Aid To County Attorneys	157,700	157,700 150,100	157,700
Rural State Aid To Indigent Defense Joint Legislative Budget Committee	150,100	130,100	150,100
-	1 522 201	1 522 201	1 502 201
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	1,523,281	1,523,281	1,523,281
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06 Department of Library, Archives and Public Records	2,743,300	2,811,300	1,152,926
Grants-In-Aid FY01 - 02	1,343	1 242	1 2/12
Grants-In-Aid FY02 - 03	4,400	1,343 4,400	1,343 4,400
Grants-In-Aid FY03 - 04	66,381	66,381	57,644
Grants-In-Aid FY04 - 05	115,400	115,400	60,000
Grants-In-Aid FY05 - 06	651,400	651,400	560,829
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY00 - 01	38,021	38,021	38,021
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY01 - 02	72,917	72,917	15,732
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY03 - 04	9,487	9,487	5,103
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	56,842	56,842	29,220
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	137,011	137,011	111,809
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	6,227,800	6,411,200	6,406,800
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	620,500	634,200	634,200
Statewide Radio Reading Svc For Blind	97,000	97,000	97,000
The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral p	art of this schedule.		(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
(Expressed in Dollars)			
Legislative Council	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Juvenile Study FY97 - 98	19,520	19,520	0
Ombudsman Citizens Aid Office FY04 - 05	16,159	16,159	16,159
Ombudsman Citizens Aid Office FY05 - 06	371,700	371,700	344,290
Ombudsman Citizens Aid Office FY93 - 94	43,000	43,000	0
Ombudsman Citizens Aid Office FY94 - 95	95,169	95,169	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY00 - 01	158,981	158,981	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	325,116	325,116	135,199
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	4,720,700	4,824,000	4,649,733
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY99 - 00	886,420	886,420	0
State Archives and History Building	15,000,000	15,000,000	0
Land Department	-,,	-,,	
Administrative Adjustments	0	56,555	56,555
Administrative Adjustments	0	51,081	51,081
Cap User Fees	1,859,300	1,859,300	1,859,300
Environmental County Grants	125,000	125,000	125,000
In/Out of State Fire Costs	0	3,000,000	3,000,000
Inmate Fire Crews	1,156,400	1,191,600	1,191,501
Natural Resource Conservation Districts	180,000	180,000	180,000
New Fire Suppression Services	0	2,200,000	2,200,000
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	16,339,400	16,663,400	16,650,796
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	319,600	319,600	318,600
Outstanding Fire Suppression Expenses	0	4,000,000	4,000,000
Department of Liquor Licenses and Control			
Improvement of Data Processing System	0	1,250,000	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,851,400	2,924,000	2,923,880
Law Enforcement Merit System Council			
Administrative Adjustments	0	0	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	70,400	72,600	70,805
Division of Emergency Management & Military Affairs			
Apache Cnty River Reservoir Dam Emerg	57,141	1,306	1,306
Aspen Fire Emergency	745,010	745,010	24,770
AZ Pre-Suppression Wildfire Resources	0	200,000	162,997
AZ/Mexico International Border Security	0	1,500,000	863,238
Bellemont/Prescott Boilers	8,724	8,724	0
Brins Wildfire Emergency	0	25,000	1,292
Civil Air Patrol	54,200	54,200	54,200
Clifton Flash Flood Emergency	0	41,965	41,965
EUZ701 Search & Rescue	0	125,000	113,652
EUZ701 Search & Rescue	50,996	50,996	50,996
EUZHAZ - Hazard Material Contingency	11,485	11,485	5,940
February 2005 Winter Storms & Flooding	0	450,000	0
February 2005 Winter Storms & Flooding	1,059,934	1,059,934	676,869
Forest Heath Emergency-Pine Bark Beetle	452,696	452,696	406,817
Forest Heath Emergency-Pine Bark Beetle	264,480	264,480	251,857
Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Emergency	0	200,000	0
Hazard Materials Contingency	48,319	48,319	33,725
Kinishba Fire Emergency	0	(30,603)	(30,603)
La Paz County Summer Monsoon Emergency	0	350,000	50,670
La Paz/Maricopa Counties Storm Emergency	105,785	105,785	449
La Paz/Maricopa Counties Storm Emergency	61,593	61,593	1,920
La Paz/Maricopa Counties Storm Emergency	21	21	21

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

BUDGET Appropriations) 962 923,542 5,493 333,254 3 12,032 464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708 1,881,234	EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS 962 578,048 5,493 2,476 3 0 252,461 0 305,043 53,907
962 923,542 5,493 333,254 3 12,032 464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	962 578,048 5,493 2,476 3 0 252,461 0 305,043 53,907
923,542 5,493 333,254 3 12,032 464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	578,048 5,493 2,476 3 0 252,461 0 305,043 53,907
5,493 333,254 3 12,032 464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	5,493 2,476 3 0 252,461 0 305,043 53,907
333,254 3 12,032 464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	2,476 3 0 252,461 0 305,043 53,907
3 12,032 464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	3 0 252,461 0 305,043 53,907
12,032 464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	0 252,461 0 305,043 53,907
464,271 508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	252,461 0 305,043 53,907
508,035 305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	0 305,043 53,907
305,043 53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	305,043 53,907
53,907 299,626 73,329 1,708	53,907
299,626 73,329 1,708	
73,329 1,708	299,626
1,708	73,329
	0
	1,880,527
860,633	858,890
3,143,340	2,954,910
250,000	167,633
350,000	81,122
500,000	0
1,614,393	1,606,221
58,640	58,640
50,000	0
1,325	0
0	0
107,024	47
246,488	246,488
1,215,000	813,644
1,162,400	1,161,930
250	250
3,421,700	3,187,444
2,939	2,939
814,300	798,827
13,200	9,256
1,500,000	323,148
122,314,100	122,314,100
2,192,300	2,192,300
9,332	9,332
	0
50,000	164,930
50,000 166,700	
	50
	301,897
166,700	
166,700 50 346,700	1,220,800
166,700 50	170,500
	50,000 166,700 50 346,700

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE	
Duggaett Historical Conjety	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS	
Prescott Historical Society	0	10.226	10.226	
Administrative Adjustments	0 19	10,236 19	10,236	
Building Renewal - Sharlot Hall Reroof			0 652,773	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	655,200	678,000	032,773	
Board of Executive Clemency Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	074 400	1 000 100	010 252	
1 0 1 11 1	974,400	1,000,100	919,252	
State Parks Board	107 100	107 100	0	
Acquisition and Development	107,100	107,100	0	
Administrative Adjustments	0	8,398	8,398	
Administrative Adjustments	0	7,256	7,256	
Growing Smarter Transfer to Land Conservation Fund	0	20,000,000	20,000,000	
Kartchner Caverns	1,719,400	1,747,500	1,444,298	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,421,500	2,662,100	2,526,610	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	9,019,500	9,121,100	8,952,918	
Tonto Lodge Roof Replacement	0	100,000	34	
Department of Public Safety				
Administrative Adjustments	0	4,034	4,034	
Building Renewal FY00 - 01	0	2,844	2,844	
Building Renewal FY01 - 02	77	77	77	
Building Renewal FY03 - 04	10	10	10	
Building Renewal FY03 - 04	221	221	221	
Building Renewal FY04 - 05	2	2	0	
Building Renewal FY04 - 05	924	26,924	21,121	
Building Renewal FY04 - 05	0	9,000	5,682	
Building Renewal FY05 - 06	0	96,748	45,399	
GITEM	4,988,600	5,055,900	5,052,499	
GITEM Supplemental	0	3,897,000	1,373,880	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	30,888,800	31,901,200	31,901,200	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	296,200	296,200	209,988	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	205,000	205,000	153,750	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	354,500	355,500	85,000	
Safety Equipment	0	3,000,000	2,802,245	
Statewide Interoperability - Phase II	3,000,000	3,000,000	12,500	
Statewide Interoperability Design	1,249,300	1,258,100	621,331	
Department of Racing	, ,	, ,	,	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,538,100	2,606,800	2,606,784	
Independent Redistricting Commission	2,000,100	2,000,000	2,000,701	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY03 - 04	2,021,370	2,021,370	423,404	
Real Estate Department	2,021,070	2,021,070	.25,.0.	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,610,900	3,718,800	3,694,436	
Ranger's Pension	3,010,700	3,710,000	3,074,430	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	12,800	12,800	12,800	
Department of Revenue	12,000	12,000	12,000	
Administrative Adjustments	0	42,857	42,857	
Administrative Adjustments Administrative Adjustments	0	42,837 275	42,837 275	
·				
Administrative Adjustments Kerr v. State of Arizona Lawsuit	0	975.000	342.621	
Kerr v. State of Arizona Lawsuit		975,000	342,621	
Ladewig v. AZ - Administrative Costs	1,424,700	1,424,700	807,697	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	57,053,500	65,576,600	65,191,447	
O	1,513,100	1,677,500	1,564,478	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	200.200	200.000	216225	
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Revenue Generating Program	390,300 6,788,900	398,000 0	316,285 0	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
(Expressed in Donats)	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Schools for the Deaf and the Blind	(rippropriations)	(rippropriations)	MMOCIVID
Administrative Adjustments	0	959,141	959,141
Capital and Building Renewal Projects	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,890,527
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Administration	5,356,446	5,533,172	5,278,499
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Phoenix	2,143,357	2,332,528	2,049,387
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Tucson	8,496,697	8,836,800	8,479,581
Schools Facilities Board			
Full Day Kindergarten Capital Grants	1,315,352	1,315,352	591,980
New School Facilities Debt Service	50,940,100	50,940,100	50,757,370
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,623,800	1,666,000	1,643,660
Senate			
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	500,486	500,486	62,393
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	8,023,600	8,224,600	7,619,985
Supreme Court			
4th Floor Chiller	2,528	2,528	0
Administrative Adjustments	0	25,888	25,888
Adult Intensive Probation	10,289,100	11,113,047	11,080,148
Adult Standard Probation	11,599,900	12,249,253	12,220,466
Automation	4,969,000	4,992,700	3,313,730
Automation	9,886,100	9,893,800	8,288,931
Commission on Judicial Conduct	355,300	365,800	362,545 477,517
Community Punishment County Reimbursements	424,000 246,000	480,600 634,700	507,799
Domestic Relations	720,500	731,000	701,774
Foster Care Review Board	1,938,400	1,997,600	1,995,373
HVAC Piping and Pump - Courts Building	329	1,557,000	0
HVAC Storage Tank	1,211	1,211	0
Interstate Compact	578,800	625,400	622,472
Judges Compensation	15,813,100	15,213,100	15,107,698
Judicial Nomination and Performance Review	288,900	297,300	287,879
Juvenile Family Counseling	660,400	660,400	622,078
Juvenile Intensive Probation	13,360,000	13,697,500	13,570,505
Juvenile Standard Probation	7,734,600	7,998,800	7,981,526
Juvenile Treatment Services	22,141,900	22,239,400	22,085,024
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	8,456,900	8,660,600	8,299,242
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	759,500	770,500	529,667
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	4,893,600	4,900,700	4,269,124
Progressively Increasing Consequences	9,465,300	9,674,900	9,674,900
Repair/Rehab Cooling Tower - Courts Building	195,078	427,338	316,851
Rural State Aid to the Courts	418,500	418,500	418,500
Special Water Master	20,000	20,000	20,000
State Aid	84,700	84,700	21,560
Secretary of State			
Administrative Adjustments	0	8,450	8,450
Election Services	794,100	809,600	796,336
Help America Vote Act	697,317	697,317	277,792
Help America Vote Act - Federal Funds	40,000,000	40,000,000	9,588,662
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation State Treasurer	2,245,700	2,306,000	2,230,055
Administrative Adjustments	0	1.42.201	142 201
	0	143,201	143,201
•	<i>1</i> 1		
Community College Reimbursement Corporate Income Tax Transfer	0	3,063,541 11,000,000	3,063,541 11,000,000

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
(Expressed in Donats)	(Appropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Justice of the Peace Salaries	2,775,500	2,775,500	2,361,979
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,584,300	2,650,400	2,615,180
Tax Appeals Board			
Administrative Adjustments	0	314	314
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	281,900	289,900	276,088
University of Arizona			
Agriculture	40,787,700	41,436,700	41,436,700
Clinical Rural Rotation	471,100	489,900	489,900
Clinical Teaching Support	9,573,100	9,733,000	9,733,000
Liver Research Institute	501,200	517,400	517,400
Main Campus - Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	239,671,100	249,967,300	249,967,300
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	44,428,200	46,314,800	46,314,800
Phoenix Medical Campus	0	6,006,900	6,006,900
Sierra Vista Campus	2,335,100	2,381,200	2,381,200
Telemedicine Network	1,185,400	1,199,300	1,199,300
Uniform State Law Commission			
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	52,300	52,300	44,784
Department of Veterans' Services			
Administrative Adjustments	0	77	77
Nursing Home Project FY91 - 92	3,605	3,605	0
Nursing Home Project FY91 - 92	13,284	13,284	0
Nursing Home Project FY91 - 92	18,934	18,934	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,142,500	2,214,752	2,201,313
Southern Arizona Cemetery	134,700	141,448	141,447
Veterans' Organizations Contracts	29,200	29,200	29,200
Water Resources Department			
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	16,722,200	17,085,800	17,007,372
Rural Water Studies	1,900,000	1,900,000	1,891,539
Weights & Measures Department			
Administrative Adjustments	0	12,843	12,843
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,556,200	1,595,200	1,590,146
Total General Fund Budgetary Expenditures before Adjustments	13,210,557,642	13,867,632,771	12,747,104,700
Less:			
Department of Health Services appropriations for Children's			
Rehabilitative Services, Arnold v. Sarn, Assurance and Licensure,			
Title XIX State Match, and Medicaid Special Exemption			
that were duplicate expenditure authorizations	(576,905,100)	(577,122,600)	0
and note duplicate experientife audiorizations	(370,703,100)	(311,122,000)	
Total General Fund Budgetary Expenditures after Adjustments	\$ 12,633,652,542	\$ 13,290,510,171	\$ 12,747,104,700

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

TRANSPORTATION AND AVIATION PLANNING,

HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE AND SAFETY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Dollars)		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
(1			(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
TRANSPORTATION AND AVIATION PLANNING,		(Appropriations)	<u> </u>	
HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE AND SAFETY FUND				
Department of Transportation				
Airport Planning and Development FY04 - 05	\$	7,221,852 \$	7,221,852	\$ 7,221,852
Airport Planning and Development FY05 - 06		16,956,000	16,956,000	14,645,980
Alternate Truck Route - Douglas Chino Road		250,000	250,000	0
Arizona-Mexico Border Points FY97 - 98		569	569	0
Asbestos and Lead Inspections FY01 - 02		211,173	211,173	82,994
Asbestos and Lead Inspections FY02 - 03		598,039	598,039	8,574
Building Renewal FY03 - 04		26,502	26,502	26,502
Building Renewal FY04 - 05		65,900	65,900	65,900
Building Renewal FY04 - 05		4,969	4,969	4,969
Building Renewal FY04 - 05		1,769,796	1,769,796	1,294,073
Building Renewal FY05 - 06		75,800	75,800	33,887
Building Renewal FY05 - 06		3,627,100	3,627,100	553,536
Certified Ignition Interlock Devices		0	444,600	309,425
De-Icer Buildings		1,089,000	1,089,000	364,076
Douglas Maintenance Yard Admin Adjustment FY90 - 91		2,000	2,000	0
Douglas Weigh Station		178,000	178,000	0
East Valley Maintenance Yard FY02 - 03		351,456	351,456	39,685
Fee Accounting and Revenue Management System		2,902	2,902	2,902
Grants - Sm Comm Air Service and Airport Upgrade		0	500,000	500,000
Highway Construction FY04 - 05		66,310,936	66,310,936	66,310,936
Highway Construction FY05 - 06		275,000,000	275,000,000	211,685,690
Highway Maintenance		109,263,500	110,818,700	107,975,542
Integrated Inventory System		50	50	50
Lump Sum Appropriation - Highway Maintenance		558,700	558,700	558,507
Lump Sum Appropriation - Highway Maintenance FY04 - 05		1	2	0
Lump Sum Appropriation - Highway Maintenance FY04 - 05		3,214,512	3,214,512	3,159,335
Modular Trailer Operating Expenses		7,519	7,519	0
Motor Carrier Towing Regulation		11,108	11,108	0
Motor Vehicle - Electronic Certificate of Title System FY01 - 02		4,852	4,852	0
Motor Vehicle - Electronic Certificate of Title System FY02 - 03		13,488	13,488	0
Motor Vehicle - Nogales Port Facility FY00 - 01		5,481	5,481	5,481
Motor Vehicle - Nogales Port Facility FY99 - 00		3,338	3,338	3,338
Motor Vehicle - One-Time Trailer Fees Implementation		43,724	43,724	0
Motor Vehicle - Security Enhancement Issues FY01 - 02		1,151	1,151	1,150
Motor Vehicle - Security Enhancement Issues FY02 - 03		1,539,584	1,539,584	456,013
Nogales Cyber Port Study		300,000	300,000	0
Nogales Port of Entry FY98 - 99		2	2	0
Oil Storage Tanks		637,600	637,600	76
On-Line Verification of Social Security Numbers		797	797	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		2,014,200	2,057,800	2,056,235
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		60,800	62,800	62,800
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Administration		41,360,100	42,887,800	42,874,701
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Highway		120,578,700	122,952,400	122,368,429
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Motor Vehicle		88,955,100	91,267,800	91,042,771
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Motor Vehicle		1,575,200	1,604,400	1,240,749
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Motor Vehicle		1,935,500	1,980,200	1,233,978
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Motor Vehicle		383,300	383,300	383,192
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Motor Vehicle		1,456,000	1,487,700	1,208,549

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

TRANSPORTATION AND AVIATION PLANNING,

HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE AND SAFETY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006		ORIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL
(Expressed in Dollars)		BUDGET BUDGET		EXPENDITURE	
•	(A	ppropriations)	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Payson Equipment Shop		1,536,500		1,536,500	 653,963
Payson MVD Service Center		915,900		915,900	19,425
Safety, Security, Traffic Management, and Control		18,000		18,000	0
San Luis Poe Connector Road		200,000		200,000	0
Site Improvement - Nogales Inspection Station		54,000		54,000	0
Special Projects FY98 - 99		30,868		30,868	0
Sprinklers and Fire Alarms		1,265,000		1,265,000	61,200
Third Party for Driver License Exams		0		254,600	254,600
Traffic Safety Improvement Agreements		600,000		600,000	400,000
Transfer to Department of Public Safety		41,187,500		42,197,600	42,197,600
Transfer to Department of Public Safety		1,333,600		1,372,000	1,372,000
Transfer to Department of Public Safety		62,617,300		63,999,300	63,999,300
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment Fuel Surcharge		1,000,000		1,000,000	 1,000,000
Total Transportation and Aviation Planning, Highway					
Maintenance and Safety Fund Budgetary Expenditures	\$	858,424,969	\$	869,975,170	\$ 787,739,965

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

A. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY TO GAAP EXPENDITURES

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and the Transportation and Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance and Safety Fund present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual expenditure data on the budgetary basis. The original budget represents any appropriation bills passed by June 30, 2005 that affect available appropriations during fiscal year 2006. The final budget represents any appropriation bills passed during fiscal year 2006 for fiscal year 2006 plus the original budget. Appropriation bills passed after the end of fiscal year 2006 for fiscal year 2006 would also be included in the final budget.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present actual amounts on the State's budgetary basis for expenditures only. The Schedules include appropriations authorized in one fund and transferred, by legislation, to another fund. The State does not have a legally adopted budget for revenues; therefore, only expenditures are presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Expenditures for the General Fund and the Transportation and Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance and Safety Fund. As the budgetary and GAAP presentations of actual data differ, a reconciliation of the two follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	General Fund	Aviati E Mair	sportation & on Planning, lighway ntenance & fety Fund
Uses/outflows of resources	 Tunu		icty I unu
Actual expenditure amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 12,747,105	\$	787,740
Differences - budget to GAAP:			
Increase in unpaid incurred expenditures from fiscal year end 2005 to fiscal year end 2006.	30,152		411,470
Increase in unpaid payroll expenditures from fiscal year end 2005 to fiscal year end 2006. For budgetary reporting, final June 2006 payroll expenditures were charged to fiscal year 2007 budget.	5,180		-
Distributions to counties and cities of sales taxes are recognized as expenditures on the modified accrual basis, but have no effect on budgetary expenditures.	1,045,702		-
Distribution to counties and cities for Urban Revenue Sharing, derived from the State's income tax collections, is recognized as an expenditure on the modified accrual basis, but has no effect on budgetary expenditures.	425,229		-
Capital leases and installment purchase contracts initiated during the fiscal year, which are not reported in budgetary expenditures.	2,729		-
Programs which are not controlled by legislative appropriations but have disbursed cash or incurred obligations during fiscal year 2006.	3,646,467		1,553,788
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.	(917,492)		(457,857)
Total expenditures, as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 16,985,072	\$	2,295,141

There were no expenditures in excess of appropriations or allotments in the individual budget accounts for the year.

STATE OF ARIZONA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES
JUNE 30, 2006

B. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Formulation of the budget begins with the preparation of estimates of expenditure requirements by the head of each budgeted agency and institution. These estimates are submitted no later than September 1 of each year to the Governor's Office of Strategic Planning and Budgeting. The budget is prepared by line item and/or program elements for each agency.

The budget document, as finally developed by the Governor, must be submitted to the Legislature no later than five days after the regular session convenes. The Legislature must approve the budget by passing a general and a capital outlay appropriation bill. The Governor may veto any item in an appropriation bill. Such vetoes are subject to legislative overrides. The budget can be amended throughout the year by special legislative appropriations and/or budget transfers. The State's Constitution prohibits the appropriation of certain state revenues (primarily tax and fee collections) from exceeding 7.41 percent of Arizona personal income as estimated by the Economic Estimates Commission.

The State prepares its operating budget on the cash basis of accounting. Encumbrances as of June 30 can be liquidated during a four-week administrative period known as the 13th month. At the time of the appropriation bill's passage, estimates prepared by legislative and executive branch professional staff assure the State Legislature that adequate revenues will be available to meet the level of appropriations approved. Anticipated revenue is estimated on the cash basis but is not part of the legally adopted budget. Consequently, the accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules only present budget to actual expenditure comparisons.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present all appropriation line items as passed by the State Legislature in order to demonstrate compliance with the legal level of budgetary control.

The State budgets on both an annual and biennial basis. Laws 1997, Chapter 210 required appropriated biennial budgets for all state agencies. In biennial budgets, an agency receives a separate appropriation for each of two fiscal years. For "small" regulatory agencies, comprised of five to ten people, whose budgets were merely amended for technical adjustments in Laws 2002, Chapter 327, the first year appropriations do not lapse until the end of the second year. Except where specifically noted by the appropriation bills, the appropriations for all other agencies lapse at the end of each fiscal year. For the "large" seventeen state agencies, Laws 2002, Chapter 210 returned their budgets to a "one" year cycle beginning with the 2003 Legislative Session (fiscal year 2004 budget request). In prior years the "large" agencies have accounted for approximately ninety percent or more of the appropriations for the General Fund.

The budget format used by the State Legislature determines how an agency's appropriation appears in the General Appropriation Act. A less detailed format provides an agency with more discretion in implementing the budget. Conversely, a more detailed format may require an agency to use formal processes for redirecting appropriated funding. Among the possible format choices are the following:

Lump Sum – The appropriation of an agency for each fiscal year consists of a single dollar amount, thereby allowing the agency to shift funds among line items, programs and subprograms without further Legislative or Executive Branch review. Within this format, any programs or Special Line Items may be listed separately.

Modified Lump Sum – The appropriation of an agency for each fiscal year consists of at least three lines: Personal Services, Employee Related Expenditures, and All Other Operating Expenditures. Any Special Line Items would be listed separately. Under this format, pursuant to ARS §35-173, an agency must seek approval of the Joint Legislative Budget Committee before moving any funding into or out of the Personal Services and Employee Related Expenditures line items. Any other funding transfers would require approval by the Arizona Department of Administration (ADOA), but not the Joint Legislative Budget Committee.

Detailed Line Item – The agency appropriation for each fiscal year consists of each line item listed in the Appropriations Report including Professional and Outside Services, Travel, Other Operating Expenditures, Equipment, Food, and any Special Line Items. The same rules govern Personal Services and Employee Related Expenditures funding transfers as noted in the Modified Lump Sum description. This appropriation format requires an agency to seek ADOA approval before initiating funding transfers between all other line items.

STATE OF ARIZONA REQUIRED SEPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES JUNE 30,2006

During the fiscal year, \$807.848 million in supplemental appropriations, net of increases and reversions, were provided to major and non-major governmental funds to enhance various programs. The General Fund and the Transportation and Aviation Planning, Highway Maintenance and Safety Fund received \$657.075 and \$11.550 million, respectively, and those amounts are included in the Budgetary Comparison Schedules.

State agencies are responsible for exercising budgetary control and ensuring that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The State Department of Administration – General Accounting Office exercises oversight and does not disburse funds in excess of appropriations.

The Governor shall have in continuous process of preparation and revision a tentative budget report for the next two ensuing years for which a budget report is required to be prepared.

Whenever the expenses of any fiscal year shall exceed the income, the Legislature *may* provide for levying a tax for the ensuing fiscal year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency, as well as the estimated expenses of the ensuing fiscal year.

All expenditure of the State's money must be authorized by law. Authorization can be granted directly by law or contingent upon appropriation from the State Legislature. Periodically, the State Legislature may appropriate monies for program expenditures already authorized by law, resulting in duplicate spending authority. In appropriating monies, the State Legislature has, in some cases, included external funding sources as a portion of an agency's total program expenditure authorization (budget) and has identified the external funding sources as an offset against the program appropriations total in order to reflect the State funding amount. An example of this is found in the \$178.434 million Department of Health Services Children's Behavioral Health State Match for Title XIX on page 138. Accordingly, sometimes program expenditures may not exhaust specific legislative appropriations. To properly present the total budget (appropriation) information, in relationship to "actual" expenditure amounts, duplicate expenditure authorizations have been eliminated from general fund budget (appropriation) totals on page 145.

STATE OF ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

Information About Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach

As allowed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements* – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (GASB 34), the State of Arizona reports its roads and bridges using the modified approach. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include 6,922 center lane miles (18,668 travel lane miles) of roads and 4,676 bridges that the State is responsible to maintain.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the State is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up to date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the State
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at or above the established condition level

As adopted by the State Transportation Board on an annual basis, the Five-Year Transportation Facilities Construction Program (Program) contains estimated expenditures for highway system improvements and the preservation of existing roadways and bridges. Both of these factors impact the condition assessment of the roads and bridges as described in the following sections. The Program in effect for fiscal year 2007 and beyond was adopted by the Transportation Board on June 23, 2006.

This Program is a dynamic instrument and adjustments are made to the annual plans based on the needs of the State to maintain the condition level of the roads and bridges at a level equal to, or greater than, the goals established by the State. In addition, not only are adjustments made during the life of the Program, circumstances may require that refinements to the individual components of the Program be made during the fiscal year.

In comparing Estimated to Actual Expenditures in the tables that follow, significant variances can occur. These variances are primarily due to the methodology used in the preparation of the Program. In this Program, the Estimated Expenditures for the current year are based on "programmed" projects which may or may not be spent in the current year of the Program. "Programmed" expenditures consist of those items that are planned for the future and contracts that have not yet been awarded. Furthermore, the Actual Expenditures will include projects that were "programmed" for a prior year's Estimated Expenditures but which did not occur, or were not completed, in the prior year.

The following information pertains to the condition assessment and maintenance of infrastructure assets and reflects the State's success in achieving condition levels that exceed the established levels.

Roads

The mission of the Arizona Department of Transportation's (ADOT) Pavement Management Section (PMS) is to develop and provide a cost effective pavement rehabilitation construction program that preserves the State's investment in its highway system and enhances public transportation and safety. The requirements of GASB 34 and the ADOT PMS both work toward the same basic goal, the efficient, effective management of the State's assets to produce long term benefits, while minimizing expenditures.

The PMS has developed performance goals for the condition level of the pavement in the State's highway system. These goals require periodic assessment of pavement conditions and the budget level needed to meet that goal. The goal is expressed as a measure called "Serviceability", which can be defined as the ability of a pavement to serve the traveling public (as documented in 1961 after AASHTO Road Test, 1956-1961). Serviceability is based on detailed measurements of objective features of the pavement and many surveys since the original road test have shown that these measurements closely track the subjective opinion of the traveling public. Most commonly, this

JUNE 30, 2006

number is called "Present Serviceability Rating" (PSR). PSR is a five-point scale (5 excellent, 0 impassable), similar to the Weaver/AASHTO Scale shown as follows:

Numerical		Weaver/AASHTO
Rating	PSR	Scale
5	Excellent	Perfect
4	Good	Very Good
3	Fair	Good
2	Poor	Fair
1	Very Poor	Poor
0	Impassable	Very Poor

The goal of the State is to maintain a condition level (PSR) rating of 3.23 or better for all roads in the State's highway system. Annually, Transportation Material Technicians drive over the system with inertial profiling equipment and measure the roughness of the pavement. This process is continuous throughout the year in order to assess the condition level of all pavement on an annual basis. As of the end of fiscal year 2006, an overall rating of 3.52 was achieved, as shown in the following graph:

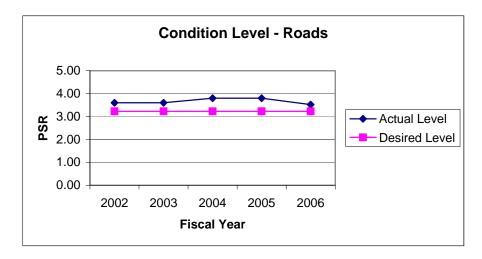


Figure 1

Preservation of the roads is accomplished through programs managed primarily by the ADOT PMS, as well as other units within ADOT. The estimated (as specified in the Program as programmed amounts) and actual expenditures for fiscal years 2002 through 2006 were as follows:

	Estimated Expenditures	Actual Expenditures
Fiscal Year	(in millions)	(in millions)
2002	\$227.4	\$234.8
2003	\$243.5	\$220.8
2004	\$198.5	\$215.5
2005	\$235.7	\$196.0
2006	\$218.5	\$214.5

STATE OF ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

Bridges

Bridges constitute a significant portion of all infrastructure assets in Arizona. As of June 30, 2006, the State owns and maintains 4,676 bridges with an approximate total deck area of 44,212,631 square feet. Bridges, for purposes of this report, include all structures erected over an opening or depression with a centerline of 20 feet or more. Information related to these bridges is stored and updated in the Arizona Bridge Information and Storage System (ABISS). This system is used to efficiently manage the bridge inventory through storing all bridge related data and assist bridge engineers in arriving at appropriate bridge preservation decisions. Also, ABISS is used for reporting bridge inventory and condition, on a biennial basis, to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

A Condition Rating Index (CRI) is used to track the condition of the bridge network. The CRI is based on four selected bridge inspection condition ratings, which in turn are based on standards established in the FHWA's "Recording and Coding Guide for the Structural Inventory of the Nation's Bridges". The four selected condition ratings that are included in the CRI computation are: the bridge joints condition, the deck condition, the superstructure condition, and the substructure condition. The bridge joints condition rating is an Arizona specific rating item not included in the FHWA condition rating guidelines, whereas the three other condition ratings are federally mandated condition ratings. The CRI is computed by subtracting from one, the ratio of the sum of the deck areas of all bridges with a condition rating of four or less, which indicates that the rated element is at best in a poor condition, to the total sum of the deck areas. The rating system in this guide is as follows:

Numerical	Condition
Rating	Rating
9	Excellent
8	Very Good
7	Good
6	Satisfactory
5	Fair
4	Poor
3	Serious
2	Critical
1	Imminent Failure

Management of the bridge inventory is a major function of ADOT's Bridge Group and regularly scheduled biennial inspections are made of all bridges. A civil or structural engineer, licensed to practice in Arizona, performs these inspections. It is the policy of the State to maintain State highway bridges so that the CRI exceeds 92.5%. In fiscal year 2006, the CRI was computed at 93.8%.

JUNE 30, 2006

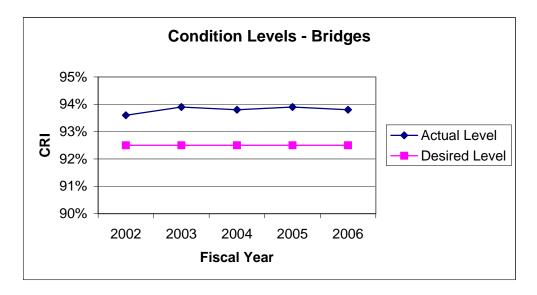


Figure 2

Bridges represent a major public investment and their inspection and maintenance is an essential function of the State in its mission of products and services for a safe, efficient, and cost effective transportation system. Figure 3 indicates that approximately 62% of the bridges in the State were constructed prior to the 1970s while only 16% have been constructed in the last two decades.

Age of ADOT's Bridge Population

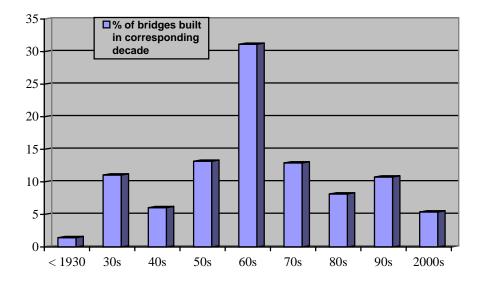


Figure 3

STATE OF ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2006

Preservation of the bridges is accomplished through programs managed by the Bridge Group. The estimated (as specified in the Program as programmed amounts) and actual expenditures for fiscal years 2002 through 2006 were as follows:

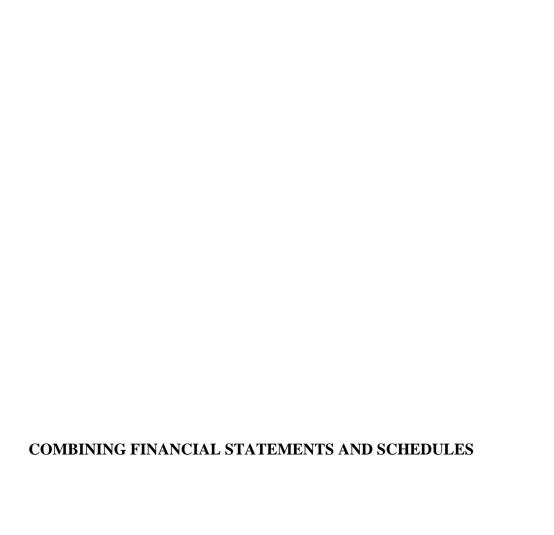
	Estimated Expenditures	Actual Expenditures
Fiscal Year	(in millions)	(in millions)
2002	\$14.4	\$18.2
2003	\$13.6	\$15.8
2004	\$12.1	\$12.2
2005	\$ 9.4	\$10.0
2006	\$ 8.8	\$ 8.3

STATE OF ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION **AGENT RETIREMENT PLANS' FUNDING PROGRESS** JUNE 30, 2006

Analysis of the funding progress for each of the agent, multiple-employer defined benefit plans, as of the most recent actuarial valuations, is as follows (expressed in thousands).

							(Unfunded)/
							Funding
							Excess as
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	(Unfunded)/		Annual	Percentage
	Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Funding	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Plan	Date	Plan Assets	Liability	Excess	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
PSPRS	6/30/2006	\$ 569,832	\$ 764,616	\$ (194,783)	74.5%	\$ 80,887	(240.8)%
	6/30/2005	573,536	718,353	(144,817)	79.8%	73,779	(196.3)%
	6/30/2004	588,237	635,120	(46,883)	92.6%	69,576	(67.4)%
CORP	6/30/2006	703,316	743,593	(40,277)	94.6%	311,118	(12.9)%
	6/30/2005	674,749	696,396	(21,647)	96.9%	295,772	(7.3)%
	6/30/2004	649,029	618,373	30,656	105.0%	296,028	10.4%

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources used to acquire or construct major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds, Pension Trust Funds or Component Units).

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 814,349 35,467 2,555 852 Receivables, net of allowances:	,		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		TOTAL
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 814,349 35,467 2,555 852 Receivables, net of allowances:	ASSETS								
State Treasurer S14,349 35,467 2,555 852 Receivables, net of allowances: Taxes 19,592 -	Cash	\$	5,814	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,814
State Treasurer S14,349 35,467 2,555 852 Receivables, net of allowances: Taxes 19,592 -	Cash and pooled investments with								
Taxes			814,349		35,467		2,555		852,371
Interest	Receivables, net of allowances:								
Interest	Taxes		19,592		-		_		19,592
Other 25,353 - - 25 Due from others 1 - - 59 Due from other Funds 59,665 - - 59 Inventories, at cost 369 - - 59 Restricted assets: -	Interest				315		81		2,846
Due from other Funds 59,665 -	Other				-		_		25,353
Inventories, at cost Restricted assets: Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 1,295 1,997 20,363 23 Cash held by trustee - 13 3,746 3,746 3 3,746 3	Due from others				_		_		1
Inventories, at cost Restricted assets: Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 1,295 1,997 20,363 23 Cash held by trustee - 13 3,746 3,746 3 3,746 3	Due from other Funds		59.665		_		_		59,665
Restricted assets: Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer			,		_		_		369
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 1,295 1,997 20,363 23 Cash held by trustee - 13 3,746 3 Other 1 - - - Total Assets \$ 928,889 \$ 37,792 \$ 26,745 \$ 993 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 33,057 \$ - \$ 45 \$ 33 Accrued liabilities 77,983 - - 77 Due to local governments 50,977 - - 50 Due to others 51 - - 28 Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 - - - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - - 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: - - 45 193 Fund Balances: - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341	,								
State Treasurer 1,295 1,997 20,363 23 Cash held by trustee - 13 3,746 3 Other 1 - - - Total Assets \$ 928,889 \$ 37,792 \$ 26,745 \$ 993 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 33,057 \$ - \$ 45 \$ 33 Accrued liabilities 77,983 - - 77 Due to local governments 50,977 - - 50 Due to other Funds 28,941 - - - 28 Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 - - - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - - 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: - - 45 193 Fund Balances: - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - -<									
Cash held by trustee - 13 3,746 3 Other 1 - - - Total Assets \$ 928,889 \$ 37,792 \$ 26,745 \$ 993 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current - - \$ 45 \$ 33 Accrued liabilities 77,983 - - 50 Due to local governments 50,977 - - 50 Due to others 51 - - - 28 Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 - - - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - - 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: - - 45 193 Fund Balances: - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balan	•		1.295		1.997		20.363		23,655
Other 1 - - Total Assets \$ 928,889 \$ 37,792 \$ 26,745 \$ 993 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current 8 33,057 \$ - \$ 45 \$ 33 Accrued liabilities 77,983 - - 77 Due to local governments 50,977 - - 50 Due to others 51 - - - 28 Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 - - - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - - 1 Total Liabilities 193,357 - 45 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: Highway construction - - 20,444 20 Other construction - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 -			-,		<i>'</i>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3,759
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 33,057 \$ - \$ 45 \$ 33 Accrued liabilities 77,983 7 Due to local governments 50,977 5 Due to others 51 Due to other Funds 28,941 28 Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 Total Liabilities 193,357 45 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: Highway construction 20,444 - 20 20 Other construction 6,256 - 6 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 38 - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 Unreserved 697,051 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 - 37,792 - 26,700 - 800	•		1		-		-		1
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 33,057 \$ - \$ 45 \$ 33 Accrued liabilities 77,983 77 - 50 Due to local governments 50,977 50 - 50 Due to others 51 5 - 28 Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 20 - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 45 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: Highway construction 20,444 20 Other construction 5,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 33 Debt service 37,792 - 33 Other fund balance reservations 140 697 Unreserved 697,051 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Total Assats	•	020 000	•	27 702	c	26.745	¢	993,426
Due to others 51 - - Due to other Funds 28,941 - - - Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 - - - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - - - - - - - - - - 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: Highway construction - - - 20,444 20 Other construction - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - 697 Unreserved 697,051 - - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued liabilities	\$	77,983	\$	-	\$	45	\$	33,102 77,983 50,977
Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 - - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - - Total Liabilities 193,357 - 45 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: - - - 20,444 20 Other construction - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	_				_		_		51
Unavailable deferred revenue 1,389 - - 1 Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - - Total Liabilities 193,357 - 45 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: - - - 20,444 20 Other construction - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Due to other Funds		28,941		-		_		28,941
Unearned deferred revenue 959 - - Total Liabilities 193,357 - 45 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: - - 20,444 20 Other construction - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Unavailable deferred revenue				_		_		1,389
Total Liabilities 193,357 - 45 193 Fund Balances: Reserved for: Highway construction - - - 20,444 20 Other construction - - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Unearned deferred revenue				_		_		959
Reserved for: Highway construction - - 20,444 20 Other construction - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Total Liabilities			_	-		45		193,402
Other construction - - 6,256 6 Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800									
Continuing appropriations 38,341 - - 38 Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Highway construction		-		-		20,444		20,444
Debt service - 37,792 - 37 Other fund balance reservations 140 - - - Unreserved 697,051 - - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Other construction		-		-		6,256		6,256
Other fund balance reservations 140 - - Unreserved 697,051 - - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Continuing appropriations		38,341		-		-		38,341
Unreserved 697,051 - - 697 Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Debt service		-		37,792		-		37,792
Total Fund Balances 735,532 37,792 26,700 800	Other fund balance reservations		140		-		-		140
	Unreserved		697,051		=		<u> </u>		697,051
Total Liabilities and Fund Ralances \$ 928 880 \$ 37.792 \$ 26.745 \$ 903	Total Fund Balances		735,532		37,792		26,700		800,024
10tal Elabilities and 1 and Balalities ϕ 720,007 ϕ 51,172 ϕ 20,743 ϕ 993	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	928,889	\$	37,792	\$	26,745	\$	993,426

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		TOTAL
REVENUES		101,25	_	101125	_	101125		101111
Taxes:								
Sales	\$	503,081	\$	65,805	\$	-	\$	568,886
Income		38		-		-		38
Tobacco		184,044		-		-		184,044
Property		232		-		-		232
Motor vehicle and fuel		24		-		-		24
Other		108,518		-		-		108,518
Intergovernmental		33,881		-		-		33,881
Licenses, fees, and permits		182,646		-		-		182,646
Earnings on investments		17,633		17,207		2,949		37,789
Sales and charges for services		43,992		13,520		-		57,512
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		120,267		_		-		120,267
Gaming		78,786		-		-		78,786
Other		144,333		_		-		144,333
Total Revenues		1,417,475	_	96,532	_	2,949	_	1,516,956
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		111,353		-		-		111,353
Health and welfare		331,367		-		-		331,367
Inspection and regulation		103,979		-		-		103,979
Education		538,590		-		-		538,590
Protection and safety		112,277		-		-		112,277
Transportation		-		-		3,169		3,169
Natural resources		111,940		-		-		111,940
Debt service:								
Principal		196		243,220		-		243,416
Interest and other fiscal charges		5		134,147		694		134,846
Capital outlay		13,666		-		235,998		249,664
Total Expenditures		1,323,373		377,367		239,861		1,940,601
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	_	94,102		(280,835)	_	(236,912)		(423,645)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		234,582		295,262		200		530,044
Transfers out		(206,259)		(359)		(2,216)		(208,834)
Refunding bonds issued		-		596,160		-		596,160
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_		(646,689)		-		(646,689)
Bonds issued		_		-		118,250		118,250
Premium on bonds issued		-		52,261		7,450		59,711
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		28,323		296,635	_	123,684		448,642
Net Change in Fund Balances		122,425		15,800	_	(113,228)		24,997
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	613,107		21,992		139,928		775,027
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	735,532	\$	37,792	\$	26,700	\$	800,024



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The School Facilities Revenue Bond Proceeds Fund accounts for the receipt of the Education Transaction Privilege Revenue Bond proceeds. Funds are restricted to be expended to (1) pay the costs of correcting existing deficiencies in public school facilities for grades K-12, (2) pay bond related expenses, and (3) fully or partially fund any reserves or sinking fund accounts established by the bond resolution.

The Public Safety and Correctional Programs Fund accounts for law enforcement, military, custody, and related services provided to the general public.

The Environmental Protection Fund accounts for the protection of the State's public health by administering the State's environmental quality laws and delegating federal programs to prevent, control, and abate pollution of our air, water, and land resources.

The Healthcare and Social Services Fund accounts for health and welfare services provided to the general public.

The Tobacco Tax and Healthcare Fund accounts for the receipt of monies levied on tobacco products. The monies are used for health education programs; research, prevention and treatment of tobacco related diseases; and medically needy healthcare programs.

The Judicial and Legal Services Fund accounts for the anti-racketeering, consumer protection, consumer fraud, anti-trust, and collections enforcement programs of the Attorney General's Office and statewide court improvement functions supervised by the Arizona Supreme Court.

The Regulating and Licensing Fund accounts for inspection and regulatory services provided to the general public.

The Game and Fish Fund accounts for the receipt of monies collected by the Department of Game and Fish for various hunting and fishing licenses, for the purpose of conserving, enhancing, and restoring Arizona's diverse wildlife resources and habitats, as well as providing safe watercraft and off-highway vehicle recreation.

The State Parks Development Fund accounts for the receipt of monies collected by the State Parks Fund for the purpose of acquiring and developing State park lands, sites and facilities.

The Business Development Fund accounts for the promotion of statewide economic and community development, which supports a globally competitive Arizona.

The Educational Programs Fund accounts for supplemental building needs and instructional improvement programs specifically identified in a voter initiative that enacted a six-tenth of one percent statewide sales tax dedicated to education functions. The Educational Programs Fund supports programs from the kindergarten through university educational levels.

The Groundwater Protection and Conservation Fund accounts for statewide water protection planning; storage of Colorado River water; statewide water and groundwater conservation; county and metropolitan areas water use and dam repairs. All of these programs are the responsibility of the Department of Water Resources.

The Clean Elections System Fund accounts for fines and fees collected to pay for campaign expenses of statewide candidates and State legislative candidates who choose not to accept private source campaign funds. The fund was established as a result of a voter initiative.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

		P	UBLIC								
	SCHOOL	SA	FETY &			HEA	LTHCARE	TC	BACCO	Д	DICIAL
	FACILITIES	CORR	ECTIONAL	ENV	RONMENTAL	& \$	SOCIAL	-	ГАХ &	&	LEGAL
	PROCEEDS	PRO	OGRAMS	PR	ROTECTION	SE	RVICES	HEA	LTHCARE	SE	ERVICES
ASSETS											
Cash	\$ -	\$	5,741	\$	14	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Cash and pooled investments with											
State Treasurer	-		97,057		109,872		43,039		24,476		43,066
Receivables, net of allowances:											
Taxes	-		4,440		-		528		14,624		-
Interest	-		265		429		63		100		105
Other	-		7		1		7,867		-		-
Due from others	-		1		-		-		-		-
Due from other Funds	-		7,908		7,190		2,726		-		2,591
Inventories, at cost	-		369		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:											
Cash and pooled investments with											
State Treasurer	-		-		-		1,295		-		-
Other	-		-		-		_		-		-
m . 1.4	Φ.	ф.	115.700	Φ.	117.506	ф	55.510	Φ.	20.200	Φ.	45.760
Total Assets	\$ -	\$	115,788	\$	117,506	\$	55,518	\$	39,200	\$	45,762
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued liabilities Due to local governments Due to others Due to other Funds Unavailable deferred revenue Unearned deferred revenue Total Liabilities	\$ - - - - -	\$	6,831 565 - 31 10 - 48 7,485	\$	5,567 59,177 - - 10,225 - - 74,969	\$	3,052 12,783 - - 337 1,389 906	\$	2,148 43 - - 16,726 - - 18,917	\$	2,318 742 - - 446 - - 3,506
Fund Balances:											
Reserved for:											
Continuing appropriations	-		2,980		1,334		711		-		132
Other fund balance reservations	-		81		-		-		-		-
Unreserved		_	105,242		41,203		36,340		20,283		42,124
Total Fund Balances			108,303		42,537		37,051		20,283		42,256
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ -	\$	115,788	\$	117,506	\$	55,518	\$	39,200	\$	45,762

GULATING ICENSING		GAME & FISH	ATE PARKS VELOPMENT	D	BUSINESS EVELOPMENT		DUCATIONAL PROGRAMS	P	ROUNDWATER ROTECTION & ONSERVATION]	CLEAN ELECTIONS SYSTEM		TOTAL
\$ 26	\$	30	\$ 3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,814
109,724		35,268	63,089		59,493		107,350		89,608		32,307		814,349
-		-	-		-		-		-		_		19,592
143		179	310		353		43		460		-		2,450
2,649		1,920	_		21		12,888		-		-		25,353
-		-	_		-		_		-		-		1
61		606	340		26,915		10,859		-		469		59,665
-		-	_		-		-		-		-		369
-		-	-		-		-		-		-		1,295
 	_	-	 _	_	1	_	-	_	-	_	-		1
\$ 112,603	\$	38,003	\$ 63,742	\$	86,783	\$	131,140	\$	90,068	\$	32,776	\$	928,889
\$ 3,166	\$	1,776	\$ 2,119	\$	284	\$	5,686	\$	110	\$	_	\$	33,057
2,632		1,449	178		190		151		49		24		77,983
-		-	_		-		50,977		-		-		50,977
20		-	_		-		-		-		-		51
840		346	5		3		2		1		_		28,941
-		-	_		-		-		-		-		1,389
-		-	_		5		-		-		-		959
6,658		3,571	2,302		482		56,816	_	160		24		193,357
5,033		4,723	2,435		6		20,987		-		_		38,341
26		30	3		-				-		-		140
100,886		29,679	59,002		86,295		53,337		89,908		32,752		697,051
105,945	_	34,432	 61,440		86,301	_	74,324	_	89,908	_	32,752	_	735,532
\$ 112,603	\$	38,003	\$ 63,742	\$	86,783	\$	131,140	\$	90,068	\$	32,776	\$	928,889

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	, 2006	
(Expressed in Thousands)		PUBLIC
	SCHOOL	SAFETY &
	FACILITIES	CORRECTIONA
	PROCEEDS	PROGRAMS

(Expressed in Thousands)	SCHOOL FACILITIES PROCEEDS	SAFETY & CORRECTIONAL PROGRAMS	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	HEALTHCARE & SOCIAL SERVICES	TOBACCO TAX & HEALTHCARE	JUDICIAL & LEGAL SERVICES
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Sales	\$ -	\$ 26,406	\$ -	\$ 4,877	\$ -	\$ -
Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tobacco	-	7,157	-	-	176,887	-
Property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicle and fuel	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	50,360	2,404	13,034	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	1,904	268	7,508	-	1,629
Licenses, fees, and permits	-	15,639	45,777	6,214	-	6,728
Earnings on investments	1	2,251	3,189	550	599	800
Sales and charges for services	-	31,851	62	518	-	8,800
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	56,973	1,563	11,341	-	38,641
Gaming	-	-	-	21,029	-	-
Other		5,726	(88)	4,344	113	815
Total Revenues	1	198,267	53,175	69,415	177,599	57,413
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	-	28,403	1,206	4,067	485	45,511
Health and welfare	-	-	100,279	66,909	164,091	-
Inspection and regulation	-	-	1,261	-	-	37
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protection and safety	-	112,277	-	-	-	-
Natural resources	-	16,727	590	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	28	-	-	-	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	5
Capital outlay		3,306	90	125		167
Total Expenditures	_	160,741	103,426	71,101	164,576	45,720
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	1	37,526	(50,251)	(1,686)	13,023	11,693
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	125,231	63,630	6,757	-	3,183
Transfers out	(5,387)	(144,179)	(9,414)	(3,527)	(6,607)	(6,696)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,387)	(18,948)	54,216	3,230	(6,607)	(3,513)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,386)	18,578	3,965	1,544	6,416	8,180
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,386	89,725	38,572	35,507	13,867	34,076
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ -	\$ 108,303	\$ 42,537	\$ 37,051	\$ 20,283	\$ 42,256

REG	GULATING	GAME &	STATE PARKS	BUSINESS	EDUCATIONAL	GROUNDWATER PROTECTION &	CLEAN ELECTIONS	
& L	ICENSING	FISH	DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOPMENT	PROGRAMS	CONSERVATION	SYSTEM	TOTAL
\$	2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 471,796	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 503,081
	-	-	-	-	38	-	-	38
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	184,044
	-	232	-	-	-	-	-	232
	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	24
	42,720	-	-	-	-	-	-	108,518
	1,592	17,442	-	1,951	1,587	-	-	33,881
	70,967	26,567	2,753	2,861	75	5,065	-	182,646
	1,036	1,302	2,330	2,176	409	2,990	-	17,633
	658	348	-	303	1,368	84	-	43,992
	2,978	149	-	-	-	-	8,622	120,267
	7,272	6,008	-	-	44,477	-	-	78,786
	4,246	3,315	248	27,337	18,254	74,594	5,429	144,333
	131,471	55,363	5,331	34,628	538,028	82,733	14,051	1,417,475
	1,192	-	-	26,675	-	-	3,814	111,353
	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	331,367
	102,681	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,979
	283	-	-	-	538,307	-	-	538,590
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,277
	-	54,311	18,000	196	-	22,116	-	111,940
	79	89	-	-	-	-	-	196
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
	763	7,428	1,763	4	14	6		13,666
	105,086	61,828	19,763	26,875	538,321	22,122	3,814	1,323,373
	26,385	(6,465)	(14,432)	7,753	(293)	60,611	10,237	94,102
	406	10,883	19,916	4,027	47	500	2	234,582
	(24,789)	(1,800)	-	(2,549)	(394)		(39)	(206,259)
	(24,383)	9,083	19,038	1,478	(347)	500	(37)	28,323
	2,002	2,618	4,606	9,231	(640)	61,111	10,200	122,425
	103,943	31,814	56,834	77,070	74,964	28,797	22,552	613,107
\$	105,945	\$ 34,432	\$ 61,440	\$ 86,301	\$ 74,324	\$ 89,908	\$ 32,752	\$ 735,532

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Dollars)		FINAL BUDGET (Appropriations)		ACTUAL EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		(rippropriations)		MINIOCITIE
Board of Accountancy				
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	\$	2,219,800	\$	1,629,379
Department of Administration	Ψ	2,217,000	Ψ	1,027,377
Administrative Adjustments		1,594		1,594
•		4,158		4,158
Administrative Adjustments		525,882		293,126
Archives and History Building		2,590		293,120
Arizona Pioneers' Home Plumbing Renovations Department of Corrections Fort Grant Landfill Closure				0
•		43,123		
Department of Juvenile Corrections Building Renewal FY01 - 02		574 100		574 100
Employee Bus Subsidy		574,100		574,100
Government Building Defibrillators FY01 - 02		16		0
Government Building Defibrillators FY02 - 03		293		0
New Prison Complex FY99 - 00		260,698		0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		676,800		619,443
Pioneers' Home Plumbing Renovations		262,957		0
Prison Planning and Sitting		0		0
Radiation Regulatory Agency				
Administrative Adjustments		569		569
MRTB Assistant		11,375		0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		259,200		243,618
Attorney General				
Administrative Adjustments		116,972		116,972
Administrative Adjustments		15,745		15,745
Administrative Adjustments		2,410		2,410
Administrative Adjustments		102		102
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		2,732,100		1,748,865
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		379,700		307,443
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		4,341,200		4,339,345
Risk Management Interagency Service Agreement		8,738,500		7,987,286
Victims' Rights Implementation Fund		3,236,100		3,019,798
Victims' Rights/Non Revert HB2427		222,450		90,752
Department of Agriculture				
Administrative Adjustments		228		228
Administrative Adjustments		751		751
Administrative Adjustments		16		16
Administrative Adjustments		9,660		9,660
Administrative Adjustments		54		54
Administrative Adjustments		19		19
Administrative Adjustments		113		113
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		67,800		67,439
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		279,900		277,705
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		681,600		564,422
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		259,900		259,331
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		21,400		21,400
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		51,300		35,694
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		79,400		57,289
		278,300		277,594
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		972,900		
				828,124
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		9,200		6,727
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		172,000		160,632
Wine Promotion		54,858		0
				(0 (1)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
A B J - £ E:	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Acupuncture Board of Examiners	2.214	2.214
Administrative Adjustments	2,314	2,314
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	101,900	83,275
State Board of Appraisal	156	156
Administrative Adjustments	156	156
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY04 - 05	4,922	550,200
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	625,400	550,380
Payment of FY 2001-2002 Expenses	800	775
Automobile Theft Authority	4 272 600	4 271 426
Auto Theft Authority Grants	4,373,600	4,371,426
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	619,200	602,240
Reimbursable Programs	25,000	0
Board of Barbers	418	418
Administrative Adjustments Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		201,359
Board of Behavioral Health Examiners	241,800	201,339
Administrative Adjustments	3,600	3,600
•	1,416,200	3,000 1,144,175
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation State Board of Nursing	1,410,200	1,144,1/3
State Board of Nursing Administrative Adjustments	65	65
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,175,900	3,169,752
Board of Cosmetology	3,173,900	5,109,732
Administrative Adjustments	2,246	2,246
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,635,200	1,554,642
Corporation Commission	1,035,200	1,334,042
Administrative Adjustments	24,270	24,270
•		
Administrative Adjustments Administrative Adjustments	5,100 8,354	5,100 8,354
Administrative Adjustments Administrative Adjustments	7,722	7,722
Annual Reversion per ARS 10-122	1,734,871	1,734,871
Annual Reversion per ARS 44-3298	828,734	828,734
Corporations Division Staffing Costs	157,466	157,465
Investigation and Prosecution of Security Fraud	165,599	137,403
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	11,844,700	11,690,826
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,547,900	3,118,755
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,156,700	3,056,077
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Operating Lump Sum Appropriation		828,990
	841,600	
Utility Audits, Studies, Investigations, and Rate Hearing FY00 - 01 Utility Audits, Studies, Investigations, and Rate Hearing FY01 - 02	101,773 369,620	101,773
Utility Audits, Studies, Investigations, and Rate Hearing FY02 - 03	380,000	1
Utility Audits, Studies, Investigations, and Rate Hearing FY03 - 04	380,000	1
Utility Audits, Studies, Investigations, and Rate Hearing FY04 - 05	380,000	0
Utility Audits, Studies, Investigations, and Rate Hearing FY05 - 06	380,000	0
State Board of Chiropractic Examiners	380,000	U
Administrative Adjustments	3,504	3,504
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	483,400	460,259
Department of Corrections	403,400	400,237
Administrative Adjustments	52,501	52,501
Administrative Adjustments Administrative Adjustments	731,349	731,349
Administrative Adjustments Administrative Adjustments	278,659	278,659
Administrative Adjustments Administrative Adjustments	872,172	872,172
All Other Operating Expenditures	599,300	193,919
All Other Operating Expenditures All Other Operating Expenditures	500,000	66,649
All Other Operating Expenditures All Other Operating Expenditures	10,250,000	10,230,203
An Outer Operating Expenditures	10,230,000	10,230,203
		(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL	ACTUAL
	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
All Other Operating Expenditures	2,070,000	2,031,361
Drug Treatment Pilot Program	229,372	0
Employee Related Expenditures	47,500	47,500
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	869,200	534,366
Personal Services	302,500	302,500
Private Prison Per Diem	28,674,300	25,060,888
Relief Bill	94,110	94,110
State Charitable, Penal, and Reformatory Land Earnings	1,014,763	237,033
Department of Economic Security		
ADM Attorney General Legal Services	96,900	28,310
ADM Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	579,800	0
ADM Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	130,000	12,598
ADM Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	87,000	87,000
ADM Public Assistance Collections	251,400	201,922
Administrative Adjustments	1,580,953	1,580,953
Administrative Adjustments	12,845	12,845
Administrative Adjustments	49,728	49,728
Administrative Adjustments	42,029	42,029
Administrative Adjustments	227,581	227,581
Administrative Adjustments	158,582	158,582
DACS Community and Emergency Services	500,000	266,413
DACS Domestic Violence Prevention	1,700,000	1,700,000
DCYF Child Abuse Prevention	820,600	97,894
DCYF Children Support Services	750,000	0
DCYF Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	209,600	52,764
DERS Independent Living Rehabilitation Services	1,707,700	1,435,918
DERS Jobs	1,500,000	656,250
DERS Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	85,000	5,752
DERS Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	516,700	388,974
DERS Vocational Rehabilitation Services	204,700	150,408
Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing		
Administrative Adjustments	8,929	8,929
Interpreters for Certification and Licensure	624,247	135,746
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	5,315,400	4,202,830
Department of Juvenile Corrections		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	585,300	585,300
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	3,360,000	3,360,000
State Board of Dispensing Opticians		
Administrative Adjustments	1,059	1,059
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	98,300	98,258
State Board of Dental Examiners		
Administrative Adjustments	6,134	6,134
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,052,900	972,633
Department of Education		
Achievement Testing - Proposition 301 FY04 - 05	2,340,300	2,340,300
Achievement Testing - Proposition 301 FY05 - 06	2,340,300	429,392
Additional School Days - Prop 301 FY05 - 06	86,280,500	79,090,458
Additional School Days- Prop 301 FY 01 - 02	1,275,492	1,275,492
Additional School Days- Prop 301 FY02 - 03	2,267,304	2,267,304
Administrative Adjustments	0	0
Basic State Aid Entitlement	50,295,000	50,295,000
Character Education - Proposition 301 FY05 - 06	200,000	0
Failing School Tutoring Fund FY03 - 04	1,393,695	5,259
Failing School Tutoring Fund FY04 - 05	1,379,250	(8,096)
		(0 1: 1)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006		
(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL	ACTUAL
	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Failing School Tutoring Fund FY05 - 06	1,500,000	67,075
School Accountability - Proposition 301 FY01 - 02	649,488	649,488
School Accountability - Proposition 301 FY02 - 03	1,194,733	1,182,206
School Accountability - Proposition 301 FY03 - 04	2,883,968	10,564
School Accountability - Proposition 301 FY04 - 05	1,600,965	875,678
School Accountability - Proposition 301 FY05 - 06	4,698,100	1,325,044
School Acct - School Safety Proposition 301 FY02 - 03	0	0
School Acct - School Safety Proposition 301 FY03 - 04	7,479	7,475
School Acct - School Safety Proposition 301 FY04 - 05	1,049,450	1,009,644
School Acct - School Safety Proposition 301 FY05 - 06	7,800,000	7,475,955
School Improvement Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund	318,000	0
School Safety/Character Education FY04 - 05	129,000	0
Department of Commerce		
Administrative Adjustments	28,584	28,584
Advertising and Promotion	659,200	620,800
Arizona Sonora Economic Development Study	10,000	3,861
Arizona Sonora Trade Office	25,000	25,000
CEDC Commission	260,500	219,102
Economic Development Matching Funds	104,000	71,995
International Trade Offices	966,800	776,313
Lottery 1989	5,001	5,000
Main Street	130,000	123,006
Minority and Women Owned Business	111,900	100,417
National Law Center/Free Trade	200,000	200,000
Oil Overcharge Administration	166,900	108,557
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	629,600	564,678
REDI Matching Grants	45,000	45,000
Small Business Advocate	109,700	103,570
Williams Gateway Airport Authority	4,000,000	0
Department of Environmental Quality		
Administrative Adjustments	276,434	276,434
Administrative Adjustments	876	876
Administrative Adjustments	5,294	5,294
Administrative Adjustments	360	360
Administrative Adjustments	320,741	320,741
Air Permits Administration Program	5,558,300	4,826,630
Air Quality Program	4,661,300	2,238,856
Air Quality Program - Continuing FY01 - 02	186,035	0
Air Quality Program - Continuing FY02 - 03	182,451	0
Clean Air in Lieu	2,528,300	2,068,040
Department of Administration Travel Reduction Transfer	400,000	400,000
Emissions Cap & Trading Program FY01 - 02	70,576	0
Emissions Cap & Trading Program FY02 - 03	266,582	0
Emissions Control Contractor Payment	31,739,600	29,487,812
Emissions Control Program - Administration	4,042,700	2,346,078
Fuel Formulation	12,272	10,000,000
General Fund Transfer 2nd Regular Session Chapter 242	10,000,000	10,000,000
Hazardous Waste Program	752,200	103,963
Hazardous Waste Reserve FY94 - 95	64,000	0
Hazardous Waste Reserve FY95 - 96	29,273	414.050
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	500,000	414,959
Pima County Air Quality Program Political Subdivisions Assistance EV01 02	165,000	165,000
Political Subdivisions Assistance FY01 - 02	18,500	0
Roadside Diesel Emissions Testing Program FY01 - 02	200,000	0

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Roadside Diesel Emissions Testing Program FY02 - 03	200,000	0
Solid Waste Program	2,144,300	956,318
Solid Waste Program	1,205,100	709,193
Solid Waste Program	136,600	8,185
Underground Storage Tank Policy Comm FY00 - 01	1	0
Underground Storage Tank Policy Comm FY99 - 00	18,857	0
Underground Storage Tank Program	22,000	4,188
Underground Storage Tank Technical Appeals FY00 - 01	7,500	0
Visibility Index Development FY01 - 02	80,589	0
Visibility Index Development FY02 - 03	10,099	0
Waste Tire Program	219,800	42,326
Water Quality Program	3,879,300	1,699,973
State Board of Funeral Directors & Embalmers		
Administrative Adjustments	1,415	1,415
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	317,900	313,753
Game and Fish Department		
Administrative Adjustments	57,173	57,173
Administrative Adjustments	45	45
Bellemont Shooting Range Improvement	800,000	0
Black Canyon Dam Modifications FY05 - 06	500,000	0
Building Renewal FY02 - 03	2,489	2,488
Building Renewal FY03 - 04	78,832	78,711
Building Renewal FY04 - 05	328,558	306,051
Building Renewal FY05 - 06	388,900	141,214
Canyon Creek Hatchery Improvements	148,067	148,067
Facility Improvements FY00 - 01	2,453	2,453
Facility Improvements FY01 - 02	70,891	0
Facility Improvements FY02 - 03	145,982	145,848
Facility Improvements FY99 - 00	1	0
Flagstaff Shooting Range Development FY00 - 01	73,859	0
Flagstaff Shooting Range Development FY99 - 00	11,584	0
Flagstaff Shooting Range Planning FY01 - 02	460,711	1,532
Flagstaff Shooting Range Planning FY02 - 03	499,900	0
Headquarters Expansion and Renovation FY02 - 03	800,000	336,715
Headquarters Paving	49,254	49,253
Headquarters Security System FY03 - 04	186,067	186,000
Lake Havasu Shooting Range Development FY03 - 04	298,464	0
Mesa Office Security System	29,898	14,403
Migratory Waterfowl Development FY00 - 01	99,025	8,049
Migratory Waterfowl Development FY01 - 02	80,000	3,500
Migratory Waterfowl Development FY02 - 03	87,378	1,447
Migratory Waterfowl Development FY03 - 04	97,486	0
Migratory Waterfowl Development FY99 - 00	42,694	24,964
Migratory Waterfowl Habitat FY05 - 06	100,000	0
Migratory Waterfowl Habitat FY93 - 94	1,302	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	21,634,100	18,835,120
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,224,600	1,885,976
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	313,500	156,125
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	43,400	18,286
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	16,000	0
Performance Based Incentives Program FY00 - 01	13	0
Performance Based Incentives Program FY01 - 02	2	0
Performance Based Incentives Program FY02 - 03	322	0
Performance Based Incentives Program FY05 - 06	300,000	300,000

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006				
(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL	ACTUAL		
	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE		
	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS		
Performance Based Incentives Program FY97 - 98	0	0		
Performance Incentive Pay Program FY03 - 04	1,076	0		
Performance Incentive Pay Program FY05 - 06	46,800	46,800		
Pinetop Warehouse and Paving FY03 - 04	294,661	293,888		
Pittman - Robertson/Dingell - Johnson Act	2,808,000	2,080,000		
Shade Canopies	149,490	64,807		
Shooting Range Development FY01 - 02	26,460	23,859		
Shooting Range Development FY02 - 03	13,783	0		
Shooting Range Development/Grants Program FY03 - 04	16,088	7,683		
Shooting Range Development/Grants Program FY04 - 05	97,920	27,427		
Shooting Range Development/Grants Program FY05 - 06	100,000	7,750		
Sierra Vista Shooting Range Improvement	31,883	299		
Silver Creek Hatchery Improvement	79,728	3,024		
Statewide Preventive Maintenance FY04 - 05	358	(566)		
Statewide Preventive Maintenance FY05 - 06	30,000	29,999		
Tonto Creek Hatchery Improvements	199,927	15,119		
Tri-State Shooting Range Development	300,000	0		
Department of Gaming				
Casino Operation Certification	1,921,000	1,920,829		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	8,000,000	7,686,270		
Problem Gambling	300,000	300,000		
Problem Gambling	1,512,800	1,482,100		
Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System	400 170	400 172		
Administrative Adjustments	490,172	490,172		
Capitation	61,772,100	61,772,100		
Children's Health Insurance Program - Children Children's Health Insurance Program - Parents	69,699,700	69,491,321		
Kidscare Administration	33,095,300 6,761,700	32,942,803 6,656,438		
Proposition 204 - Capitation	17,356,700	17,356,700		
Proposition 204 - Capitation	15,389,500	15,389,500		
Proposition 204 - County Hold Harmless	4,825,600	4,825,600		
Proposition 204 - Medicare	7,707,800	7,707,800		
Arizona Department of Housing	7,707,000	7,707,000		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	697,300	697,300		
Homeopathic Medical Examiners				
Administrative Adjustments	500	500		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	82,100	81,691		
Department of Health Services				
Administrative Adjustments	201,796	201,796		
Administrative Adjustments	49,676	49,676		
Administrative Adjustments	13,344	13,344		
Administrative Adjustments	2,801	2,801		
Administrative Adjustments	21,921	21,921		
Alzheimer Disease Research	1,000,000	1,000,000		
Alzheimer Research - Biotechnology	3,000,000	3,000,000		
Assurance and Licensure	38,000	0		
Assurance and Licensure	200,000	196,201		
Attorney General Legal Services	50,000	50,000		
Child Fatality Review Team	100,000	99,583		
County Poison Control Center	31,250	0		
EMS Operations	3,026,220	2,875,879		
Folic Acid	200,000	185,548		
High Risk Prenatal Services	450,000	345,893		
Laboratory Services	895,900	842,086		

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006		
(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL	ACTUAL
,	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Loan Repayment	150,000	32,625
Loan Repayment Services	100,000	66,229
Mental Health Research Institute Grant	638,776	00,229
Newborn Screening Fund - Indirect Costs	478,600	258,016
Newborn Screening Program	3,262,200	3,009,250
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	199,500	169,719
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	808,465	685,325
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	350,000	300,944
Poison Control Center Funding	750,000	518,750
Rural Medical Services FY01 - 02	71,377	71,377
Seriously Mentally Ill Non-Title XIX	30,424,800	30,371,862
Statewide Emergency Medical Trauma System	100,000	55,315
Substance Abuse - Non-Title XIX	2,500,000	2,500,000
Trauma Advisory Board	373,015	341,164
University of Arizona Poison Control Center	1,100,000	1,100,000
University of Arizona Poison Control Center	56,250	0
Industrial Commission of Arizona	30,230	· ·
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	17,998,100	17,386,627
Arizona Criminal Justice Commission	17,550,100	17,500,027
Administrative Adjustments	1,628	1,628
Crime Victim Compensation Special AG Transfer FY00 - 01	8,202	0
Drug and Gang Prevention Resource Center	278,000	278,000
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	601,000	578,321
State Aid to County Attorneys	847,800	847,800
State Aid to Indigent Defense	805,000	805,000
Victim Compensation and Assistance	3,900,000	3,457,646
Land Department	3,700,000	3,437,040
Natural Resource Conservation Districts	266,100	266,100
Division of Emergency Management & Military Affairs	200,100	200,100
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	132,700	78,000
Medical Examiners Board	132,700	78,000
Administrative Adjustments	91,544	91,544
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	5,387,200	5,226,594
Performance Based Incentive Program	155,501	108,717
Medical Student Loans Board	155,501	100,717
Medical Student Loans	283,400	283,400
Naturopathic Physicians Board of Medical Examiners	263,400	265,400
Administrative Adjustments	5,297	5,297
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	515,100	483,487
Nursing Care Examiners Board	313,100	405,407
Administrative Adjustments	4,070	4,070
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	388,400	232,719
State Board of Optometry	366,400	232,717
Administrative Adjustments	200	200
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	198,200	146,858
Arizona Board of Osteopathic Examiners	198,200	140,030
Administrative Adjustments	16,904	16,904
v	670,900	576,535
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation Board of Occupational Therapy Examiners	070,900	370,333
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,933	1,933
Administrative Adjustments	227,100	180,684
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	227,100	100,084
Commission for Postsecondary Education	21 200	10 142
Arizona College and Career Guide	21,200	19,142
Arizona Minority Educational Policy Analysis Center	150,300	39,273

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL	ACTUAL
	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE
_	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Family College Savings Program	86,900	74,050
Leveraging Educational Assistance Partnership	2,143,700	1,568,943
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	361,500	349,729
Twelve Plus Partnership	119,600	117,538
Arizona Pioneers' Home		
Employee Related Expenses	1,044,157	1,044,154
Employee Related Expenses	498,443	498,409
Equipment	12,000	12,000
Food	202,200	173,218
Other Operating Expenditures	421,976	404,078
Other Operating Expenditures	94,824	94,824
Personal Services	2,277,021	2,271,620
Personal Services	970,479	964,946
Prescription Drugs	294,700	238,554
Professional and Outside Services	129,300	74,678
Travel - In State	25,000	21,518
State Board of Pharmacy	1.544.600	1 446 507
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,544,600	1,446,507
State Board of Podiatry Examiners	2 772	2 772
Administrative Adjustments	3,773	3,773
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY03 - 04 Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	3,000 116,200	0 101,358
State Parks Board	110,200	101,536
FY88 - 89 Pass Thru Grants	10,436	0
FY89 - 90 Pass Thru Grants	40,191	0
FY90 - 91 Pass Thru Grants	2,067,639	0
Land, Buildings and Improvement Control FY89 - 90	4,388	0
Land, Buildings and Improvement Control FY89 - 90	258,697	0
Land, Buildings and Improvement Control FY90 - 91	1,500	0
Land, Buildings and Improvement Control FY90 - 91	19,258	0
Land, Buildings and Improvement Control FY90 - 91	32,684	0
Off Highway Vehicle Parks Operations	692,100	679,711
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	489,500	324,537
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,063,992	2,063,992
Department of Public Safety		
DNA Testing FY02 - 03	1,423,518	80,669
DNA Testing FY03 - 04	994,119	0
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	42,197,600	42,197,600
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	20,041,400	19,282,673
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,372,000	1,372,000
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	4,527,900	4,527,900
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,454,400	2,190,487
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,613,100	2,613,100
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	60,999,300	60,999,300
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,636,900	2,636,900
Patrol Officers FY02 - 03	41,570	0
Remote Officer Housing	271,158	249,847
Sworn Officer Salary Adjustments	3,000,000	3,000,000
Physical Therapy Examiners Board		
Administrative Adjustments	1,866	1,866
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	280,500	269,930
Private Postsecondary Education		
Administrative Adjustments	1,935	1,935
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	294,200	273,083
		(Ct' 1)

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006				
(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL	ACTUAL		
	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE		
	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS		
Board of Respiratory Care Examiners				
Administrative Adjustments	3,677	3,677		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	198,000	197,941		
Department of Racing				
Administrative Adjustments	0	0		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	45,000	44,999		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	300,000	298,885		
Registrar of Contractors				
Incentive Pay	113,500	113,500		
Office of Administrative Hearings	882,200	882,200		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY03 - 04	0	0		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation FY05 - 06	9,035,600	8,603,382		
Department of Revenue	.,,	-,,-		
Administrative Adjustments	515	515		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	476,100	474,975		
Structural Pest Control Commission	170,100	,,,,,,,,		
Administrative Adjustments	24,604	24,604		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	2,021,500	1,955,165		
Schools for the Deaf and the Blind	2,021,500	1,755,165		
Administrative Adjustments	96,146	96,146		
Administrative Adjustments Administrative Adjustments	53,000	53,000		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Administration	331,895	187,106		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Administration	2,787,533	2,656,923		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Administration Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Phoenix	139,437	114,163		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Phoenix Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Tucson	5,740,332 520,068	5,145,003 520,068		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Tucson	5,289,035	4,976,076		
School Facilities Board	0	0		
Building Inspections	0	0		
Supreme Court	2 000 100	1 207 527		
Case Processing - State Aid	3,099,100	1,387,527		
Community Punishment	1,830,400	594,250		
Community Punishment	500,000	500,000		
Confidential Intermediary FY02 - 03	175,744	27,904		
Court Appointed Special Advocate	3,255,800	3,073,627		
Drug Study	38,514	0		
Foster Care Review Board	236,600	229,861		
Juvenile Crime Reduction	5,172,700	3,256,922		
Model Court	514,300	508,813		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	494,800	327,415		
State Aid to the Courts	2,445,600	2,444,710		
State Board of Psychologist Examiners				
Administrative Adjustments	1,210	1,210		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	360,500	298,952		
State Board of Technical Registration				
Administrative Adjustments	32,556	32,556		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,451,300	1,392,772		
Residential Utility Consumer Office				
Administrative Adjustments	528	528		
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	1,074,500	1,034,638		
Professional Witnesses FY00 - 01	2,270	0		
Professional Witnesses FY01 - 02	32,293	0		
Professional Witnesses FY02 - 03	9,943	0		
		(Continued)		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, EXPENDITURES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Dollars)	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE
	(Appropriations)	AMOUNTS
Professional Witnesses FY03 - 04	40,564	11,510
Professional Witnesses FY04 - 05	137,091	0
Professional Witnesses FY05 - 06	145,000	16,627
Professional Witnesses FY97 - 98	10,604	10,604
Professional Witnesses FY98 - 99	11,977	9,782
Professional Witnesses FY99 - 00	49,324	8,262
Department of Veterans' Services		
Administrative Adjustments	31	31
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	690,800	659,155
Veterinary Medical Examiners Board		
Administrative Adjustments	12,440	12,440
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	421,400	386,359
Weights and Measures Department		
Administrative Adjustments	3,229	3,229
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation	68,500	63,085
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Oxygenated Fuel	830,500	774,860
Operating Lump Sum Appropriation - Vapor Recovery	507,000	456,411
Total Other Governmental Funds Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 939,003,994	\$ 851,904,174



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Department of Transportation Fund administers the payment of principal and interest on the Highway Revenue Bonds issued by the Arizona Department of Transportation Board and the retirement of previously issued revenue bonds.

The Maricopa Regional Area Road Fund (RARF) administers the payment of principal and interest on the Arizona Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds issued by the Arizona Department of Transportation Board and the retirement of previously issued revenue bonds.

The Certificates of Participation Fund administers the payment of principal and interest on the certificates of participation issued by the State of Arizona (acting by and through the Director of the Department of Administration) and the retirement of previously issued certificates of participation.

The School Facilities Debt Instrument Fund administers the payment of principal and interest on revenue bonds issued by the State of Arizona's School Facilities Board and the retirement of previously issued revenue bonds.

The Grant Anticipation Notes Fund administers the payment of principal and interest on grant anticipation notes issued by the Arizona Department of Transportation Board and the retirement of previously issued grant anticipation notes.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands) SCHOOL **FACILITIES** GRANT DEPARTMENT OF MARICOPA CERTIFICATES OF DEBT ANTICIPATION TRANSPORTATION RARF PARTICIPATION INSTRUMENT NOTES ASSETS Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer \$ \$ \$ 3,192 \$ 32,275 \$ Interest receivable 162 153 Restricted assets: Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 1,898 99 Cash held by trustee 13 Total Assets 2,060 \$ 3,205 32,428 99 FUND BALANCES Reserved for debt service 2,060 3,205 32,428 \$ 99 Total Fund Balances 2,060 \$ 3,205 \$ 32,428 \$ 99

 TOTAL
\$ 35,467
315
1,997
13
\$ 37,792
\$ 37,792
\$ 37,792

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)	DEPARTMEN TRANSPORTA		MARICOPA RARF	CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	SCHOOL FACILITIES DEBT INSTRUMENT	GRANT ANTICIPATION NOTES
REVENUES	-				- I	
Taxes:						
Sales	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,805	\$ -
Earnings on investments	1	,862	396	20	14,845	84
Sales and charges for services		-	-	-	13,520	-
Total Revenues		,862	396	20	94,170	84
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:						
Principal	54	,830	80,375	21,555	47,920	38,540
Interest and other fiscal charges	62	,828	1,581	10,001	43,257	16,480
Total Expenditures	117	,658	81,956	31,556	91,177	55,020
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	(115	,796)	(81,560)	(31,536)	2,993	(54,936)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	115	,421	81,450	33,424	9,947	55,020
Transfers out		(180)	(179)	-	-	_
Refunding bonds issued	147	,400	-	-	448,760	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(161	,726)	-	-	(484,963)	-
Premium on bonds issued	14	,957	-	-	37,304	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	115	,872	81,271	33,424	11,048	55,020
Net Change in Fund Balances		76	(289)	1,888	14,041	84
Fund Balances - Beginning		,984	289	1,317	18,387	15
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2	,060	\$ -	\$ 3,205	\$ 32,428	\$ 99

TOTAL
\$ 65,805
17,207
13,520
96,532
243,220
 134,147
377,367
 (280,835)
295,262
(359)
596,160
(646,689)
 52,261
 296,635
15,800
 21,992
\$ 37,792



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Department of Transportation Financed Fund administers the proceeds from the Highway Revenue Bonds issued by the Arizona Department of Transportation Board. These monies are expended for the construction of federal, state, and local highways.

The Grant Anticipation Notes Financed Fund administers the proceeds from the grant anticipation notes issued by the Arizona Department of Transportation Board. These monies are expended for the acquisition of right-of-way purchases or the construction of certain controlled access highways within Maricopa County.

Certificates of Participation Financed Fund administers the proceeds from the certificates of participation issued by the State of Arizona (acting by and through the Director of the Department of Administration). These monies are expended on various projects including new building construction and the development of the Human Resource Information System.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)				GRANT			
	DEP	PARTMENT OF	1	ANTICIPATION	CE	ERTIFICATES OF	
	TRA	NSPORTATION		NOTES	P	ARTICIPATION	
]	FINANCED		FINANCED		FINANCED	TOTAL
ASSETS							 _
Cash and pooled investments with							
State Treasurer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,555	\$ 2,555
Interest receivable		81		-		-	81
Restricted assets:							
Cash and pooled investments with							
State Treasurer		20,363		-		-	20,363
Cash held by trustee		-		-		3,746	 3,746
Total Assets	\$	20,444	\$	-	\$	6,301	\$ 26,745
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other current							
liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45	\$ 45
Total Liabilities				-		45	45
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for:							
Highway construction		20,444		-		-	20,444
Other construction		-		-		6,256	6,256
Total Fund Balances		20,444		-		6,256	26,700
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	20,444	\$	-	\$	6,301	\$ 26,745

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)			GRANT		
	DEPA	RTMENT OF	ANTICIPATION	CERTIFICATES OF	
	TRANS	SPORTATION	NOTES	PARTICIPATION	
	FI	NANCED	FINANCED	FINANCED	TOTAL
REVENUES					
Earnings on investments	\$	2,521	\$ 289	\$ 139	\$ 2,949
Total Revenues		2,521	289	139	2,949
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Transportation		56	3,113	-	3,169
Debt service:					
Interest and other fiscal charges		683	-	11	694
Capital outlay		192,790	41,829	1,379	235,998
Total Expenditures		193,529	44,942	1,390	239,861
(Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures		(191,008)	(44,653)	(1,251)	(236,912)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-	-	200	200
Transfers out		(1,333)	(883)	-	(2,216)
Bonds issued		118,250	=	-	118,250
Premium on bonds issued		7,450			7,450
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		124,367	(883)	200	123,684
Net Change in Fund Balances		(66,641)	(45,536)	(1,051)	(113,228)
Fund Balances - Beginning		87,085	45,536	7,307	139,928
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	20,444	\$ -	\$ 6,256	\$ 26,700



NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the State intends that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public be financed or recovered primarily through service charges, or (b) where the State decides that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Arizona Industries for the Blind Fund accounts for the manufacturing, sale, distribution, and marketing of products manufactured by employees at training centers, workshops, business enterprises and home industries programs for the training and employment of adaptable visually impaired persons.

The Arizona Correctional Industries Fund employs prison inmates in its manufacturing, service, and agricultural operations for the sale of goods and services primarily to other State agencies (including the Arizona Department of Corrections) and political subdivisions.

The Arizona Highways Magazine Fund publishes and markets the Arizona Highways Magazine and various other products that promote the State of Arizona.

The Coliseum & Exposition Center Fund provides rental space to a variety of entertainment and promotional lessees, and sponsors the annual State Fair.

Highway Expansion & Extension Loan Program provides the State and communities in Arizona a new financing mechanism to stretch limited transportation dollars and bridge the gap between needs and available revenues.

The Healthcare Group of Arizona administers prepaid medical coverage primarily to small, uninsured businesses with 2 to 50 employees and employees of political subdivisions. The Healthcare Group of Arizona processes premium billing, collections and fund disbursements, and data analysis and is responsible for the regulatory oversight of the health plans.

The Other Enterprise Funds consist of the State Hospital Revolving Fund, the State Home for Veterans Trust Fund, and the Arizona Beef Council.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)	ARIZONA INDUSTRIES FOR THE BLIND	ARIZONA CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES	ARIZONA HIGHWAYS MAGAZINE	COLISEUM & EXPOSITION CENTER	HIGHWAY EXPANSION & EXTENSION LOAN PROGRAM
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash	\$ 182	\$ 168	\$ -	\$ 21	\$
Cash and pooled investments with					
State Treasurer	2,753	3,052	2,324	6,084	
Restricted cash and pooled investments with	,	,	,	,	
State Treasurer	_	_	_	_	88,486
Short-term investments	_	_	_	_	
Receivables, net of allowances:					
Interest	3	14	10	_	431
Loans and notes	-		-	_	7,486
Other	917	3,120	371	68	7,400
Due from U.S. Government	71	3,120	3/1	08	
	71	-	-	-	120
Due from local governments		-	-	-	
Due from other Funds	3	-	-	-	131,305
Inventories, at cost	2,375	3,655	1,024	-	
Other current assets		81	299	252	
Total Current Assets	6,304	10,090	4,028	6,425	227,828
Noncurrent Assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and pooled investments with					
State Treasurer				872	
Loans and notes receivable, net of allowances				072	10,10
	-	-	-	-	10,10
Capital assets:	102	716	0	2.426	
Infrastructure, land, and other non-depreciable	182	716	8	2,436	
Depreciable buildings, property and					
equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	1,371	2,364	241	3,335	
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,553	3,080	249	6,643	10,10
Total Assets	7,857	13,170	4,277	13,068	237,935
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	860	2,069	239	458	
Accrued liabilities	184	117	107	128	5
Due to others	104	117	107	120	•
Due to other Funds	-	-	-	-	170,494
	-	-	2.502	-	170,49
Unearned deferred revenue	1.7	262	3,592	- 220	1.0
Current portion of other long-term liabilities	167	263	122	229	170.510
Total Current Liabilities	1,211	2,449	4,060	815	170,512
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Contracts Payable	_	_	_	_	
Long-term debt	_	_	_	40	
Other long-term liabilities	68			-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	68			40	
Total Liabilities	1,279	2,449	4,060	855	170,512
Total Elabinites	1,277	2,447	4,000	033	170,312
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,553	3,080	249	5,731	
Restricted for:					
Loans and other financial assistance:					
Expendable	-	-	-	-	67,423
Other	-	-		-	,
Unrestricted (deficit)	5,025	7,641	(32)	6,482	
			"		
Total Net Assets	\$ 6,578	\$ 10,721	\$ 217	\$ 12,213	\$ 67,423

HEALTHCARE GROUP OF

\$ - \$ 297 \$ 668 14,310 570 29,093 88,486 42 42 5 463 7,486 7,486 7,1 7,1 120 120 2 131,310 7,054 632 14,325 2,684 271,684 872 - 10,107 - 980 4,322 152 9,244 16,707 - 152 10,224 32,008 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 - 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 68 2,125 - 2,125 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134 \$ (3,696) \$ 12,152 \$ 105,608	ARIZONA	OTHER	TOTAL
14,310 570 29,093 - - 88,486 - 42 42 - 5 463 - - 7,486 15 1,768 6,259 - - 120 - - 120 - - 120 - - 120 - - 120 - - 120 - - 632 14,325 2,684 271,684 - - 632 14,325 2,684 271,684 - - 632 14,325 2,684 271,684 - - 872 - - - 10,107 - - - 872 - 10,107 - - 890 4,322 152 10,224 32,008 303,692 - 135 135 - 135 135 - 135 135 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 - - 4			
-	\$ -	\$ 297	\$ 668
- 42 42 - 5 463 - 7,486 - 7,486 - 7,168 6,259 - 7 120 - 120 - 120 - 120 - 2 131,310 - 7,054 - 632 - 7,054 - 632 - 7,064 - 632 - 7,064 - 7,078 - 10,107 - 980 - 10,107 - 980 - 10,224 - 32,008 - 10,224 - 32,008 - 135 - 135 - 135 - 135 - 135 - 135 - 135 - 11,689 - 135 - 11,689 - 16,048 - 756 - 195,851 - 16,048 - 756 - 195,851 - 68 - 195,851 - 198,084 - 152 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 - 2,125 - 2,233 - 18,173 - 756 - 198,084 - 152 - 10,224 - 20,989 67,423 - 62 - 7,423 - 7,423 -	14,310	570	29,093
- 5 463 - 7,486 15 1,768 6,259 - 1 120 - 120 - 12 131,310 - 7,054 - 7,054 - 632 - 7,054 - 632 - 7,054 - 7,064 - 7,064 - 7,064 - 7,064	-	-	88,486
- 7,486 15 1,768 6,259 - 71 - 120 - 2 131,310 - 7,054 7,054 632 7,054 632 - 14,325 2,684 271,684 872 - 10,107 - 980 4,322 - 152 9,244 16,707 - 152 10,224 32,008 - 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 - 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 - 135 135 - 135 135 - 116,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 846 - 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,233 - 40 - 68 - 1,215 - 40 - 68 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 - 135 198,084 152 10,224 20,989	-	42	42
15	-	5	463
71 72 7,054 632 632 632 632 632 632 10,107 980	-	-	7,486
	15	1,768	6,259
- 2 131,310 - 7,054 - 632 14,325 2,684 271,684 872 - 10,107 - 980 4,322 152 9,244 16,707 152 10,224 32,008 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	-	-	
- 7,054 - 632 14,325	-		
632 14,325	-		
14,325 2,684 271,684 - - 872 - - 10,107 - 980 4,322 152 9,244 16,707 152 10,224 32,008 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	-	-	
872 - 10,107 - 980 4,322 152 9,244 16,707 152 10,224 32,008 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 2,125 - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	14 225	2 694	
	14,323	2,064	271,004
- 980 4,322 152 9,244 16,707 152 10,224 32,008 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	-	-	872
152 9,244 16,707 152 10,224 32,008 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	-	-	10,107
152 10,224 32,008 14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	-	980	4,322
14,477 12,908 303,692 456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	152	9,244	16,707
456 244 4,326 7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	152		32,008
7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 40 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	14,477	12,908	303,692
7,378 376 8,295 - 135 135 65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 40 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134			
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65 1 170,560 8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - 40 - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	7,378		
8,097 - 11,689 52 - 846 16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134			
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16,048 756 195,851 2,125 - 2,125 - - 40 - - 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134			
2,125 - 2,125 40 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134			
40 68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	10,048	730	193,631
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68 2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	2,123	-	
2,125 - 2,233 18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134			
18,173 756 198,084 152 10,224 20,989 - - 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	2.125		
152 10,224 20,989 67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134		756	
67,423 62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134			
62 - 62 (3,910) 1,928 17,134	152	10,224	20,989
(3,910) 1,928 17,134	-	-	
		1.928	
		•	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

INDUSTRIES CORRECTIONAL HIGHWAYS EXPOSITION LOAN PROOR PRATING REVENUES							HIGHWAY	
OPERATING REVENUES FOR THE BLIND INDUSTRIES MAGAZINE CENTER LOAN PROGREM Sales and charges for services \$ 14,390 \$ 26,547 \$ 7,579 \$ 12,371 \$ Licenses, fees, and permits - <td< th=""><th></th><th>Al</th><th>RIZONA</th><th>ARIZONA</th><th>ARIZONA</th><th>COLISEUM &</th><th>EXPANSION</th></td<>		Al	RIZONA	ARIZONA	ARIZONA	COLISEUM &	EXPANSION	
Sales and charges for services \$ 14,390 \$ 26,547 \$ 7,579 \$ 12,371 \$		IND	USTRIES	CORRECTIONAL	HIGHWAYS	EXPOSITION	& EXTENSION	
Sales and charges for services \$ 14,390 \$ 26,547 \$ 7,579 \$ 12,371		FOR 7	THE BLIND	INDUSTRIES	MAGAZINE	CENTER	LOAN PROGRAM	
Intergovernmental 588	OPERATING REVENUES							
Licenses, fees, and permits		\$	14,390	\$ 26,547	\$ 7,579	\$ 12,371	\$ -	
Earnings on investments			588	-	-	-	-	
Other 95 - 433 1,691 Total Operating Revenues 15,073 26,547 8,012 14,062 3, OPERATING EXPENSES Cost of sales and benefits 8,866 21,988 4,866 2,042 Interest on notes payable - - - - - 4, Personal services 4,364 2,207 2,364 5,241 - - 4, Contractual services 1,096 90 444 3,371 - - - 347 - - - 4, - - 347 - - - 347 - <t< td=""><td>Licenses, fees, and permits</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Licenses, fees, and permits		-	-	-	-	-	
Total Operating Revenues 15,073 26,547 8,012 14,062 3,	Earnings on investments		-	-	-	-	3,281	
OPERATING EXPENSES Cost of sales and benefits 8,866 21,988 4,866 2,042 Interest on notes payable - - - - 4, Personal services 4,364 2,207 2,364 5,241 5,241 Contractual services 1,096 90 444 3,371 9,256 879 1,256 879 1,096 1,096 90 444 3,371 1,096 90 444 2,56 879 1,096 1,096 90 444 2,56 879 1,096 1,096 90 444 2,56 879 1,096 1,096 90 444 2,56 879 1,096 1,096 90 444 2,56 879 1,096 1,096 90 444 2,56 879 1,096 1,096 90 444 2,56 879 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096	Other				433	1,691		
Cost of sales and benefits	Total Operating Revenues		15,073	26,547	8,012	14,062	3,281	
Interest on notes payable	OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services 4,364 2,207 2,364 5,241 Contractual services 1,096 90 444 3,371 Depreciation and amortization 397 444 256 879 Insurance - - - - 347 Other 769 1,251 241 1,024 Total Operating Expenses 15,492 25,980 8,171 12,904 4, Operating Income (Loss) (419) 567 (159) 1,158 (NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 449 567 (159) 1,158 (Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets - 184 (2) - - Investment income 15 88 86 293 3, Other non-operating revenue 10 - - - - Interest expense (1) - - - - Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3,	Cost of sales and benefits		8,866	21,988	4,866	2,042	1	
Contractual services 1,096 90 444 3,371 Depreciation and amortization 397 444 256 879 Insurance - - - - 347 Other 769 1,251 241 1,024 Total Operating Expenses 15,492 25,980 8,171 12,004 4, Operating Income (Loss) (419) 567 (159) 1,158 (NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) - 184 (2) - - - 1 - - 399 - - - 1 - - - 399 -	Interest on notes payable		-	-	-	-	4,040	
Depreciation and amortization 397	Personal services		4,364	2,207	2,364	5,241	134	
Insurance	Contractual services		1,096	90	444	3,371	96	
Other 769 1,251 241 1,024 Total Operating Expenses 15,492 25,980 8,171 12,904 4, Operating Income (Loss) (419) 567 (159) 1,158 (NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State of capital assets - 184 (2) - - Investment income 15 88 86 293 3, Other non-operating revenue 10 - - 399 Interest expense (1) - - - Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3, Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in 110 - - - - - Transfers out - (988) - - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Depreciation and amortization		397	444	256	879	-	
Total Operating Expenses 15,492 25,980 8,171 12,904 4, operating Income (Loss) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (419) 567 (159) 1,158 (NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State of Capital assets - 184 (2) -	Insurance		-	-	-	347	-	
Operating Income (Loss) (419) 567 (159) 1,158 (NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Second (Loss) on sale of capital assets - 184 (2) -	Other		769	1,251	241	1,024	3	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets - 184 (2) - Investment income 15 88 86 293 3, Other non-operating revenue 10 - - 399 Interest expense (1) - - - Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3, Income (Loss) Before Contributions (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in 110 - - - - Transfers out - (988) - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Total Operating Expenses		15,492	25,980	8,171	12,904	4,274	
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets - 184 (2) - Investment income 15 88 86 293 3, Other non-operating revenue 10 - - - 399 Interest expense (1) - - - - Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3, Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in 110 - - - - Transfers out - (988) - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Operating Income (Loss)		(419)	567	(159)	1,158	(993)	
Investment income 15 88 86 293 3, Other non-operating revenue 10 - - 399 Interest expense (1) - - - Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3, Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in 110 - - - - Transfers out - (988) - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Other non-operating revenue 10 - - 399 Interest expense (1) - - - Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3, Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in 110 - - - - - Transfers out - (988) - - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		-	184	(2)	-	-	
Interest expense (1) - - - Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3, Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in 110 - - - - Transfers out - (988) - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Investment income		15	88	86	293	3,541	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 24 272 84 692 3, Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in Transfers out 110 - - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Other non-operating revenue		10	-	-	399	-	
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in Transfers out 110 - <			(1)					
and Transfers (395) 839 (75) 1,850 2, Transfers in Transfers out 110 - - - - Transfers out - (988) - - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		24	272	84	692	3,541	
Transfers in 110 - - - Transfers out - (988) - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Income (Loss) Before Contributions							
Transfers out - (988) - - Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	and Transfers		(395)	839	(75)	1,850	2,548	
Change in Net Assets (285) (149) (75) 1,850 2,	Transfers in		110	-	-	-	-	
	Transfers out			(988)				
	Change in Net Assets		(285)	(149)	(75)	1,850	2,548	
			6,863	10,870	292	10,363	64,875	
Total Net Assets - Ending \$ 6,578 \$ 10,721 \$ 217 \$ 12,213 \$ 67,	Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	6,578	\$ 10,721	\$ 217	\$ 12,213	\$ 67,423	

HEALTHCARE GROUP OF

ARIZONA	OTHER	TOTAL
\$ 50,392	\$ 11,187	\$ 122,466
-	-	588
-	723	723
-	-	3,281
	338	2,557
50,392	12,248	129,615
51,354	377	89,494
-	-	4,040
2,462	10,162	26,934
2,019	240	7,356
26	320	2,322
-	156	503
668	2,288	6,244
56,529	13,543	136,893
(6,137)	(1,295)	(7,278)
(96)	-	86
310	48	4,381
188	-	597
-	-	(1)
402	48	5,063
(5,735)	(1,247)	(2,215)
		110
-	-	110
		(988)
(5,735)	(1,247)	(3,093)
2,039	13,399	108,701
\$ (3,696)	\$ 12,152	\$ 105,608

STATE OF ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FL NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS		ADIZONA	ADIZONA	COLIGEIDA	HIGHWAY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Thousands)	ARIZONA INDUSTRIES FOR THE BLIND	ARIZONA CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES	ARIZONA HIGHWAYS MAGAZINE	COLISEUM & EXPOSITION CENTER	EXPANSION & EXTENSION
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	FOR THE BLIND	INDUSTRIES	MAGAZINE	CENTER	LOAN PROGRAM
Receipts from customers Receipts from federal and local governments	\$ 15,276 621	\$ 26,022	-	\$ 12,326 -	\$ 7,090
Receipts from other Funds Payments to suppliers or insurance companies	(7,610)	(22,137)	40 (5,318)	(6,499)	19,192 (31)
Payments to employees	(4,443)	(2,401)	(2,366)	(5,186)	(131)
Payments to other Funds	-	-	-	-	(35,921)
Other receipts (payments) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,769) 2,075	1,484	429	1,691 2,332	(9,803)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL		,	"	·	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers from other Funds	93	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other Funds Grants and contributions received	9	(988)	-	-	-
Other receipts	-	-	-	399	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital	102	(000)		200	
Financing Activities	102	(988)		399	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(47)	(781)	(8)	(2,685)	-
Principal paid on capital debt, installment purchase contracts, and capital leases	-	-	-	(18)	-
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and	(47)	(791)	(8)	(2.702)	
Related Financing Activities	(47)	(781)	(8)	(2,703)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends from investments	12	90	86	293	3,383
Purchase of investments					
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	12	90	86	293	3,383
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	2,142 793	(195) 3,415	550 1,774	321 6,656	(6,420) 94,906
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 2,935				
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (419)	\$ 567	\$ (159)	\$ 1,158	\$ (993)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	397	444	256	879	-
Net changes in assets and liabilities:		(22.5)			
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net of allowances Decrease in due from U.S. Government	886 33	(525)	124	(45)	-
Decrease in due from local governments	-	-	-	-	83
(Increase) decrease in due from other Funds	-	-	(4)	-	(12,936)
Decrease in inventories, at cost (Increase) decrease in other assets	1,020	73 59	113 (8)	(38)	-
Increase in accounts payable	275	1,060	128	323	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(32)	(94)	-	27	-
Increase in due to others	-	-	-	-	4.040
Increase in due to other Funds Increase in deferred revenue	-	-	24	-	4,040
Increase in contracts payable	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(85)	(100)	(2)	28	3
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 2,075	\$ 1,484	\$ 472	\$ 2,332	\$ (9,803)
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Change in fair value of investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Non-capital Financing Activities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109
- 3	-	-	-	-	- 107

HEALTHCARE GROUP OF

	ARIZONA		OTHER		TOTAL
\$	51,769	\$	11,625	\$	131,795
Ψ.	-	Ψ	-11,025	Ψ	621
	_		_		19,232
	(48,493)		(2,900)		(92,988)
	(2,491)		(10,070)		(27,088)
	-		-		(35,921)
		_	338		687
_	785		(1,007)		(3,662)
	3,480		-		3,573
	188		-		(988) 197
	-		-		399
	3,668		_		3,181
					-,-,-
	(82)		(1)		(3,604)
	(=-)		(-)		
_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		(18)
_	(82)	_	(1)		(3,622)
	310		46		4,220
	-		(1)		(1)
	310		45		4,219
	4,681		(963)		116
	9,629		1,830		119,003
\$	14,310	\$	867	\$	119,119
\$	(6,137)	\$	(1,295)	\$	(7,278)
-	(-,/	-	(-,-,-,	-	(1,=10)
	26		320		2,322
			(326)		114
	_		(320)		33
	-		-		83
	-		41		(12,899)
	-		2		1,208
	-		-		13
	121		119		2,026
	3,302		92		3,295
	-		40		40
	1,377		-		4,040 1,401
	2,125		-		2,125
	(29)		_		(185)
\$	785	\$	(1,007)	\$	(3,662)
\$	(3)	\$		\$	106
\$	(3)	\$		\$	106
_	(-/				



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one State department or agency to other State departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The Risk Management Fund provides insurance coverage to all State agencies using an optimal combination of self-insurance and private excess insurance. It includes the Workers' Compensation section that receives monies from State agencies and uses these monies to pay for insurance and risk management services including loss control services and self-insured liability losses.

The Transportation Equipment Fund administers the purchase, storage and distribution of supplies, equipment and furniture for other Department of Transportation Funds.

The Employee Benefits Fund (HITF) administers the State's benefits program available to State employees and retirees.

The Telecommunications Fund receives monies from State agencies for services related to administering the State's contracts for the installation and maintenance of telecommunications equipment through the telecommunications program office.

The Technology Fund receives monies from State agencies for services related to the implementation and operation of automation programs throughout the State.

The Retiree Accumulated Sick Leave Fund (RASL) accounts for monies paid out to retirees for their accumulated sick leave.

The Motor Pool Fund receives monies from State agencies for the use of State vehicles and uses these monies for operation of the State Motor Pool.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

	R	ISK	TRA	NSPORTATION		EMPLOYEE	TELE-	
	MANA	GEMENT	E	EQUIPMENT		BENEFITS	COMMUNICATION	TECHNOLOGY
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and pooled investments with								
State Treasurer	\$	33,936	\$	5,157	\$	47,021	\$ 1,601	\$ 7,731
Receivables, net of allowances:								
Interest		-		11		-	-	-
Other		57		-		3,886	353	1,880
Due from other Funds		474		-		-	-	2,141
Inventories, at cost		-		2,925		-	-	13
Other current assets		4,920		-		72	-	2,178
Total Current Assets		39,387		8,093		50,979	1,954	13,943
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital assets:								
Depreciable buildings, property and								
equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		93		53,382		27	1,268	2,057
Total Noncurrent Assets		93		53,382		27	1,268	2,057
Total Assets		39,480		61,475	_	51,006	3,222	16,000
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		2,626		234		49,372	134	3,223
Accrued liabilities		197		1,130		77	-	· -
Due to other Funds		29		-		1,011	1,076	2
Current portion of accrued insurance losses		53,366		-		-	-	-
Current portion of long-term debt		-		2,579		-	-	-
Current portion of other long-term liabilities		247		-		119	53	499
Total Current Liabilities		56,465	_	3,943	_	50,579	1,263	3,724
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Accrued insurance losses		313,834		-		-	-	=
Long-term debt		-		8,551		-	-	-
Other long-term liabilities		-		-		-	-	=
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		313,834		8,551		-	-	-
Total Liabilities		370,299		12,494	_	50,579	1,263	3,724
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		93		42,252		27	1,268	2,057
Unrestricted (deficit)		(330,912)		6,729	_	400	691	10,219
Total Net Assets	\$	(330,819)	\$	48,981	\$	427	\$ 1,959	\$ 12,276

RETIREE	MOTOR	
SICK LEAVE	POOL	TOTAL
\$ 8,132	\$ 10,848	\$ 114,426
-	-	11
-	723	6,899
-	852	3,467
-	35	2,973
8,132	12,464	7,176 134,952
8,132	12,404	134,932
_	12,884	69,711
	12,884	69,711
8,132	25,348	204,663
-	560	56,149
-	-	1,404
-	-	2,118
-	-	53,366
-	-	2,579
6,940	33	7,891
6,940	593	123,507
-	-	313,834
-	-	8,551
4,455		4,455
4,455		326,840
11,395	593	450,347
-	12,884	58,581
(3,263)	11,871	(304,265)
\$ (3,263)	\$ 24,755	\$ (245,684)

STATE OF ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Thousands)

		RISK	TR	ANSPORTATION		EMPLOYEE	TELE-			
	MAN.	AGEMENT		EQUIPMENT		BENEFITS	COMMUNICA	TION	-	ΓΕCHNOLOGY
OPERATING REVENUES										
Sales and charges for services	\$	94,633	\$	37,790	\$	547,167	\$ 1	,972	\$	19,937
Other		-		626		=		55		=
Total Operating Revenues		94,633	_	38,416	_	547,167	2	,027		19,937
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Cost of sales and benefits		-		16,421		552,406		97		8,402
Personal services		4,956		12,584		-		855		8,629
Contractual services		27,693		222		-		165		608
Depreciation and amortization		71		8,013		-		924		1,471
Insurance		114,553		605		-		26		187
Other		903		1,516		-	1	,334		1,939
Total Operating Expenses		148,176		39,361		552,406	3	,401		21,236
Operating Income (Loss)		(53,543)		(945)	_	(5,239)	(1	,374)		(1,299)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		199		-		-		-
Investment income		-		188		-		-		-
Interest expense		-		(356)		-		-		-
Other non-operating revenue		139		-		-		-		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		139		31		=		-		-
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and										
Transfers		(53,404)	_	(914)	_	(5,239)	(1	,374)	_	(1,299)
Capital grants and contributions		_		3,903		-		-		-
Transfers out		(814)		-	_	-		(4)		(1)
Change in Net Assets		(54,218)		2,989		(5,239)	(1	,378)		(1,300)
Total Net Assets - Beginning		(276,601)		45,992		5,666	3	,337		13,576
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	(330,819)	\$	48,981	\$	427	\$ 1	,959	\$	12,276

RETIREE	MOTOR	
SICK LEAVE	POOL	TOTAL
	-	
\$ 12,149	\$ 11,084	\$ 724,732
		681
12,149	11,084	725,413
11,219	5,164	593,709
98	696	27,818
2	158	28,848
-	2,511	12,990
4	1,429	116,804
-	613	6,305
11,323	10,571	786,474
826	513	(61,061)
_	154	353
-	-	188
-	-	(356)
-	-	139
-	154	324
		(*0.=0=)
826	667	(60,737)
-	793	4,696
	(2)	(821)
	1.50	(5.5.5.5)
826	1,458	(56,862)
(4,089)	23,297	(188,822)
\$ (3,263)	\$ 24,755	\$ (245,684)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Expressed in Thousands)	MAN	RISK NAGEMENT	T	RANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT		EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	CON	TELE-
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	04.202	Φ	27.700	Φ.	550.014	Ф	4.274
Receipts from interfund services / premiums	\$	94,203	\$		\$	552,214	\$	4,374
Payments to suppliers or insurance companies		(84,449)		(18,706)		(554,940)		(750)
Payments to employees		(4,758)		(12,542)		-		(1,349)
Payments to retirees		-		-		-		-
Other receipts		-	_	626		-		67
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		4,996	_	7,168		(2,726)		2,342
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers from other Funds		-		-		-		859
Interest paid		-		(356)		-		-
Transfers to other Funds		(814)		-		-		(10,874)
Other receipts		139		-		-		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital		(675)		(356)		-		(10,015)
Financing Activities								
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		748		10		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(18)		(6,152)		-		(697)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related		(10)		(5.404)		10		(607)
Financing Activities	-	(18)	_	(5,404)		10		(697)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest and dividends from investments		-		188		-		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		-	_	188		-		-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,303		1,596		(2,716)		(8,370)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		29,633		3,561		49,737		9,971
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	33,936	\$	5,157	\$	47,021	\$	1,601
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(53,543)	\$	(945)	\$	(5,239)	\$	(1,374)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	φ	(55,545)	Ψ	(943)	φ	(3,239)	Φ	(1,374)
Depreciation and amortization Net changes in assets and liabilities:		71		8,013		-		924
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net of allowances		-		-		5,047		1,103
(Increase) decrease in due from other Funds		(430)		-		-		1,573
(Increase) in inventories, at cost		_		(128)		_		_
(Increase) decrease in other assets		(3,340)		-		(72)		562
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(3,566)		84		(2,900)		(979)
Increase in accrued liabilities		197		713		77		-
Increase (decrease) in due to other Funds		6				350		1,071
Increase in accrued insurance losses		65,600		_		-		
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		05,000		(569)		11		(538)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	4,996	\$	7,168	\$	(2,726)	\$	2,342
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			_					
Assets acquired under capital leases	\$	-	\$	5,220	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution of capital assets from other funds Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Non-capital		-	_	3,903		-		<u> </u>
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Non-capital Financing Activities	\$	-	\$	9,123	\$	-	\$	-

\$ 17,320 \$ 12,149 \$ 11,381 \$ 729,431 (11,321) - (7,471) (677,637) (8,991) (98) (696) (27,534) - (9,785) - (9,785) - (9,785) - (2,992) 2,266 3,214 15,168 10,010 (356) 3,214 15,168 10,010 (356) (10) - (2) (11,048) (356) (10) - (2) (11,048) 10,000 (2) (10,040) (2) (10,040) (177) - (2,996) (9,282) (2,996) (10,040) (177) - (2,996) (9,282) 188 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 5,866 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - (2,511) 12,990 (1,656) - (8,42) 4,502 (2,141) - (2,996) (10,940		TECHNOLOGY	RETIREE SICK LEAVE	MOTOR POOL	TOTAL			
(11,321) - (7,471) (677,637) (8,991) (98) (696) (27,534) - (9,785) - (9,785) - - - 693 (2,092) 2,266 3,214 15,168 10,010 - - - (356) (10) - - - (356) (10) - - - 139 10,000 - - - 139 10,000 - - - - 139 10,000 - - - - 758 (177) - (2,996) (9,282) - - - - 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 1,471 - 2,266 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,178) -	\$	17,320	\$ 12,149	\$ 11,381	\$	729,431		
- (9,785) - (9,785) - 693 (2,092) 2,266 3,214 15,168 10,010 10,869 (356) (10) - (2) (11,700) (10) - (2) (11,700) (10) - (2) (10,48) 139 10,000 - (2,996) (10,040) (177) - (2,996) (9,282) 188 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 2,89 (709) (1,13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - (2,178) - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) 9,87 2 9,87 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 2 9,987 499 1,440 8,844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168		(11,321)	· -					
10,010		(8,091)	(98)	(696)		(27,534)		
10,010		-	(9,785)	-		(9,785)		
10,010		-		 -		693		
Company Comp		(2,092)	2,266	 3,214		15,168		
Company Comp		40.040				40.040		
(10) - (2) (11,700) 10,000 - (2) (10,048) (10,000) - (2) (1,048) (177) - (2,996) (10,040) (177) - (2,996) (9,282) - - - 188 - - - 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 - - 5,866 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) \$ (1,299) \$ 828 <t< td=""><td></td><td>10,010</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		10,010	-	-				
10,000 - 139 10,000 - 758 10,048 10,040		(10)	-					
10,000		(10)	-	(2)				
(177) - (2,996) (10,040) (177) - (2,996) (9,282) - - - 188 - - - 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 - 5,866 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 2,89 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - - 987 2 - - - 987 2 - - - 98,60 499 1,440 - 844 \$ - \$ 3,214 \$ 1	_	10,000		 (2)				
(177) - (2,996) (10,040) (177) - (2,996) (9,282) - - - - 188 - - - - 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 - 5,866 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - 987 - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ - \$ 3,214 \$		10,000		(2)		(1,010)		
- - (2,996) (9,282) - - - 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 - 5,866 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - 987 - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168		- (155)	-	-				
- - - 188 7,731 2,266 216 5,026 - 5,866 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (50,28) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - 987 - - 987 2 - - (2) 1,427 - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 - 844 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903 - - 3,903	_	(177)		 (2,996)		(10,040)		
- - <th cols<="" td=""><td></td><td>(177)</td><td></td><td> (2,996)</td><td></td><td>(9,282)</td></th>	<td></td> <td>(177)</td> <td></td> <td> (2,996)</td> <td></td> <td>(9,282)</td>		(177)		 (2,996)		(9,282)	
- - <th cols<="" td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>188</td></th>	<td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>188</td>		_	_	_		188	
7,731 2,266 216 5,026 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168	_	-		-				
- 5,866 10,632 109,400 \$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - 3,903	_							
\$ 7,731 \$ 8,132 \$ 10,848 \$ 114,426 \$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471 - 2,511 12,990 (1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903		7,731	2,266	216		5,026		
\$ (1,299) \$ 826 \$ 513 \$ (61,061) 1,471		-	5,866	 10,632		109,400		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	7,731	\$ 8,132	\$ 10,848	\$	114,426		
(1,656) - 8 4,502 (2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903	\$	(1,299)	\$ 826	\$ 513	\$	(61,061)		
(2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903		1,471	-	2,511		12,990		
(2,141) - 289 (709) (13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903		(1.656)	-	8		4.502		
(13) - (14) (155) (2,178) - - (5,028) 3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - - 3,903			-					
3,223 - (91) (4,229) - - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - - 3,903			-					
- - - 987 2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - - 3,903		(2,178)	-	-		(5,028)		
2 - (2) 1,427 - - - 65,600 499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903		3,223	-	(91)				
499 1,440 - 65,600 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903		2	-	(2)				
499 1,440 - 844 \$ (2,092) \$ 2,266 \$ 3,214 \$ 15,168 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 - - - 3,903		-	-	-		65,600		
\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,220 3,903		499	1,440	 -		844		
3,903	\$	(2,092)	\$ 2,266	\$ 3,214	\$	15,168		
3,903								
<u>\$ - \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \sqrt{-} \qqrt{-} -</u>	\$	-	\$ - -	\$ -	\$			
	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	9,123		



PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds account for transactions of the four public employee retirement systems for which the State acts as trustee.

The Arizona State Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension system that benefits employees of public schools, the State and its political subdivisions.

The Public Safety Personnel Retirement System is an agent multiple-employer pension system that benefits fire fighters and police officers employed by the State and its political subdivisions.

The Elected Officials' Retirement Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension plan that benefits all elected State and county officials and judges and certain elected city officials.

The Corrections Officer Retirement Plan is an agent multiple-employer pension plan that benefits town, city and county detention officers and certain employees of the State's Department of Corrections and Department of Juvenile Corrections.

STATE OF ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

	STATE RETIREMENT	PUBLIC SAFETY		ELECTED OFFICIALS'	CORRECTIONS OFFICER		TOTAL
ASSETS		 _		_			
Cash	\$ 27,066	\$ 584	\$	915	\$ 84	\$	28,649
Prepaid benefits	120,076	-		-	-		120,076
Receivables, net of allowances:							
Accrued interest and dividends	57,466	19,980		1,315	3,582		82,343
Securities sold	371,018	-		-	-		371,018
Forward contract receivable	1,889,592	-		-	-		1,889,592
Contributions	31,388	6,149		240	1,909		39,686
Court fees	-	-		341	-		341
Due from other Funds	-	-		320	-		320
Miscellaneous receivables	4,571	 214					4,785
Total receivables	2,354,035	 26,343	_	2,216	5,491		2,388,085
Investments, at fair value:							
Temporary investments	1,876,609	-		-	-		1,876,609
Temporary investments from							
securities lending	2,265,754	-		-	-		2,265,754
U.S. Government securities	3,858,714	449,168		27,927	75,553		4,411,362
Corporate bonds	1,972,262	592,358		41,363	107,348		2,713,331
Corporate notes	-	235,731		13,343	44,788		293,862
Corporate stocks	16,743,086	3,436,622		230,181	600,804		21,010,693
Real estate mortgages and contracts	245,787	-,, -		-	<u>-</u>		245,787
Collateral investment pool	_	912,039		72,192	137,547		1,121,778
Other investments		 162,164		11,013	27,531		200,708
Total investments	26,962,212	5,788,082		396,019	993,571		34,139,884
Property and equipment, net of							
accumulated depreciation		 3,582		239	626		4,447
Total Assets	29,463,389	 5,818,591	_	399,389	999,772		36,681,141
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other							
current liabilitites	1,916,492	153		45	122		1,916,812
Payable for securities purchased	895,749	-		-	-		895,749
Obligation under securities							
loan agreements	2,265,754	912,039		72,192	137,547		3,387,532
Due to other Funds	-	 <u> </u>	_		320		320
Total Liabilities	5,077,995	 912,192		72,237	137,989	_	6,200,413
NET ASSETS							
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 24,385,394	\$ 4,906,399	\$	327,152	\$ 861,783	\$	30,480,728

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	RE	STATE TIREMENT	PUBLIC SAFETY		ELECTED OFFICIALS'		CORRECTIONS OFFICER		TOTAL
ADDITIONS:									
Member contributions	\$	612,121	\$ 75,616	\$	3,811	\$	37,134	\$	728,682
Employer contributions		612,121	127,219		7,625		24,028		770,993
Member purchase of service credit		124,024	9,409		2,430		994		136,857
Court fees		-	-		3,855		-		3,855
Investment income:									
Net increase in fair value of									
investments		1,758,899	237,239		14,718		39,303		2,050,159
Interest income		271,299	86,613		5,883		15,359		379,154
Dividends		232,692	55,502		3,781		9,514		301,489
Real estate		8,150	-		-		-		8,150
Other investment income		6,062	-		-		-		6,062
Securities lending income		89,084	972		87		190		90,333
Total investment income		2,366,186	380,326		24,469		64,366		2,835,347
Less investment expenses:									
Investment activity expenses		51,957	814		61		168		53,000
Security lending expenses		83,290	-		-		-		83,290
Net investment income		2,230,939	379,512		24,408		64,198		2,699,057
Other additions		1,727	1,125		1,704		1,234		5,790
Total Additions		3,580,932	 592,881	_	43,833		127,588		4,345,234
DEDUCTIONS:									
Retirement and disability benefits		1,686,090	284,028		27,909		36,709		2,034,736
Death benefits		17,125	-		-		-		17,125
Refunds to withdrawing members,									
including interest		60,313	7,225		7		15,741		83,286
Administrative expense		32,145	2,980		248		674		36,047
Other deductions		7,250	291		11		1,555		9,107
Total Deductions		1,802,923	294,524		28,175		54,679		2,180,301
Change in net assets held in trust for									
pension benefits		1,778,009	298,357		15,658		72,909		2,164,933
Net Assets - Beginning		22,607,385	4,608,042		311,494		788,874		28,315,795
Net Assets - Ending	\$	24,385,394	\$ 4,906,399	\$	327,152	\$	861,783	\$	30,480,728



INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

Investment Trust Funds account for assets held by the State in a trustee capacity for local governments and political subdivisions of the State of Arizona which have elected to invest idle cash with the State Treasurer's Office. The Treasurer acts as trustee for the deposits made by participants.

Central Arizona Water Conservation District is an Investment Trust Account composed of corporate debt and United States Government securities. The Central Arizona Water Conservation District is the only participant in the account.

Local Government Investment Pool is an Investment Trust Account composed of corporate debt, negotiable certificates of deposit and United States Government securities.

Local Government Investment Pool-Government is an Investment Trust Account composed of repurchase agreements and United States Government securities. All investments of the fund are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)									
	CENTRAL ARIZONA WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT			LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOL	II	LOCAL OVERNMENT OVESTMENT POOL- OVERNMENT	TOTAL		
ASSETS									
Receivables, net of allowances:									
Accrued interest and dividends	\$	817	\$	4,463	\$	3,495	\$	8,775	
Total receivables		817		4,463		3,495		8,775	
Investments, at fair value:									
U.S. Government securities		89,570		544,668		447,646		1,081,884	
Corporate bonds		11,535		861,678		-		873,213	
Repurchase agreements		-		40,716		1,223,980		1,264,696	
Money market mutual funds		3,065		5,638		-		8,703	
Total investments		104,170		1,452,700		1,671,626		3,228,496	
Total Assets		104,987		1,457,163		1,675,121		3,237,271	
LIABILITIES									
Due to local governments		943		2,250		2,041		5,234	
Total Liabilities		943		2,250		2,041		5,234	
NET ASSETS									
Held in trust for pool participants	\$	104,044	\$	1,454,913	\$	1,673,080	\$	3,232,037	
Net assets consist of: Participant shares outstanding		104,044		1,454,913		1,673,080		3,232,037	
Participants' net asset value (net assets/shares outstanding)	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$	1.00			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	CENTRAL ARIZONA WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT	LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOL	LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOL- GOVERNMENT	TOTAL
ADDITIONS:				
Investment income:				
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of				
investments	\$ (1,563)	\$ 2,380	\$ (833)	\$ (16)
Interest income	4,307	67,423	56,854	128,584
Total investment income	2,744	69,803	56,021	128,568
Less: Investment activity expenses	85	1,330	1,178	2,593
Net investment income	2,659	68,473	54,843	125,975
Capital share and individual account transactions:				
Shares sold	161	2,371,828	2,176,554	4,548,543
Reinvested interest income	4,079	61,197	52,474	117,750
Shares redeemed	(5,212)	(2,628,541)	(1,965,428)	(4,599,181)
Net capital share and individual account transactions	(972)	(195,516)	263,600	67,112
Total Additions	1,687	(127,043)	318,443	193,087
DEDUCTIONS:				
Dividends to investors	2,659	68,473	54,843	125,975
Total Deductions	2,659	68,473	54,843	125,975
Change in net assets held in trust for				
pool participants	(972)	(195,516)	263,600	67,112
Net Assets - Beginning	105,016	1,650,429	1,409,480	3,164,925
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 104,044	\$ 1,454,913	\$ 1,673,080	\$ 3,232,037



AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds account for the receipt and disbursement of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the State, where the State acts as an agent for distribution to other governmental units or organizations.

The Treasurer Custodial Securities Fund consists of securities held by the State Treasurer for various State agencies as required by statute.

The Other Treasurer Funds account for other various deposits that are required to be made by other governmental units or organizations with the State Treasurer.

The Other Funds consist of various funds where the State acts as an agent for distribution to other governmental units or organizations.



COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

	TI	REASURER	OTHER				
	C	USTODIAL		TREASURER		OTHER	
	SECU	RITIES FUND		FUNDS		FUNDS	TOTAL
ASSETS	<u>-</u>						
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,132	\$ 41,132
Cash and pooled investments with							
State Treasurer		-		38,059		338,740	376,799
Short-term investments		-		-		5,906	5,906
Receivables, net of allowances:							
Accrued interest and dividends		-		111		675	786
Due from others		-		-		92,983	92,983
Custodial securities in safekeeping		2,578,150		-		63,426	2,641,576
Other assets		-		-		4,072	 4,072
Total Assets	\$	2,578,150	\$	38,170	\$	546,934	\$ 3,163,254
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other current							
liabilities	\$	-	\$	392	\$	187,882	\$ 188,274
Accrued liabilities		-		-		8,112	8,112
Due to local governments		-		18,210		845	19,055
Due to others		2,578,150	_	19,568		350,095	 2,947,813
Total Liabilities	\$	2,578,150	\$	38,170	\$	546,934	\$ 3,163,254

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2005			ADDITIONS	 DELETIONS	_	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2006		
TREASURER CUSTODIAL SECURITIES FUND Assets:									
Custodial securities in safekeeping	\$	2,486,435	\$	2,765,190	\$ 2,673,475	\$	2,578,150		
Total Assets	\$	2,486,435	\$	2,765,190	\$ 2,673,475	\$	2,578,150		
Liabilities:									
Due to others	\$	2,486,435	\$	2,765,190	\$ 2,673,475	\$	2,578,150		
Total Liabilities	\$	2,486,435	\$	2,765,190	\$ 2,673,475	\$	2,578,150		
OTHER TREASURER FUNDS Assets: Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer Interest receivable	\$	18,412 36	\$	512,745 111	\$ 493,098 36	\$	38,059 111		
Total Assets	\$	18,448	\$	512,856	\$ 493,134	\$	38,170		
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Due to local governments Due to others	\$	301 5,377 12,770	\$	60,722 410,295 46,246	\$ 60,631 397,462 39,448	\$	392 18,210 19,568		
Total Liabilities	\$	18,448	\$	517,263	\$ 497,541	\$	38,170		

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Assets			BALANCE JULY 1, 2005		ADDITIONS		DELETIONS		BALANCE JUNE 30, 2006		
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,599 \$ 338,740 Short-term investments 2,935 5,966 2,333 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: 8 2,353 5,906 Other 2,07 671 2,03 675 Other 2,07 - 2,07 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 9,283 Custodial securities in safekeeping 57,118 63,426 57,118 63,426 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 496,044 \$ 6,333,564 \$ 6,282,674 \$ 546,934 Liabilities: \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Accrued liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Accrued liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Counts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 9,648,33 \$ 8,608,33 \$ 8,608,33 \$ 8,608,	OTHER FUNDS										
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 298,106 5,498,223 5,457,589 338,740 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: Term of the Comments 267 671 263 675 Other 207 - 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 57,118 63,426 57,118 63,426 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 496,044 \$ 6,333,564 \$ 6,282,674 \$ 546,934 Liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Accured liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Due to others \$ 330,298 959,303 939,506 350,095 Council assets	Assets:										
Short-term investments	Cash	\$	-,	\$		\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$			
Receivables, net of allowances:	•										
Interest			2,353		5,906		2,353		5,906		
Other 207 - 207 Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 57,118 63,426 57,118 63,426 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$496,044 \$6,333,564 \$6,282,674 \$546,934 Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$159,493 7,648,836 \$7,620,447 \$187,882 Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$5,512 \$8,112 5,512 \$117,822 Due to local governments 741 1,933 1,829 845 Due to others 330,298 959,303 939,506 350,095 **Total Liabilities \$43,439 \$68,283 \$670,590 \$41,132 Cash \$49,6044 \$8,681,8184 \$8,567,294 \$546,934 **Comments \$36,518 6,010,968 \$,590,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>											
Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 57,118 63,426 57,118 63,426 57,118 63,426 04,772 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 3,609 8,618 4,009 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>671</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>675</td></t<>					671				675		
Custodial securities in safekeeping 57,118 63,426 57,118 63,426 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 496,044 \$ 6,333,564 \$ 6,282,674 \$ 546,934 Liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,020,447 \$ 187,882 Accrued liabilities \$ 5,512 \$ 8,112 \$ 5,512 \$ 8,112 Due to local governments 741 1,933 1,829 845 Due to others 330,298 959,303 939,506 350,095 Total Liabilities \$ 43,439 \$ 8,618,184 \$ 8,567,294 \$ 546,934 Combined Total All AGENCY FUNDS Assets: Cash \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: 303 782 299 786 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>					-				-		
Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 496,044 \$ 6,333,564 \$ 6,282,674 \$ 546,934 Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Accrued liabilities \$ 5,512 8,112 \$ 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments \$ 741 1,933 1,829 845 Due to others 330,298 \$ 99,303 939,506 350,095 Total Liabilities \$ 496,044 \$ 8,618,184 \$ 8,567,294 \$ 546,934 COMBINED TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS Cash \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,960 2,353 5,960 2,353 5,990 Receivables, net of allowances: 303 782 299 786 Other 9,094 9,0945 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td></td><td></td></td<>					,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Assets \$ 496,044 \$ 6,333,564 \$ 6,282,674 \$ 546,934							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Liabilities:	Other assets	_	3,609		4,072	_	3,609		4,072		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 741 1,933 1,829 845 Due to others 330,298 959,303 939,506 350,095 Total Liabilities \$ 496,044 \$ 8,618,184 \$ 8,567,294 \$ 546,934 COMBINED TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets: Cash \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: 1 207 - 207 76 Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - Due from others 9,045 9,2983 9,045 9,2983 Custodial securities in saf	Total Assets	\$	496,044	\$	6,333,564	\$	6,282,674	\$	546,934		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,493 \$ 7,648,836 \$ 7,620,447 \$ 187,882 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 741 1,933 1,829 845 Due to others 330,298 959,303 939,506 350,095 Total Liabilities \$ 496,044 \$ 8,618,184 \$ 8,567,294 \$ 546,934 COMBINED TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets: Cash \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: 1 207 2 299 786 Other 207 2 207 2 2 29 786 Other 207 2 2 29 786 2 29 2 2 2 2 29 <td>Liabilities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Liabilities:										
Accrued liabilities		\$	159 493	s	7 648 836	\$	7 620 447	\$	187 882		
Due to local governments 741 1,933 1,829 845 Due to others 330,298 959,303 939,506 350,095 Total Liabilities \$ 496,044 \$ 8,618,184 \$ 8,567,294 \$ 546,934 COMBINED TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets: Cash \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: 1 207 - 207 - Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,933 2,641,576 Other assets 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: 7,709,558 7,681,	* *	Ψ		Ψ.		Ψ		Ψ			
Due to others 330,298 959,303 939,506 350,095 Total Liabilities \$ 496,044 \$ 8,618,184 \$ 8,567,294 \$ 546,934 COMBINED TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:											
COMBINED TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash Opoled investments with State Treasurer Short-term investments 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: 303 782 299 786 Other 207 7 207 207 207 207 29,283 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,9449,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,9449,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,749,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,749,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,749,283 3,163,254 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others	8						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Assets: Cash \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 3,000,927 \$ 9,611,610 \$ 9,449,283 \$ 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,794 \$ 7,709,558 \$ 7,681,078 \$ 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055	Total Liabilities	\$	496,044	\$		\$	8,567,294	\$	546,934		
Cash \$ 43,439 \$ 668,283 \$ 670,590 \$ 41,132 Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291											
Cash and pooled investments with State Treasurer 316,518 6,010,968 5,950,687 376,799 Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 \$3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 \$188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813											
Short-term investments 2,353 5,906 2,353 5,906 Receivables, net of allowances: Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities 159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813		\$		\$		\$,	\$			
Receivables, net of allowances: Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 \$3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 \$188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813			,						,		
Interest 303 782 299 786 Other 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities 159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813			2,353		5,906		2,353		5,906		
Other 207 - 207 - Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 \$ 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 \$ 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813											
Due from others 90,945 92,983 90,945 92,983 Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 3,000,927 9,611,610 9,449,283 \$ 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 \$ 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813					782				786		
Custodial securities in safekeeping 2,543,553 2,828,616 2,730,593 2,641,576 Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 3,000,927 9,611,610 \$ 9,449,283 \$ 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 \$ 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813											
Other assets 3,609 4,072 3,609 4,072 Total Assets \$ 3,000,927 \$ 9,611,610 \$ 9,449,283 \$ 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued liabilities \$ 159,794 \$ 7,709,558 \$ 7,681,078 \$ 188,274 Accrued liabilities \$ 5,512 \$ 8,112 5,512 \$ 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813			,				,		,		
Total Assets \$ 3,000,927 \$ 9,611,610 \$ 9,449,283 \$ 3,163,254 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,794 \$ 7,709,558 \$ 7,681,078 \$ 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813							, ,				
Liabilities: 4ccounts payable and other current liabilities 159,794 7,709,558 7,681,078 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813	Other assets	_	3,609		4,072		3,609	_	4,072		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 159,794 \$ 7,709,558 \$ 7,681,078 \$ 188,274 Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813	Total Assets	\$	3,000,927	\$	9,611,610	\$	9,449,283	\$	3,163,254		
Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813	Liabilities:										
Accrued liabilities 5,512 8,112 5,512 8,112 Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	159,794	\$	7,709,558	\$	7,681,078	\$	188,274		
Due to local governments 6,118 412,228 399,291 19,055 Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813			,		.,,				,		
Due to others 2,829,503 3,770,739 3,652,429 2,947,813											
Total Liabilities \$ 3,000,927 \$ 11,900,637 \$ 11,738,310 \$ 3,163,254	5						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		
	Total Liabilities	\$	3,000,927	\$	11,900,637	\$	11,738,310	\$	3,163,254		



NON-MAJOR UNIVERSITIES – AFFILIATED COMPONENT UNITS

Component units affiliated with the Universities are legally separate, tax-exempt organizations controlled by separate Boards of Directors that meet the criteria established in GASB 39, with the exception of the Collegiate Golf Foundation and University of Arizona Campus Research Corporation (CRC). The Collegiate Golf Foundation is included because it is a legally separate organization that the State believes would be misleading to exclude due to its financial relationship to the State. The CRC is included because the U of A appoints a majority of the board of directors and approves the budget; the U of A can thus impose its will on the CRC.

The Northern Arizona University Foundation receives gifts and bequests, administers and invests securities and property, and disburses payments to and on behalf of the NAU for advancement of its mission.

The Northern Arizona Capital Facilities Finance Corporation was established for the purpose of acquiring, developing, constructing, maintaining and operating student housing and other capital facilities and equipment for the use and benefit of the NAU's students.

Mesa Student Housing, LLC provides facilities for either the use by students of ASU or ASU itself.

Sun Angel Foundation receives funds primarily through donations and dues, and contribute funds to ASU for support of various programs.

Sun Angel Endowment receives funds primarily through donations and dues, and contribute funds to ASU for support of various programs.

The Collegiate Golf Foundation operates an ASU-owned golf course.

Arizona State University Research Park, Inc. is developing a research park to promote and support research activities in coordination with ASU.

The Arizona State University Alumni Association receives funds primarily through donations and dues, and contribute funds to ASU for support of various programs.

The University of Arizona Law College Association was established to provide support and financial assistance to the College of Law at the U of A. The Law Association funds provide support to the College on many levels, from endowed student scholarships to named faculty professorships.

The University of Arizona Campus Research Corporation was established to assist the U of A in the acquisition, improvement, and operation of the U of A Science and Technology Park (Park) and related properties. The CRC currently leases from the U of A the remaining 32% of building space of the Park not leased to the Arizona Research Park Authority. The CRC is responsible for assisting in the development of the presently undeveloped portions of the Park and for subleasing unoccupied space, newly developed space, and space now occupied by IBM or its subtenants once the current subleases expire. The U of A is responsible for payment of operational expenses associated with the space occupied by the U of A departments, offices and programs.

The University of Arizona Alumni Association was established to serve the U of A and its graduates, former students, and friends by attracting, organizing and encouraging them to advance the U of A's missions - teaching, research, and public service.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

NON-MAJOR UNIVERSITIES - AFFILIATED COMPONENT UNITS

JUNE 30, 2006

	NORTHERN ARIZONA UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION	NORTHERN ARIZONA CAPITAL FACILITIES FINANCE CORP.	MESA STUDENT HOUSING	SUN ANGEL FOUNDATION	SUN ANGEL ENDOWMENT
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalent investments	\$ 2,726	\$ -	\$ 684	\$ 1,278	\$ -
Receivables:					
Pledges receivable	3,013	-	-	2,145	-
Other receivables	233	450		36	
Total receivables	3,246	450		2,181	
Investments:					
Investments in securities	49,536	-	3,317	-	11,136
Investments held in trust for Universities	1,359	3,662	-	-	-
Other investments	-	-	-	-	-
Total investments	50,895	3,662	3,317		11,136
Net direct financing leases	-	13,110	-	-	-
Property and equipment, net of		15.001	14.060	4.504	
accumulated depreciation	1	17,201	14,869	4,536	-
Other assets	467	2,450	919	14	26
Total Assets	57,335	36,873	19,789	8,009	11,162
LIABILITIES					
Liability under Universities' endowment					
trust agreements	5,441	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable	-	35,391	19,880	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	95	-	-
Other liabilities	665	347	1,375	2,497	52
Total Liabilities	6,106	35,738	21,350	2,497	52
NET ASSETS					
Permanently restricted	26,666	-	_	_	1,792
Temporarily restricted	15,668	_	-	1,800	567
Unrestricted	8,895	1,135	(1,561)	3,712	8,751
Total Net Assets	\$ 51,229	\$ 1,135	\$ (1,561)	\$ 5,512	\$ 11,110

ATE GOLF DATION	UNIV RES	NA STATE TERSITY EARCH K, INC.	UNIV AI	NA STATE VERSITY LUMNI OCIATION	OF A	ERSITY RIZONA COLLEGE CIATION	OF A	VERSITY ARIZONA S RESEARCH ORATION	OF A	TERSITY RIZONA UMNI CIATION	T	OTALS
\$ 415	\$	484	\$	823	\$	2,237	\$	2,155	\$	1,168	\$	11,970
-		-		-		29,445		-		-		34,603
 79		5,485		30				801		1,541		8,655
79		5,485		30		29,445		801		1,541		43,258
_		1,493		13,371		4,341		_		4,073		87,267
_		-,		-		-		-		-		5,021
-		-		-		229		-		-		229
-		1,493		13,371		4,570		-		4,073		92,517
-		-		-		-		-		-		13,110
161		8,179		_		121		11,378		57		56,503
175		2,570		342		_		5,382		156		12,501
830		18,211		14,566		36,373		19,716		6,995		229,859
-		-		-		_		-		-		5,441
-		12,975		-		-		11,076		29		79,351
74		13,991		2,163		-		412		3,432		20,167
 670		526		128		31		1,376		56		7,723
 744	-	27,492		2,291		31		12,864		3,517		112,682
-		-		-		3,052		-		-		31,510
-		(0.201)		96		32,081		- 050		2 470		50,212
 86		(9,281)		12,179		1,209		6,852		3,478	_	35,455
\$ 86	\$	(9,281)	\$	12,275	\$	36,342	\$	6,852	\$	3,478	\$	117,177

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NON-MAJOR UNIVERSITIES - AFFILIATED COMPONENT UNITS

JUNE 30, 2006

	Uì	IERN ARIZONA NIVERSITY UNDATION	NORTHERN ARIZONA CAPITAL FACILITIES FINANCE CORP.	MESA STUDENT HOUSING	SUN ANGEL FOUNDATION	SUN ANGEL ENDOWMENT
REVENUES						
Contributions	\$	7,014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,333	\$ 197
Rental revenue		-	93	5,234	-	-
Sales and services		-	-	162	980	-
Net investment income		2,763	828	154	326	1,286
Capital lease revenue		-	92	-	-	-
Other revenues		1,253	864	115	1,796	1
Total Revenues		11,030	1,877	5,665	12,435	1,484
EXPENSES						
Program services:						
Payments to Universities		-	-	-	7,415	-
Leasing related expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Payments on behalf of Universities		-	-	-	-	-
Other program services		4,386	-	-	-	382
Personal services, operations, and						
administrative expenses		270	189	3,432	1,663	108
Fundraising expenses		1,311	-	-	1,067	-
Interest		-	820	1,241	-	-
Other expenses		-	25	947	40	
Total Expenses		5,967	1,034	5,620	10,185	490
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		5,063	843	45	2,250	994
Net Assets - Beginning, as restated	-	46,166	292	(1,606)	3,262	10,116
Net Assets - Ending	\$	51,229	\$ 1,135	\$ (1,561)	\$ 5,512	\$ 11,110

COLLEGIATE GOLF FOUNDATION	ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY RESEARCH PARK, INC.	ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY ALUMNI ASSOCIATION	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA LAW COLLEGE ASSOCIATION	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA CAMPUS RESEARCH CORPORATION	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA ALUMNI ASSOCIATION	TOTALS
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,548	\$ 2,800	\$ -	\$ 216	\$ 21,108
-	5,057	-	-	7,331	-	17,715
4,455	-	2,377	-	-	657	8,631
4	312	1,002	400	32	357	7,464
-	- 71	33	64	815	2,725	92 7,737
4,459	5,440	4,960	3,264	8,178	3,955	62,747
-	-	-	-	-	-	7,415
-	-	-	-	6,265	-	6,265
-	-	-	4,140	1,249	2,627	8,016
-	-	-	-	-	-	4,768
4,278	1,421	3,881	171	1,056	761	17,230
-	-	-	116	-	173	2,667
12	657	-	-	-	-	2,730
65	1,566		36	-	-	2,679
4,355	3,644	3,881	4,463	8,570	3,561	51,770
104	1,796	1,079	(1,199)	(392)	394	10,977
(18)	(11,077)	11,196	37,541	7,244	3,084	106,200
\$ 86	\$ (9,281)	\$ 12,275	\$ 36,342	\$ 6,852	\$ 3,478	\$ 117,177



STATISTICAL SECTION

(Not Covered by the Independent Auditors' Report)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the State of Arizona's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the State's overall financial health.

Financial Trends – *Schedules 1 thru 4* contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity – *Schedules 5 thru 6* contain information to help the reader assess the State's most significant own-source revenue, the sales tax.

Debt Capacity – *Schedules 7 thru 15* present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the State's current levels of outstanding debt and the State's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information – *Schedules 16 thru 17* offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and among other governments.

Operating Information – *Schedules 18 thru 20* contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the State's financial report relates to the services the State provides and the activities it performs.

SCHEDULE 1

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT (1)

FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (2)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)]	Fiscal Year			
				2004, as	2003, as		2002, as
	2006	2005		restated	restated		restated (2)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt (3)	\$ 12,878,151	\$ 11,825,961	\$	11,226,325	\$ 10,690,782	\$	10,043,985
Restricted for:							
Federal grants	63,219	102,794		73,466	108,268		158,424
Capital projects	561,795	548,488		414,113	495,663		589,996
Debt service	44,846	28,708		31,302	30,470		51,861
Permanent funds:							
Expendable	19,244	5,106		-	20,082		56,697
Nonexpendable	2,785,419	2,164,200		1,550,247	1,395,750		1,243,389
Other purposes	86,345	88,992		31,447	21,080		24,132
Unrestricted	 784,520	 (412,450)		(633,427)	 (748,522)		409,871
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ 17,223,539	\$ 14,351,799	\$	12,693,473	\$ 12,013,573	\$	12,578,355
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,144,374	\$ 1,166,954	\$	1,163,539	\$ 1,147,769	\$	1,159,647
Restricted for:							
Capital projects	6,106	2,657		3,023	21,842		33,515
Unemployment compensation	949,919	820,383		796,119	893,470		1,055,543
Debt service	9,198	8,203		16,940	24,715		30,153
University funds:							
Expendable (4)	189,746	171,976		157,595	143,683		-
Nonexpendable (4)	178,001	163,922		153,073	141,281		-
Loans and other financial assistance (4)	67,423	64,875		63,500	63,249		258,954
Other purposes (4)	62	-		-	2,763		95,146
Unrestricted	 201,015	 105,739		137,477	 272,906		298,686
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$ 2,745,844	\$ 2,504,709	\$	2,491,266	\$ 2,711,678	\$	2,931,644
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$ 14,022,525	\$ 12,992,915	\$	12,389,864	\$ 11,838,551	\$	11,203,632
Federal grants	63,219	102,794		73,466	108,268		158,424
Capital projects	567,901	551,145		417,136	517,505		623,511
Unemployment compensation	949,919	820,383		796,119	893,470		1,055,543
Debt service	54,044	36,911		48,242	55,185		82,014
Permanent funds / University funds:							
Expendable (4)	208,990	177,082		157,595	163,765		56,697
Nonexpendable (4)	2,963,420	2,328,122		1,703,320	1,537,031		1,243,389
Loans and other financial assistance (4)	67,423	64,875		63,500	63,249		258,954
Other purposes (4)	86,407	88,992		31,447	23,843		119,278
Unrestricted	 985,535	 (306,711)		(495,950)	 (475,616)	_	708,557
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$ 19,969,383	\$ 16,856,508	\$	15,184,739	\$ 14,725,251	\$	15,509,999

⁽¹⁾ This schedule reports using the accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ The State implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

⁽³⁾ For fiscal year 2006, net assets for governmental activities were increased by the capitalization of \$302,375 of capital assets that were previously recorded as transportation expenses.

⁽⁴⁾ For fiscal year 2002, net assets restricted for expendable University funds of \$130,735 and for nonexpendable University funds of \$137,854 were classified as net assets restricted for loans and other financial assistance of \$175,661 and for other purposes of \$92,928.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (1)

FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (2)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)						Fiscal Year				
						2004, as		2003, as		2002, as
		2006		2005		restated		restated	1	restated (2)
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	781,542	\$	646,452	\$	726,525	\$	694,173	\$	852,417
Health and welfare		9,057,733		8,494,206		7,717,148		6,848,087		5,960,399
Inspection and regulation		159,766		149,238		138,281		141,673		135,784
Education		5,304,555		4,853,458		4,703,685		4,795,566		4,277,635
Protection and safety		1,279,129		1,171,340		1,059,047		982,839		931,292
Transportation (8)		386,777		589,966		731,522		598,375		411,108
Natural resources		187,947		184,538		162,366		175,312		152,772
Intergovernmental revenue sharing		2,658,636		2,335,828		2,144,438		2,159,691		2,190,160
Interest on long-term debt		172,439		182,852		176,035		135,775		131,206
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		19,988,524		18,607,878		17,559,047		16,531,491		15,042,773
Business-type Activities:										
Universities		2,759,142		2,540,193		2,355,418		2,181,311		2,039,832
Unemployment compensation		226,171		292,127		397,657		455,685		406,406
Industrial Commission special fund (6)		(18,300)		106,295		167,331		73,586		57,503
Lottery		377,104		317,226		303,996		263,321		239,648
Other		136,894		120,629		109,944		107,740		95,164
Total Business-type Activities Expenses		3,481,011		3,376,470		3,334,346		3,081,643		2,838,553
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	23,469,535	\$	21,984,348	\$	20,893,393	\$	19,613,134	\$	17,881,326
DDOCD AM DEVIENUES										
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:	¢	161 664	¢	120 497	¢	140.701	¢	106.976	¢.	120 514
General government	\$	161,664	\$	139,486	\$	140,791	\$	106,876	\$	120,514
Inspection and regulation		146,191		133,073		133,510		120,045		117,606
Transportation (7)		134,068		88,296		114,097		112,466		112,725
Other activities		279,836		256,804		248,446		192,332		230,409
Operating grants and contributions (5)		7,941,223		7,544,370		6,981,748		5,940,007		4,996,539
Capital grants and contributions		388,646		497,140		421,251		460,364		471,020
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		9,051,628		8,659,169		8,039,843		6,932,090		6,048,813
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Universities		962,967		863,042		778,047		675,089		639,050
Lottery		468,697		397,561		366,582		322,267		294,848
Other activities (4)		474,801		440,646		305,221		259,676		254,984
Operating grants and contributions (9)		852,788		834,421		836,076		810,549		737,170
Capital grants and contributions		30,056		19,774		18,513		23,090		48,180
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues		2,789,309		2,555,444		2,304,439		2,090,671		1,974,232
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	11,840,937	\$	11,214,613	\$	10,344,282	\$	9,022,761	\$	8,023,045
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE										
Governmental activities	\$	(10,936,896)	\$	(9,948,709)	\$	(9,519,204)	\$	(9,599,401)	\$	(8,993,960)
Business-type activities	Ψ	(691,702)	Ψ	(821,026)	φ	(1,029,907)	ψ	(9,399,401)	Ψ	(864,321)
	Φ.	. , ,	ф.		Φ.		Φ.		ф.	
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)	\$	(11,628,598)	\$	(10,769,735)	\$	(10,549,111)	\$	(10,590,373)	\$	(9,858,281)

Fiscal Year

(Continued)

SCHEDULE 2

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (1)

FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (2)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(Enpressed in Thodasiii)			r iseur reur			
			2004, as	2003, as		2002, as
	2006	2005	restated	restated	restated (2)	
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER						
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS						
Governmental Activities:						
Taxes:						
Sales	\$ 6,322,311	\$ 5,421,949	\$ 5,016,585	\$ 4,551,804	\$	4,450,691
Income	4,548,843	3,562,916	2,800,461	2,371,005		2,442,320
Tobacco (3)	248,122	237,430	223,804	-		-
Property	43,035	46,148	50,455	37,470		49,611
Motor vehicle and fuel (7)	1,857,293	1,758,950	1,613,952	1,563,876		1,493,259
Other (3)	575,946	493,501	539,218	632,896		544,514
Unrestricted investment earnings	172,311	106,362	24,227	77,914		116,614
Unrestricted grants and contributions	12,293	11,624	8,502	7,222		8,518
Miscellaneous general revenues (5)	235,610	387,269	281,109	319,873		186,917
Gain on sale of trust land	567,364	288,483	319,517	137,563		137,565
Transfers	 (774,492)	 (707,597)	(678,726)	(665,004)		(709,916)
Total Governmental Activities	 13,808,636	 11,607,035	10,199,104	9,034,619		8,720,093
Business-type Activities:						
Sales taxes	54,550	57,584	50,050	43,450		41,367
Unrestricted investment earnings	49,050	40,311	38,753	32,527		29,327
Unrestricted grants and contributions (9)	-	5	-	3		83,108
Miscellaneous general revenues (4)	58,816	26,017	46,615	26,985		12,447
Contributions to permanent endowments	3,803	2,955	2,231	3,037		2,723
Special items	(7,874)	-	(6,880)	-		-
Transfers	 774,492	707,597	678,726	 665,004		709,916
Total Business-type Activities	932,837	834,469	809,495	771,006		878,888
Total Primary Government	\$ 14,741,473	\$ 12,441,504	\$ 11,008,599	\$ 9,805,625	\$	9,598,981
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS						
Governmental activities (8)	\$ 2,871,740	\$ 1,658,326	\$ 679,900	\$ (564,782)	\$	(273,867)
Business-type activities	 241,135	 13,443	 (220,412)	 (219,966)		14,567
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,112,875	\$ 1,671,769	\$ 459,488	\$ (784,748)	\$	(259,300)

Fiscal Year

- (1) This schedule reports using the accrual basis of accounting.
- (2) The State implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002. Therefore, ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.
- (3) Prior to fiscal year 2004, tobacco tax revenue was included in other tax revenue.
- (4) Beginning in fiscal year 2005, settlement income for the Industrial Commission Special Fund is classified as a program revenue, charges for services. Prior to this, it was classified as a miscellaneous general revenue. In fiscal year 2005, settlement income was \$41,554.
- (5) Beginning in fiscal year 2004, operating grants and contributions included Indian gaming revenue and tobacco settlement revenue. For fiscal year 2004, gaming revenue was \$57,517 and this was the first year that gaming revenue was earned, as a result of Proposition 202. For fiscal year 2004, tobacco settlement revenue was \$91,601. Prior to fiscal year 2004, tobacco settlement revenue was included in miscellaneous general revenues.
- (6) The Industrial Commission Special Fund's cost of sales and benefits expense decreased \$125,828 during fiscal year 2006, primarily due to a decrease in insolvent carrier liabilities. During fiscal years 2005 and 2004, insolvent carrier liability increased, primarily as the result of \$67,423 and \$107,600, respectively, in Arizona workers' compensation claims from the defunct California domiciled Fremont Companies.
- (7) \$31,804 of transportation's charges for services for fiscal year 2005 were classified as motor vehicle and fuel tax revenues.
- (8) For fiscal year 2006, net assets for governmental activities were increased by the capitalization of \$302,375 of capital assets that were previously recorded as transportation expenses.
- (9) In fiscal year 2002, private gifts not restricted for capital purposes of \$83,100 for the Universities were classified as general revenues. In future fiscal years, these gifts are classified as program revenues.

SCHEDULE 3

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1)

FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (2)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)	Fiscal Year												
•		2006		2005		2004		2003	1	2002, as restated (2)			
GENERAL FUND:													
Reserved for:													
Budget stabilization fund	\$	651,020	\$	160,873	\$	13,545	\$	13,737	\$	67,700			
School facilities improvements		110,149		107,260		96,714		101,944		-			
Continuing appropriations		69,861		55,727		74,973		87,131		105,816			
Other fund balance reservations		302		374		377		598		611			
Unreserved		1,434,806		986,168		561,029		343,012		574,146			
Total General Fund	\$	2,266,138	\$	1,310,402	\$	746,638	\$	546,422	\$	748,273			
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUND	S:												
Reserved for:													
Highway construction	\$	426,015	\$	419,072	\$	321,401	\$	342,324	\$	277,321			
Other construction		6,256		7,307		41,165		33,477		53,088			
School facilities improvements		-		5,386		17,808		33,893		262,654			
Permanent funds		2,043,591		1,716,404		1,361,366		1,123,523		1,082,018			
Continuing appropriations		118,671		120,752		114,948		90,238		103,312			
Debt service		37,792		21,992		27,693		23,273		61,123			
Other fund balance reservations		5,145		25,375		25,138		38,945		38,382			
Unreserved, reported in:													
Special revenue funds		657,371		574,938		463,738		444,301		634,710			
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-		29,661			
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	3,294,841	\$	2,891,226	\$	2,373,257	\$	2,129,974	\$	2,542,269			

⁽¹⁾ This schedule reports using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ Due to changes in the State's fund structure initiated when GASB Statement 34 was implemented, the fund balance information is available only beginning in fiscal year 2002.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1)

FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (2)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

Transportation (6)

Natural resources

Debt service: Principal

Capital outlay (6)

Intergovernmental revenue sharing

Interest and other fiscal charges

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over

Total Expenditures

Expenditures

							2002, as		
		2006		2005	 2004		2003		restated (2)
REVENUES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-						_
Taxes:									
Sales	\$	6,313,090	\$	5,410,383	\$ 4,985,424	\$	4,555,389	\$	4,424,528
Income		4,535,492		3,528,565	2,818,778		2,387,369		2,410,342
Tobacco (3)		248,122		237,430	223,804		-		-
Property		43,035		46,148	50,455		37,470		49,611
Motor vehicle and fuel		1,857,293		1,758,950	1,613,952		1,563,876		1,493,259
Other (3)		575,946		493,501	539,218		632,896		543,055
Intergovernmental		8,019,509		7,714,012	7,159,976		6,141,218		5,182,770
Licenses, fees, and permits		410,069		335,760	349,938		320,564		330,041
Earnings on investments		247,250		190,499	131,715		111,771		136,761
Sales and charges for services		162,048		154,251	161,170		111,438		157,912
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		138,354		121,123	120,032		96,192		98,791
Gaming (4)		84,794		67,658	57,517		-		-
Tobacco settlement (5)		86,231		93,933	92,550		-		-
Other (5)		269,411		430,097	 313,220		337,930		324,433
Total Revenues		22,990,644		20,582,310	 18,617,749		16,296,113		15,151,503
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		861,373		758,149	718,229		689,603		511,167
Health and welfare		8,995,430		8,419,913	7,733,516		6,652,661		5,788,774
Inspection and regulation		157,401		146,523	136,189		139,863		133,584
Education		5,302,942		4,852,099	4,702,609		4,882,516		4,188,501
Protection and safety		1,247,508		1,132,473	1,028,134		925,667		892,986

564,574

175,593

381,512

200,731

710,688

904,227

19,678,083

2,335,828

717,463

153,533

327,595

188,247

695,289

72,507

18,545,242

2,144,438

373,603

178,832

261,277

176,933

1,066,815

21,284,008

1,706,636

2,661,894

Fiscal Year

(Continued)

(619,609)

401,372

140,600

270,912

125,594

1,127,411

15,771,112

2,190,211

463,756

163,946

297,508

140,613

1,041,038

17,556,862

(1,260,749)

2,159,691

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1)

FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (2)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year

					2002, as
	2006	2005	2004	2003	restated (2)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	812,083	1,011,456	940,050	1,053,862	848,252
Transfers out	(1,585,754)	(1,714,562)	(1,616,105)	(1,690,443)	(1,549,833)
Proceeds from sale of trust land	284,293	274,127	149,001	88,066	51,265
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	11,118	-	-	-	-
Capital lease and installment purchase contracts	3,543	5,350	24,349	101,473	4,167
Refunding bonds issued	596,160	224,283	107,940	90,530	74,250
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(646,689)	(247,417)	(145,965)	(107,735)	(77,135)
Bonds issued	118,250	210,577	389,746	662,975	148,350
Premium on bonds issued	59,711	38,651	22,024	46,377	10,142
Refunding grant anticipation notes issued	-	-	22,633	-	-
Grant anticipation notes issued	-	104,385	177,322	-	-
Premium on grant anticipation notes issued	-	11,551	9,623	-	-
Refunding certificates of participation issued	-	334,225	16,725	75,295	71,051
Payment to refunded certificates of participation					
escrow agent	-	(363,052)	(17,273)	(80,713)	(65,087)
Certificates of participation issued	-	237,625	273,735	372,730	68,203
Premium on certificates of participation issued	-	50,307	17,187	34,186	4,674
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(347,285)	177,506	370,992	646,603	(411,701)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,359,351	\$ 1,081,733	\$ 443,499	\$ (614,146) \$	(1,031,310)
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF					
NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	2.2%	3.1%	2.9%	2.7%	2.7%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule reports using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ Due to changes in the State's fund structure initiated when GASB Statement 34 was implemented, the changes in fund balance information is available only beginning in fiscal year 2002.

⁽³⁾ Prior to fiscal year 2004, tobacco tax revenue was included in other tax revenue.

⁽⁴⁾ Beginning in fiscal year 2004, Indian gaming revenue was earned as a result of Proposition 202.

⁽⁵⁾ Prior to fiscal year 2004, tobacco settlement revenue was included in other revenue.

⁽⁶⁾ For fiscal year 2006, transportation expenditures were reduced and capital outlay was increased by \$302,375 for addition of capital assets that were previously recorded as transportation expenditures.

NET TAXABLE SALES BY CLASSIFICATION (1)

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

	 Fiscal Year										
	 2006		2005		2004		2003		2002		2001
CLASSIFICATION (9)											
Transporting (6)	\$ 59,801	\$	53,371	\$	67,486	\$	26,106	\$	96,356	\$	138,656
Mining, oil and gas	321,538		317,202		287,787		268,073		208,310		224,834
Mining severance	1,219,984		656,631		261,623		45,049		(4,264)		168,695
Timber severance (3)	-		-		-		-		766		-
Utilities	7,679,982		6,828,179		6,430,306		5,940,826		5,919,273		5,814,282
Communications	3,220,062		2,934,858		2,809,508		2,869,499		2,945,681		2,870,089
Private car and pipelines	25,751		14,832		15,920		12,493		7,134		15,486
Publishing	133,680		134,925		128,911		133,229		82,843		124,462
Job printing	403,686		367,010		348,924		427,730		351,142		402,934
Local advertising (7)	-		-		-		-		-		-
Restaurants and bars	8,933,459		7,939,964		7,202,034		6,655,028		6,428,712		6,300,820
Amusements	998,767		872,520		813,489		782,670		743,800		760,838
Commercial lease (4)	(120)		919		(6,518)		(7,579)		36,913		182,691
Personal property rentals	3,633,374		3,242,363		3,174,945		3,319,778		3,607,519		3,658,549
Contracting	20,487,917		16,044,847		13,156,490		11,563,726		11,820,597		11,250,538
Feed wholesale (2)	-		-		(8)		(67)		(1,806)		(42)
Retail	53,147,971		46,378,344		42,409,055		39,408,769		38,432,860		38,282,337
Hotel/motel	2,268,776		2,063,973		1,831,153		1,698,499		1,659,761		1,871,009
Rental occupancy tax	3,471		2,414		4,202		1,428		5,968		4,897
Use tax	6,155,959		5,218,535		4,644,319		3,793,691		3,240,460		3,922,953
Membership camping	2,785		2,897		2,998		2,406		2,741		2,420
Agriculture equipment (5)	-		-		-		-		2,107		1,213
Other	-		-		119		-		_		-
Total	\$ 108,696,843	\$	93,073,784	\$	83,582,743	\$	76,941,354	\$	75,586,873	\$	75,997,661
Direct sales tax rate (8)	5.60%		5.60%		5.60%		5.60%		5.60%		5.00%

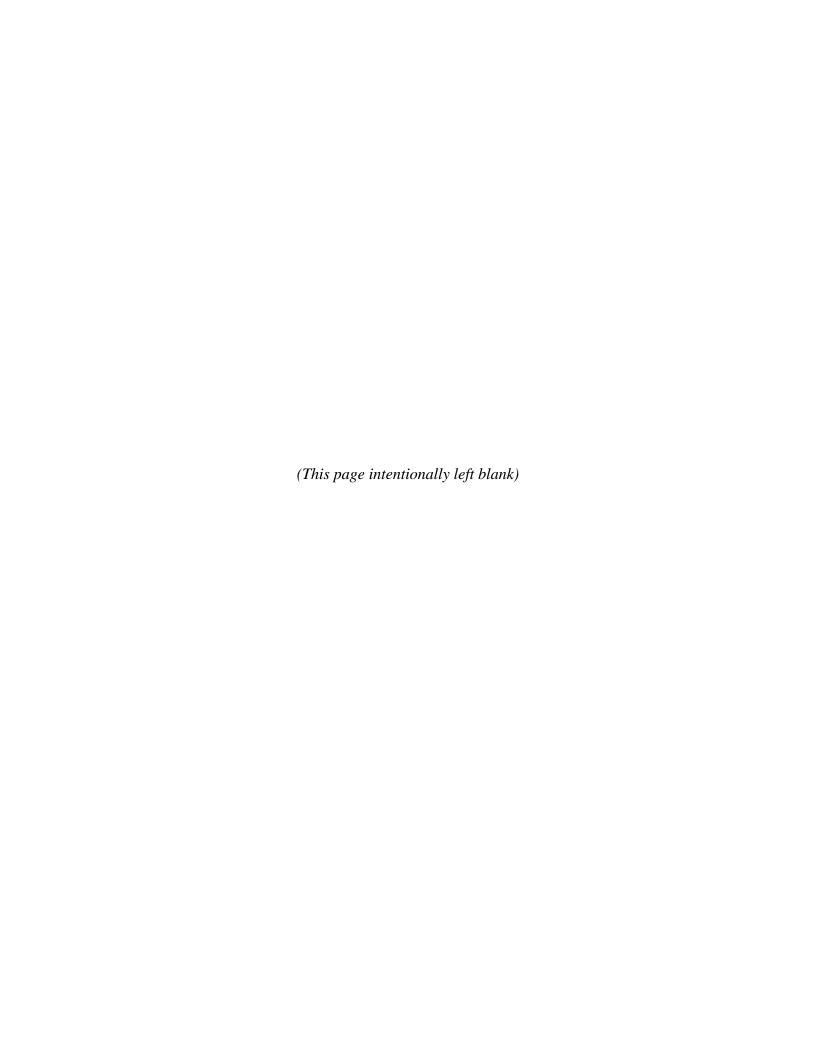
N/A = Not available

- (1) Net taxable sales are based upon tax receipts.
- (2) Feed wholesale dropped to 0% effective July 17, 1994 and was repealed effective October 1, 1994.
- (3) Effective July 13, 1995, the tax rate on timber severance was changed to a dollar amount per 1,000 board feet. Timber severance includes only sales subject to the repealed rate.
- (4) Commercial lease rate dropped to 0% effective July 1, 1997.
- (5) Agriculture equipment was phased out on July 1, 1988 and is not a current business classification.
- (6) The transporting/towing and railroads/aircraft business classifications have been combined into one category and renamed "transporting."
- (7) Local advertising was phased out on January 1, 1986.
- (8) A significant portion of the revenue base was subject to a sales tax rate of 5.6% for fiscal years 2002 thru 2006 and 5.0% for most of fiscal year 2001 (rate increased to 5.6% during fiscal year 2001 on June 1, 2001). For fiscal years 2000 thru 2006, the tax rate for non-metal mining, oil and gas was 3.125%, the mining severance was 2.5%, the timbering severance for ponderosa and other was \$2.13 and \$1.51 per thousand board feet, respectively, the hotel/motel tax was 5.5%, the rental occupancy tax was 3.0%, and the jet fuel and jet fuel use tax was \$.0305 per gallon. Tax rates for fiscal years 1997 thru 1999 are not available.
- (9) The names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. Therefore, the categories are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's revenue.

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue Annual Report.

Fiscal	Year

Fiscal Year												
	2000		1999		1998		1997					
\$	89,506	\$	94,360	\$	100,970	\$	87,696					
	193,934		204,731		190,473		169,156					
	481,583		749,257		1,082,898		1,082,132					
	-		-		(1)		1					
	5,268,208		5,066,644		4,923,558		4,662,480					
	2,453,094		2,153,028		1,919,237		1,649,990					
	5,612		15,556		12,774		19,794					
	112,358		119,042		110,593		110,799					
	418,678		418,740		405,093		389,732					
	27		(2)		-		24					
	5,976,371		5,476,713		5,095,504		4,779,738					
	758,823		680,141		672,757		622,831					
	659,199		(133,064)		386,200		3,541,062					
	3,412,996		3,170,338		2,909,346		2,550,875					
	10,847,157		10,021,561		8,568,022		7,777,804					
	382		270		(6,707)		(11,278)					
	36,403,862		32,964,475		30,469,141		28,256,623					
	1,818,474		1,679,515		1,609,506		1,527,986					
	3,734		3,931		4,211		3,292					
	3,514,613		2,951,224		2,729,476		2,392,016					
	1,411		1,682		1,622		1,479					
			-		-		-					
	-						-					
\$	72,420,022	\$	65,638,142	\$	61,184,673	\$	59,614,232					
_	5.00%		N/A		N/A		N/A					



SALES TAX REVENUE PAYERS BY CLASSIFICATION

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Expressed in Thousands)

,	Fiscal Yea	ar 2006	Fiscal Year 1997						
	Tax	Percentage	Tax	Percentage					
	Collections (4)	of Total	Collections (5)	of Total					
CLASSIFICATION									
Transporting (3)	\$ 2,984	0.05 %	\$ 2,898	0.10 %					
Non-metal mining, oil and gas	10,022	0.17	5,286	0.19					
Mining severance	30,440	0.50	27,053	0.96					
Timbering severance - ponderosa	33	-	37	-					
Timbering severance - other	(1)	-	4	-					
Utilities	382,991	6.35	233,124	8.24					
Communications	160,610	2.66	82,500	2.91					
Railroads and aircraft (3)	-	-	1,487	0.05					
Private car and pipelines	1,284	0.02	990	0.03					
Publishing	6,666	0.11	5,540	0.20					
Printing	20,136	0.33	19,487	0.69					
Restaurants and bars	445,591	7.39	238,986	8.44					
Amusements	49,829	0.83	31,139	1.10					
Commercial lease (2)	(3)	-	43,000	1.52					
Personal property rentals	181,224	3.01	127,544	4.51					
Contracting	1,017,224	16.88	388,889	13.74					
Feed wholesale (1)	-	-	(53)	-					
Retail	2,650,935	43.98	1,412,827	49.92					
Hotel/motel	124,483	2.07	84,039	2.97					
Rental occupancy tax	104	-	99	-					
Use tax utilities	828	0.01	-	-					
Use tax	306,199	5.08	119,601	4.23					
License fees	1,039	0.02	523	0.02					
Membership camping	139	-	74	-					
Jet fuel tax	6,060	0.10	4,624	0.16					
Jet fuel use tax	724	0.01	532	0.02					
Non sufficient funds	1	-	74	-					
Telecommunications service									
assistance	(262)	-	(112)	-					
Education tax (4)	628,471	10.43		-					
Total	\$ 6,027,751	100.00 %	\$ 2,830,192	100.00 %					

⁽¹⁾ Feed wholesale dropped to 0% effective July 17, 1994 and was repealed effective October 1, 1994.

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue Annual Report.

⁽²⁾ Commercial lease rate dropped to 0% effective July 17, 1997.

⁽³⁾ Transporting/towing was combined with railroads/aircraft for confidentiality purposes beginning in fiscal year 2004.

⁽⁴⁾ The education tax is .6% of net taxable sales for most classifications. The ones that do not collect the education tax are nonmetal mining, oil and gas, mining and timbering severances, hotel/motel, rental occupancy, and jet fuel taxes. The Arizona Department of Revenue's annual report does not include the amount of education tax collected from each classification, rather it reports the total collected from all classifications. The education tax became effective June 1, 2001.

⁽⁵⁾ Does not reflect the balance of undistributed estimated payments of \$10,550 at the end of fiscal year

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year

				Fiscai						
								2002, as		2001, as
2006		2005		2004		2003		restated (1)		restated (2)
\$ 2,106,700	\$	2,170,845	\$	2,278,225	\$	2,173,055	\$	1,782,510	\$	1,882,765
325,430		363,970		308,585		169,145		182,295		182,295
1,020,810		1,054,677		845,804		582,511		231,904		186,447
129,808		126,676		125,974		104,644		8,517		9,390
6,815		6,926		4,602		6,188		10,228		9,767
-		-		562		10,301		38,859		-
219,958		197,479		144,759		108,732		32,700		19,766
(17,832)		-		-		-		-		-
3,791,689		3,920,573		3,708,511		3,154,576		2,287,013	_	2,290,430
802,600		768,000		756,781		597,238		596,403		540,019
946,766		860,759		641,315		429,144		422,010		244,934
113,388		120,361		80,338		31,923		37,758		29,259
10,279		7,276		5,038		3,823		3,832		1,634
-		30		80		129		-		-
38,331		36,133		28,184		21,686		20,794		-
(21,606)		(20,821)		(10,970)		(11,305)		(8,999)		-
1,889,758		1,771,738		1,500,766	_	1,072,638	_	1,071,798	_	815,846
\$ 5,681,447	\$	5,692,311	\$	5,209,277	\$	4,227,214	\$	3,358,811	\$	3,106,276
3.2%		3.5%		3.5%		2.9%		2.4%		2.3%
\$ 957	\$	992	\$	934	\$	777	\$	634	\$	601
\$	\$ 2,106,700 325,430 1,020,810 129,808 6,815 - 219,958 (17,832) 3,791,689 802,600 946,766 113,388 10,279 - 38,331 (21,606) 1,889,758 \$ 5,681,447	\$ 2,106,700 \$ 325,430	\$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 325,430 363,970 1,020,810 1,054,677 129,808 126,676 6,815 6,926 - 219,958 197,479 (17,832) - 3,791,689 3,920,573 802,600 768,000 946,766 860,759 113,388 120,361 10,279 7,276 - 30 38,331 36,133 (21,606) (20,821) 1,889,758 1,771,738 \$ 5,681,447 \$ 5,692,311	\$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 \$ 325,430 363,970 1,020,810 1,054,677 129,808 126,676 6,815 6,926	\$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 \$ 2,278,225 325,430 363,970 308,585 1,020,810 1,054,677 845,804 129,808 126,676 125,974 6,815 6,926 4,602 562 219,958 197,479 144,759 (17,832)	\$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 \$ 2,278,225 \$ 325,430	\$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 \$ 2,278,225 \$ 2,173,055 325,430	\$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 \$ 2,278,225 \$ 2,173,055 \$ 325,430 363,970 308,585 169,145 1,020,810 1,054,677 845,804 582,511 129,808 126,676 125,974 104,644 6,815 6,926 4,602 6,188	2006 2005 2004 2003 restated (1) \$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 \$ 2,278,225 \$ 2,173,055 \$ 1,782,510 325,430 363,970 308,585 169,145 182,295 1,020,810 1,054,677 845,804 582,511 231,904 129,808 126,676 125,974 104,644 8,517 6,815 6,926 4,602 6,188 10,228 - - 562 10,301 38,859 219,958 197,479 144,759 108,732 32,700 (17,832) - - - - - 3,791,689 3,920,573 3,708,511 3,154,576 2,287,013 802,600 768,000 756,781 597,238 596,403 946,766 860,759 641,315 429,144 422,010 113,388 120,361 80,338 31,923 37,758 10,279 7,276 5,038 3,823<	2006 2005 2004 2003 restated (1) \$ 2,106,700 \$ 2,170,845 \$ 2,278,225 \$ 2,173,055 \$ 1,782,510 \$ 325,430 363,970 308,585 169,145 182,295 182,295 1,020,810 1,054,677 845,804 582,511 231,904 129,808 126,676 125,974 104,644 8,517 6,815 6,926 4,602 6,188 10,228 10,301 38,859 219,958 197,479 144,759 108,732 32,700 (17,832) - 3,791,689 3,920,573 3,708,511 3,154,576 2,2

Note: Details regarding the State's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ The State of Arizona implemented GASB 34 in fiscal year 2002.

⁽²⁾ For fiscal years 2001 and prior, any premiums, discounts, or deferred amounts on refundings are combined in the respective revenue bond, grant anticipation note, or certificate of participation line items.

⁽³⁾ See Schedule 16 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population data for the calendar year that ends during that fiscal year. For example, fiscal year 2005 contains data for the calendar year ending December 31, 2004.

Fiscal Year

	Fisca	1 1 6	ar	
				1997, as
 2000 (2)	1999 (2)		1998 (2)	 restated (2)
\$ 1,337,108	\$ 1,257,492	\$	1,257,156	\$ 1,379,836
-	-		-	-
201,639	215,989		242,052	278,662
21,115	10,317		11,883	12,113
6,415	11,917		15,107	20,335
-	-		-	-
-	-		-	-
-	 -		-	 -
1,566,277	1,495,715		1,526,198	1,690,946
567,659	559,109		585,413	580,399
191,899	110,884		118,129	121,715
12,525	4,931		5,711	9,107
9,835	2,156		2,085	2,898
-	-		-	-
-	-		-	-
-	 -		-	 -
 781,918	 677,080		711,338	 714,119
\$ 2,348,195	\$ 2,172,795	\$	2,237,536	\$ 2,405,065
1.9%	1.9%		2.2%	2.5%
\$ 467	\$ 445	\$	472	\$ 524

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

ARIZONA TRANSPORTATION BOARD HIGHWAY REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Total Principal Outstanding Debt Limit (1)								Highest Annual Principal and Interest Payment Debt Limit (1), (2)									
							То	tal Princ	ipal				Highest			Hig	hest Annual	
				Total			Applicable to						Annual			Principal and		
				Principal			tl	he Limit	as		(3)		Principal			Inte	rest Payment	
Fiscal				Applicable	I	Legal Debt a F		a Percentage			Debt	and Interest		st Legal Debt		as a	a Percentage	
Year		Debt Limit		to Limit		Margin	of	Debt Li	mit		Limit		Payment		Margin	of	Debt Limit	
2006	\$	1,300,000	\$	1,223,425	\$	76,575		94.11	%	\$	312,204	\$	121,025	\$	191,179	\$	38.76 %	
2005		1,300,000		1,161,355		138,645		89.34			230,882		115,633		115,249		50.08	
2004		1,300,000		1,017,360		282,640		78.26			278,927		106,220		172,707		38.08	
2003		1,300,000		932,700		367,300		71.75			270,270		99,923		170,347		36.97	
2002		1,000,000		734,155		265,845		73.42			261,663		86,496		175,167		33.06	
2001		800,000		700,280		99,720		87.54			256,945		82,712		174,233		32.19	
2000		800,000		608,500		191,500		76.06			264,361		N/A		N/A		N/A	
1999		800,000		524,345		275,655		65.54			254,968		N/A		N/A		N/A	
1998		800,000		568,150		231,850		71.02			234,120		N/A		N/A		N/A	
1997		800,000		611,555		188,445		76.44			234,271		N/A		N/A		N/A	

- (1) Arizona Revised Statutes restrict the total principal amount of Arizona Highway Revenue Bonds that may be outstanding at any time, excluding refunded bonds, from exceeding \$1.3 billion. Also, the monies subject to pledge for the preceding twelve months must exceed, by two times, the highest annual principal and interest payments on all of the outstanding Arizona Highway Revenue Bonds for the highest one year period during the life of the outstanding bonds. Also, as stated in House Bill 2206 of the Second Regular Session of the Forty-seventh Legislature, the \$1.3 billion debt limit is eliminated from ARS \$28-7510 and the amount that pledged monies are required to exceed the highest annual principal and interest payments is amended from two to three times. The general effective date of this change is September 21, 2006.
- (2) For fiscal years 1997 to 2000, information for calculating the legal debt margin information for the highest annual principal and interest payment limit is unavailable.
- (3) The debt limit is calculated by dividing pledged revenues for the Arizona Highway Transportation Board Highway Revenue Bonds (see schedule 9) by two. Fiscal year 2005 pledged revenues are net of a \$118 million distribution to the State General Fund.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

ARIZONA TRANSPORTATION BOARD HIGHWAY REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(1), (2)

Fiscal	Pledged					
Year	Revenue		Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2006	\$ 624,408	\$	54,830	\$ 62,222	\$ 117,052	5.3
2005	461,763		44,265	60,459	104,724	4.4
2004	557,854		51,155	53,149	104,304	5.3
2003	540,540		44,490	41,932	86,422	6.3
2002	523,326		45,365	38,534	83,899	6.2
2001	513,890		52,055	36,581	88,636	5.8
2000	528,721		46,270	33,994	80,264	6.6
1999	509,935		43,805	31,090	74,895	6.8
1998	468,240		43,405	33,266	76,671	6.1
1997	468,542		40,970	36,148	77,118	6.1

- (1) The Highway Revenue Bonds are secured by a prior lien on and pledge of motor vehicle and related fuel fees and taxes.
- (2) Includes vehicle license tax revenues distributed directly to the State Highway Fund. Fiscal year 2005 is net of a \$118 million distribution to the State General Fund.

STATE OF ARIZONA SCHEDULE 10

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

ARIZONA TRANSPORTATION BOARD TRANSPORTATION EXCISE TAX REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(1)

Fiscal	Pledged							
Year	Revenue	Principal			Interest	_	Total	Coverage
2006	\$ 316,491	\$	80,375	\$	1,566	\$	81,941	3.9
2005	316,806		208,625		14,318		222,943	1.4
2004	288,600		199,400		23,553		222,953	1.3
2003	268,721		190,415		31,533		221,948	1.2
2002	267,563		163,455		35,445		198,900	1.3
2001	264,722		156,865		40,035		196,900	1.3
2000	248,596		128,805		42,609		171,414	1.5
1999	229,470		106,765		43,251		150,016	1.5
1998	209,263		82,765		40,512		123,277	1.7
1997	192,257		78,015		45,248		123,263	1.6

⁽¹⁾ The Bonds are secured by transportation excise taxes collected by the Arizona Department of Revenue on behalf of Maricopa County.

SCHEDULE 11

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD STATE SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

	(2)		(3)		
Fiscal	Pledged				
Year	 Revenue	Principal	 Interest	Total	Coverage
2006	\$ 628,471	\$ 34,480	\$ 30,052	\$ 64,532	9.74
2005	538,346	28,485	36,060	64,545	8.34
2004	487,215	27,215	37,568	64,783	7.52
2003	447,841	25,010	36,901	61,911	7.23
2002	439,005	43,035	26,962	69,997	6.27

- (1) No debt service payments were due prior to fiscal year 2002.
- (2) Pledged revenues consist of education transaction privilege tax revenues. These revenues result from a .6% increase in the State transaction privilege and use tax rate rate that was approved by a statewide vote at the November 2000 election.
- (3) Principal does not include sinking fund deposits of \$1,270 each year, beginning in fiscal year 2003 and ending in fiscal year 2007, that will be sufficient to retire bonds with a par amount of \$6,350 upon maturity, in fiscal year 2016.

STATE OF ARIZONA

SCHEDULE 12

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD STATE SCHOOL TRUST REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS (1)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	(2)		(3)		
Fiscal	Pledged				
Year	Revenue	 Principal	Interest	 Total	Coverage
2006	\$ 90,097	\$ 13,440	\$ 12,061	\$ 25,501	3.53
2005	85,195	13,740	11,960	25,700	3.31
2004	64,903	-	8,634	8,634	7.52

- (1) No debt service payments were due prior to fiscal year 2004.
- (2) Pledged revenues consist of expendable revenue from the State School Trust. This revenue includes the State Treasurer's formula distribution of earnings on permanent fund investments as specified in the Arizona Constitution. Additionally, the State Land Commissioner distributes interest received from financed sales of trust lands and revenue received from land trust leases.
- (3) Principal does not include sinking fund deposits of \$1,538 each year, beginning in fiscal year 2006 and ending in fiscal year 2018, that will be sufficient to retire bonds with a par amount of \$20,000 upon maturity, in fiscal year 2018.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(1) Fiscal Pledged Debt Service Year Revenue Principal Interest Total Coverage 2006 458,177 \$ 11,205 \$ 16,307 \$ 27,512 16.65 2005 383,756 1,340 16,260 17,600 21.80 325,626 2004 13,754 13,754 23.68 2003 297,691 9,695 9,575 19,270 15.45 2002 274,596 9,785 12,139 21,924 12.52 2001 261,328 8,995 11,766 20,761 12.59 2000 242,764 9,640 12,245 21,885 11.09 1999 233,404 9,205 12,685 21,890 10.66 1998 210,397 8,780 13,113 21,893 9.61 1997 196,143 8,330 13,563 21,893 8.96

⁽¹⁾ Pledged revenues include student tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprises revenue, investment income, and indirect cost recovery revenue.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Expressed in Thousands)

(1) Direct Net Revenue (1), (2)Fiscal Gross Operating Available for Debt Service Revenues Expenses Debt Service Principal Interest Total Coverage Year 2006 897,706 836,657 61,049 12,355 13,433 25.788 2.37 2005 830,077 774,014 56,063 11,815 11,817 23,632 2.37 2004 778,939 727,161 51,778 10,970 11,706 22,676 2.28 2003 726,258 667,627 58,631 12.625 12.156 24,781 2.37 2002 670,326 625,664 44,662 9,946 15,500 25,446 1.76 663,284 47,139 12,415 16,359 28,774 2001 710,423 1.64 2000 674,330 625,318 49,012 11,700 13,081 24,781 1.98 69,909 25,583 650,201 580,292 14,869 1999 10,714 2.73 1998 605,197 555,733 49,464 9,830 14,463 24,293 2.04 1997 577,412 535,178 42,234 9,360 14,935 24,295 1.74

- (1) Gross Revenues and Direct Operating Expenses include current operating unrestricted funds only since these are the funds that are pledged for debt service payments under the System Revenue Bond Indentures. Also excluded from expenses is interest, depreciation, and amortization. Fiscal year 2002 Gross Revenues and Direct Operating Expenses include accounting changes applied to scholarship and allowance due to implementation of GASB Statements 34 and 35.
- (2) Payment of principal and interest on revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of tuition and fees, sales and services, auxiliary enterprises, and other charges.

STATE OF ARIZONA SCHEDULE 15

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

NORTHERN ARIZONA UNIVERSITY REVENUE BONDS

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

 ${\it FISCAL~YEAR~ENDED~JUNE~30,~2006}$

(Expressed in Thousands)

(1)

	(1)				
Fiscal	Gross		Debt Service	<u> </u>	
Year	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2006	\$ 129,608	\$ 10,310	\$ 6,603	\$ 16,913	7.66
2005	110,981	10,065	6,060	16,125	6.88
2004	103,192	10,294	5,778	16,072	6.42
2003	85,294	9,426	5,066	14,492	5.89
2002	82,839	6,932	3,949	10,881	7.61
2001	78,907	6,214	5,246	11,460	6.89
2000	75,852	6,119	5,488	11,607	6.54
1999	73,467	6,075	5,810	11,885	6.18
1998	71,743	5,743	6,145	11,888	6.03
1997	70,036	5,677	4,859	10,536	6.65

 Revenue bonds are repaid from pledged gross revenues that primarily consist of student tuition and fees and certain auxiliary revenues.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

FOR THE LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar		Personal	Per Capita	
Year Ended		Income	Personal	Unemployment
December 31	Population (1)	(in thousands)	Income (2)	Rate (3)
2005	5,939,292	\$ 179,113,939	\$ 30,157	4.7
2004	5,739,879	164,413,154	28,644	5.0
2003	5,577,784	150,846,681	27,044	5.7
2002	5,438,159	144,150,287	26,507	6.1
2001	5,295,929	138,853,800	26,219	4.7
2000	5,165,993	132,557,859	25,660	4.0
1999	5,023,823	120,857,125	24,057	4.5
1998	4,883,342	113,370,224	23,216	4.3
1997	4,736,990	103,557,083	21,861	4.6
1996	4,586,940	95,514,037	20,823	5.5

- (1) Population has been revised to show midyear population estimates of the Bureau of the Census.
- (2) Per capita personal income is total personal income divided by total midyear population estimates of the Bureau of the Census. Years 2001 through 2004 have been revised to incorporate newly available source data.
- (3) The unemployment rate for 2002 was revised.

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis (for population, personal income, and per capita personal income figures).

Arizona Department of Economic Security's website, www.workforce.az.gov (for unemployment rates).

STATE OF ARIZONA SCHEDULE 17

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

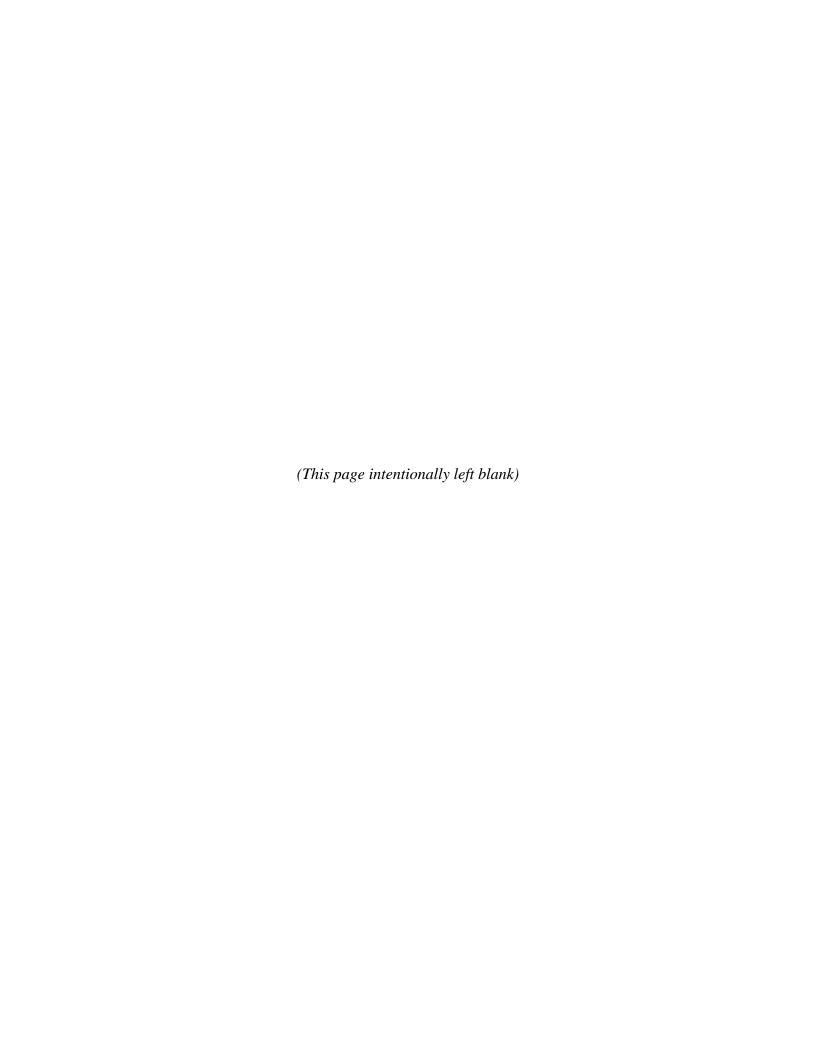
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2005			Calendar Year Ended December 31, 1996			
	Full-Time		Percentage	Full-Time		Percentage	
	Equivalent		of Total State	Equivalent		of Total State	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
State of Arizona	49,958	1	1.84 %	60,592	1	2.83 %	
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	28,246	2	1.04	-		-	
Banner Health (1)	19,250	3	0.71	10,800	7	0.50	
City of Phoenix	13,844	4	0.51	11,393	4	0.53	
U.S. Army Intelligence							
Center and Fort Huachuca	13,098	5	0.48	11,193	5	0.52	
Maricopa County	13,002	6	0.48	12,025	3	0.56	
Wells Fargo & Co.	11,533	7	0.43	-		-	
Arizona State University	11,202	8	0.41	-		-	
U.S. Postal Service	11,000	9	0.41	10,833	6	0.50	
Raytheon Missile Systems	10,756	10	0.40	-		-	
Motorola	-		-	19,350	2	0.91	
University of Arizona	-		-	10,311	8	0.48	
Allied Signal	-		-	8,750	9	0.41	
Tucson Unified School District				8,362	10	0.39	
Total	181,889		6.71 %	163,609		7.63 %	

⁽¹⁾ Formerly known as Samaritan Health Systems.

Sources: The Business Journal, Book of Lists 2006 and 1997 (for Maricopa County employers).

The Arizona Daily Star, Star 200, March 2006 and March 1997 (for Pima County employers, which include the U.S. Army Intelligence Center and Fort Huachuca, Raytheon Missile Systems, University of Arizona, and Tucson Unified School District). Arizona Department of Economic Security's website, www.workforce.az.gov (for annual State employment).



STATE EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION (1)

FOR THE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Fiscal Year 2006 2005 2004 (2) FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES General government: 110.0 110.0 110.0 Lottery Arizona State Retirement System 221.0 199.0 197.0 Department of Revenue 1,146.0 1,024.0 1,134.0 All other 2,898.6 2,944.3 3,003.0 Health and welfare: 3,902.7 Department of Economic Security 3,953.7 3,592.9 Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System 1,583.5 1,574.5 1,530.1 1,734.5 1,701.5 Department of Health Services 1,735.5 All other 858.5 924.2 933.2 Inspection and regulation 1,827.3 1,818.5 1,815.3 Education: Universities 16,419.5 16,027.5 15,467.4 All other 913.8 949.5 948.1 Protection and safety: Department of Corrections 9,726.9 10,322.4 10,295.4 Department of Juvenile Corrections 1,160.5 1,151.5 1,214.4 Department of Public Safety 1,901.8 1,872.0 1,853.0 All other 120.6 149.6 127.4 Transportation: Department of Transportation 4,649.0 4,626.0 4,605.0 Natural resources 926.9 903.2 856.9 Total 50,159.9 50,204.4 49,406.8

Source: The Executive Budget (Detail).

⁽¹⁾ Full-time equivalent employees are categorized by the function of government that their respective agency generally serves. Information is not available to distinguish between governmental, business-type, or fiduciary activities.

⁽²⁾ Ten years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

OPERATING INDICTORS BY FUNCTION

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Fiscal Year 2006 2005 2004 2002 2003 2001 2000 FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General government: Number of tax returns received (in millions) 6.1 6.0 6.0 5.3 6.3 N/A N/A Health and welfare: Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System 1,065,444 1,075,873 971,292 609,000 membership (6) 955,600 791,000 N/A Average monthly number of recipients of temporary assistance for needy families N/A 105,517 122,577 109,547 93,857 89,770 121,193 Average monthly number of persons receiving food 442,320 355,722 277,192 257,989 stamp benefits N/A 546,369 521,992 Inspection and regulation: Nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses: Total recordable cases (in thousands) (9) 97.0 87.1 85.7 95 9 113.1 112.8 1118 Incident rate per 100 full-time workers (9) 4.9 4.7 4.8 5.9 5.1 6.0 6.1 Education: Public school enrollment, grades K-12 (2) 1,043,704 878,987 1,084,247 1,002,630 970,283 915,656 866,626 Protection and safety: Number of miles patrolled by the Highway Patrol N/A 19,922,704 19,229,079 18,363,977 18,160,134 N/A State prison adult inmate population 34.864 32,710 31,937 30,898 29,273 27,451 26,402 Transportation: Number of registered vehicles (3) 6,318,402 5,945,131 5.638,799 5.311.590 5.118.115 4,639,405 4,407,098 Number of driver licenses issued (4) 1.205.068 1.158.223 1.122.893 1.039.780 1.072.245 967.086 973.476 Natural resources: Game and Fish Department's license and tag sales (7) N/A 808.055 835,669 865,634 898.453 986,691 918.038 Universities: University full-time equivalent students (5) 107,765 104,685 102,461 100.258 96,603 92,725 92.211 Unemployment compensation: Number of initial unemployment claims filed 200,282 227,585 255,579 255,303 155,675 161.869 187,697 Industrial Commission special fund: No-insurance awards issued 2,744 3,281 3,300 2,954 3,986 N/A N/A Number of vocational rehabilitation awards issued 102 139 121 N/A N/A 124 150 Lottery: 397.6 Total lottery sales (in millions) 468.7 322.3 272.7 255.6 366.6 294.8 Other business-type activities: Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System's Healthcare Group membership (8) 21,600 14,626 11.218 11,400 12,100 N/A N/A

N/A = Not available

- (1) Ten years of data may not available for some statistics, but will be accumulated over time. Also, some figures may represent time periods other than a fiscal year (such as an academic or calendar year), as indicated in the notes below.
- (2) These enrollment counts represent a head count of all active enrollments on October 1st of each school year. The fiscal years above contain data for the academic year that occurs during that fiscal year. For example, fiscal year 2005 contains data from the October 1, 2004 enrollment figures. Please note that these counts are not unduplicated counts; concurrently enrolled students are counted as having an active membership in each school. Also, be aware there was a change in data collection in 2003. From 2003 forward, concurrent enrollments in technology schools are included, which may additionally overstate aggregated enrollment figures.
- (3) Count represents the total number of vehicles registered as of the end of the fiscal year. Starting with fiscal year 2002, a new category for "unassigned vehicles" was added to more fully reflect the total count of all registered vehicles.
- (4) Count represents the number of driver licenses issued during that fiscal year, beginning July 1 and ending June 30. The drop in count from fiscal year 1999 to fiscal year 2000 was due to the change from a five-year driver license to an extended driver license, where expiration occurs on the licensee's 65th birthday. Although the extended driver license was fully implemented at all offices in July 1993, it was not until the end of 1999 that the last of the licenses with five-year expirations were converted to extended licenses.
- (5) Enrollment figures represent the number of full-time equivalent students for the fall semester. The fiscal years above contain data for the fall semester that occurs during that fiscal year. For example, fiscal year 2005 contains data for the fall 2004 semester. These figures are generated by calculating one full-time equivalent student for each 15 student credit hours produced in lower-division undergraduate courses, each 12 student credit hours produced in upper-division undergraduate courses, and each 10 student credit hours produced in graduate courses.
- (6) Approximate number of members enrolled as of June 1. Excludes membership in the Healthcare Group, which is listed separately as other business-type activities, beginning in fiscal year 2002. In November 2000, Arizona voters approved Proposition 204, the Healthy Arizona Initiative, which expanded eligibility to 100% of the federal poverty level. This added 142,800 members and accounted for 28.5% of the overall growth since March 1, 2001.
- (7) Numbers represent sales for licenses, stamps, and tags for the calendar year ended December 31. The fiscal years above contain data for the calendar year that ends during that fiscal year. For example, fiscal year 2005 contains data for the calendar year ending December 31, 2004.
- (8) Approximate number of members enrolled as of June 1.
- (9) Numbers represent total recordable cases and incident rates for the calendar year ended December 31. The fiscal years above contain data for the calendar year that ends during that fiscal year. For example, fiscal year 2005 contains data for the calendar year ending December 31, 2004. One hundred full-time workers represent 200,000 hours worked (100 times 40 hours per week times 50 weeks per year).

Sources: The State Departments of Transportation, Public Safety, Corrections, Education, Game and Fish, Economic Security, and Revenue, the Industrial Commission of Arizona, Arizona Lottery, Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System, Arizona Board of Regents, and the U.S. Department of Labor.

	Fiscal Year	
1999	1998	1997
N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A
95,556	119,011	155,037
260,736	311,142	385,061
111.4 6.2	111.7 6.6	126.1 7.7
833,301	766,152	786,827
N/A 26,169	N/A 23,884	N/A 22,383
4,159,576 1,293,425	4,013,987 1,144,700	N/A 1,599,773
N/A	N/A	N/A
91,163	90,691	87,827
161,006	158,243	154,998
N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A
268.3	250.7	249.8
N/A	N/A	N/A

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Fiscal Year						
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Protection and safety:							
Number of adult prison facilities (3)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Transportation:							
Public road mileage (center lane miles) (2)	6,922	6,816	6,912	6,801	6,650	N/A	N/A
Number of bridges (2)	4,676	4,608	4,488	4,463	4,378	N/A	N/A
Natural resources:							
State Trust acres	9,267,377	9,269,723	9,271,580	9,279,243	9,266,158	9,271,921	9,273,846

N/A = Not available

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government, health and welfare, inspection and regulation, education, universities, unemployment compensation, Industrial Commission special fund, Lottery, and other business-type activity functions.

- (1) Ten years of data may not available for some statistics, but will be accumulated over time. Also, some figures may represent time periods other than a fiscal year (such as a calendar year), as indicated in the notes below.
- (2) These are the number of center lane miles and bridges that the Arizona Department of Transportation accounts for under the modified approach, which is discussed in the Required Supplementary Information portion of this report. The number of center lane miles are for the calendar year ended December 31. The fiscal years above contain the number of center lane miles for the calendar year that ends during that fiscal year. For example, fiscal year 2005 contains the number of center lane miles for the calendar year ending December 31, 2004.
- (3) The Arizona Department of Corrections also contracts with private prison facilities to provide custody and treatment.

Sources: The State Departments of Transportation, Land, and Corrections.

Fiscal Y	Year
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1999	1998	1997	
10	9	9	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
9,277,496	9,280,421	9,363,889	

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